For The
BEST AGENCY CONTRACT
GET IN TOUCH WITH
MOHAN SONS & CO.,
125, MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY 1.
Tel. 22127.
Chief Agents to :—
THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.. ESTD 1871

Regd. No. B. 1065

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 219 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

DENA INSURANCE
DEVKARAN NANJEE INSURANCE CO. LTD.
Good intentions are not enough. They will not help your dependents if you fail to provide for their future. A Dena Insurance Policy is a safe and Beneficial investment and will befriend your beloved ones on their greatest need.
LIFE • FIRE • ACCIDENT

Congress-League Rapprochement Prospect Unnerves Br. Tories

CHURCHILL PLAN TO RALLY MINORITIES & STATES

Watching Wavell-Jinnah Talks With Interest! Will Demand Two-Day Debate On India

LONDON, September 13. (Reuter): A demand for a two-day debate on India will be made by the Conservative Opposition in the House of Commons as soon as Parliament reassembles early next month, a Conservative Party spokesman told the Reuters' Political Correspondent today.

Ex-Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, will probably be the Opposition's leading spokesman, with Mr. R. A. Butler, former Under-Secretary for India, also taking a prominent part.

Full reports on the Calcutta and Bombay disturbances will be requested and with this request the Government, well-informed sources believe, is likely to acquiesce.

Jinnah-Wavell Interview

In view of the Conservative demand, the forthcoming meeting at New Delhi on Sunday between the Muslim League leader, Mr. M. A. Jinnah and the Viceroy, Lord Wavell, is being watched with increasing interest in both Labour and Conservatives circles.

TORY PLANS

Should the Muslim League as the result of this meeting decide to participate in the Interim Government, political observers consider that it would largely cut the ground from under the feet of the Opposition in the debate.

The Conservatives would then be likely to concentrate, as they have done before, on demands for further safeguards for the minority communities and for the Indian States.

JINNAH-MAMDOT TALKS

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—Mr. Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League, saw Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League today and had discussion with him for more than three hours on matters relating to the Direct Action programme. He will see Mr. Jinnah again tomorrow.

Mr. Khan has been deputed by the Council of Action of the All-India Muslim League to see Mr. Jinnah and seek his advice on the Direct Action programme.

League Committee Of Action In Session

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API).—The Committee of Action of the All-India Muslim League which met this morning for two and a half hours adopted a resolutions postponing the annual elections to provincial Muslim Leagues and all their branches until further notice except in the Provinces of Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara.

While the Committee was in session, a deputation of seven I.N.A. officers met the Committee and discussed on behalf of the I.N.A. Central Peace Committee its resolution on peace.

Chaudhri Khaliq-uz-Zaman, Leader of the Opposition in the U.P. Assembly, was present at the meeting of the Committee of Action.

Governor's Talks With Party Leaders

KARACHI, Sept. 14 (API).—Following the dissolution of the Sind Legislative Assembly yesterday, His Excellency the Governor is understood to have considered today the question of fixing the date for the General Election.

The Premier Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah and his only colleague Mr. M. A. Khuhro met His Excellency this morning. Late in the evening the Governor had an hour's interview with the Opposition Leader Mr. G. M. Syed and the Congress Party leader Prof. Ghanshamdas.

It is learnt that the Governor's talks with party leaders related to the fixing of the date for General Election.

Mr. G. M. Syed told the Associated Press of India that he had pressed for the elections being held at an early date.

Informed circles expect that the elections will be held by the end of November or early in December.

Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, and Mr. K. B. Haji Moulabux, Leader of the Nationalist Muslims in Sind, left Karachi for New Delhi today by air to discuss the Sind political situation with the Congress leaders.

Nehru Govt.'s Status And Jinnah's Fears!

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Sept. 13.

Wavell-Jinnah correspondence according to persons in the know mainly relates to elucidation of certain details as a prelude to the discussion of major issues.

Mr. Jinnah, according to these circles, has enquired how the reported decision of calling the present Executive Council a Cabinet fitted into an earlier declaration that Interim Government shall work within the framework of the existing constitution.

The reply obviously is that calling the council a cabinet changes the facade but retains intact the essentials of the existing constitution.

As for joint consultation and joint responsibility issue which is believed to have been raised by Mr. Jinnah, it is explained that these are purely party arrangements unconnected with the legal position.

Haroon Welcomes Dissolution Of Assembly

KARACHI, Sept. 13 (API).—Mr. Yusuf Abdoola Haroon, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, in a statement welcomes the dissolution of the Sind Assembly and says that it would afford another opportunity to the Muslim League to prove it hold on the Muslim masses.

Mr. Yusuf says: "I naturally welcome the Governor's decision to dissolve the Assembly because it had been my own view that a new Assembly must come into being to solve the intricate position caused by the unnatural division of strength in the Assembly. I have no doubt in my mind that all the 35 Muslim seats will be captured by the Muslim League."

Hoping that the new elections will take place without inordinate delay, he says that in his opinion there would be no cause for putting off the elections till winter. Concluding Mr. Yusuf appeals to all Muslims "particularly the waverers" to rejoin and strengthen the League organisation with "credit to themselves and to the great organisation espousing their cause."

Gazette Notification

KARACHI, Sept. 13 (API).—The Extraordinary Issue of the Sind Government Gazette today published the following notification from His Excellency the Governor dissolving the Sind Legislative Assembly: "In exercise of the power vested in me by Sub-Section (2) of Section 62 of the Government of India Act, 1935, I, Robert Francis Mudie, hereby dissolve the Sind Legislative Assembly."

PUNJAB PREMIER BACK IN INDIA

The Premier of Punjab, Sir Khizr Hayat Khan returned to India by the "Franconia" on Friday morning after attending the Peace Conference. The Mayor of Bombay garlanded him at the docks. Picture shows a group taken on the occasion with the Mayor and some members of the B. P. C. C. who were also present

Bombay Assembly Passes Tenancy Amendment Bill

Congress Govt.'s First Ameliorative Measure During Present Term

(From Our Special Representative)
POONA, COUNCIL HALL, Sept. 13.

With the final adoption, without dissentient voice, of the Bombay Tenancy Amendment Bill by the Legislative Assembly to-day, the Congress Government may be said to have completed its first major ameliorative, legislative measure during its present term of office. The second and third reading of the Bill involved about 20 hours of debate spread over six sittings.

DAYS OF LANDLORDS NUMBERED

In a last plaintive speech of protest, the Thakore Saheb of Kerwara, representative of the Gujarat Sardars and Talukdars, said that the passing of the Bill implied that the days of the landlords were numbered.

Mr. A. A. Khan, Depuy Leader of the Muslim League Party explained that the various amendments tabled by members of his party should not be taken to imply that the party was opposed to the interests of the tenants. The party was for the tenants because they were poor and ignorant. But above all the party was for justice and all the amendments were intended to secure mitigation of undue harshness or injustice to the landlords who were as much human beings as the tenants and as such entitled to seek protection of Government. Mr. S. L. Karandikar who had also played an important part in criticising and opposing the provisions of the Bill wished it godspeed because he was a believer in democracy and as such he must support a measure democratically passed by the House.

GOVERNMENT SHOULD SUPPORT UNDER DOG

Mr. Morarji Desai in a valedictory speech said that it was no part of his intention to oppose or hurt the feelings of anybody. But, in the execution of a public duty one had inevitably to face a good deal of unjustifiable criticism and also to oppose persons. If he had done so in the course of the debate it was because it was the duty of Government to support the downtrodden whenever it was

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 1.)

BENGAL M. L. A. ARRESTED

Alleged Breach Of Ban On Weapons

CALCUTTA, Sept. 13 (API).—A member of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, Mr. Rata Brahman, appeared today on a charge of breach of the order under Sec. 144, prohibiting the carrying of weapons, before the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Brahman, who is a Gurkha, was charged with alleged possession of a Kukri near the gate of the Bengal Legislative Assembly yesterday. He pleaded not guilty. Counsel for Mr. Brahman said that it might be necessary to call the Speaker of the Assembly as well as the Chief Minister as witnesses. He asked for time, as the case involved certain fundamental points of law and constitution and the privileges of the Assembly and its members.

The hearing has been fixed for tomorrow and Mr. Brahman is on bail.

Nehru's Concern For Abdullah

Advises Defence Counsel To Prefer Appeal

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has sent the following telegram to Shri Jialal Kilam, Sheikh Abdullah's counsel, in reply to his telegram informing Pandit Nehru of Abdullah's conviction and seeking advice:

"Your telegram. Certainly prefer appeal immediately and find out where Sheikh Shaib is kept now and inform me. Convey my greetings to Begum Abdullah and tell her not to worry."

Sardar Invited For Foundation Ceremony

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 13, (API). Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Home Minister in the Interim Government it is learnt, has been requested by the Charotar Education Society to lay the foundation stone of the new college to be started by the society near Anand.

PARIS CLASH

Bulgarian Committee Breaks Up In Disorder

PARIS, Sept. 13, (Reuter): The Bulgarian Political and Territorial Committee of the Paris Conference broke up in disorder to-night after a two and a half hour session.

The session had been devoted entirely to a wrangle on whether a Greek amendment could be accepted for voting or not.

The White Russian Chairman, M. Kisselev, finally adjourned the meeting amid protests from the British, United States and Australian delegates.

Russia, supported by White Russia and Yugoslavia, had earlier tried to block the Greek amendment to the Bulgarian draft treaty. It was the Committee's sixth successive debate on the Greece-Bulgarian frontier problem and M. Pipinelis (Greece) asked that the amendment proposing "strategic adjustments" of the frontier in favour of Greece should be referred to the Military Committee.

M. Nicolas Novikov (Russia) asked that the amendment should not be voted on. He argued that it was not presented within the time limit set for tabling amendments fixed by the Plenary Conference. The only amendment before the Committee, he said, was that tabled by Bulgaria claiming the return to Bulgaria of Western Thrace.

PROTEST AGAINST PROCEDURE

M. Kisselev complained that the Greek delegation had arranged with the Secretariat to have its amendment circulated without consulting him "This is a most incorrect procedure" he declared. He added that he did not think that the amendment had any official standing.

Col. W. R. Hodgson (Australia) said that under the rules of procedure a proposal by an ex-enemy state did not come before the Committee unless it was sponsored and adopted by one of the member states "I am still waiting to hear any member here saying that he has adopted the Bulgarian proposal as his amendment", he added. "The only amendment before our committee in accordance with the rules of procedure is the Greek proposal." Britain and New Zealand supported the Australian statement.

In an effort to end the wrangle Mr. F. A. Warner (Britain) asked for an immediate vote as to whether the Greek amendment was before the Committee or not.

The debate went on for another 20 minutes during which Mr. Jefferson Caffery (the United States) urged the chairman to proceed with the

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 6.)

WORLD DISTRIBUTION OF JEWISH REFUGEES

Arab Counter Proposal To Br. Provincial Autonomy Plan?

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): The seven Arab States attending the Palestine Conference in London are unanimous that the British "Federal Plan" for Palestine must be dropped forthwith, Faris Bey El Khouri, the Syrian elder statesman who acted as spokesman for Arab States when they made their first general statement to the Conference, told Reuter in an exclusive interview today.

He was referring to the plan of Provincial Autonomy which Britain put forward as the starting-point of discussions at the Conference now adjourned until Monday.

ARAB COUNTER PROPOSALS BY WEEK-END

"Over the week-end" Faris Bey said, "Arab delegates to the Conference will agree together on their counter proposals to the British Provincial Autonomy Plan.

It has not yet been decided what these proposals would be, but it seems probable that they will include a scheme for world distribution of Jewish refugees.

LET AMERICA ABSORB HALF MILLION JEWS

"Many countries, notably America, Faris Bey continued, "tell us that the Jews must have a home and something must be done for them, but apart from talking, they are doing little themselves There are vast areas in Central America where the population is a fraction of that of Palestine which could easily absorb half a million homeless Jews."

It had been suggested that large unfertile tracts of Palestine should be irrigated and made habitable but any arid areas thus made fertile must be reserved for future Arab population."

SACHAR'S WARNING TO LEAGUE

LAHORE, Sept. 13 (API).—If the Muslim League wants to resort to "Direct Action" let it by all means do so, but let it be conducted peacefully without setting one community against another, said Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, Finance Minister, at a Press Conference today.

Mr. Bhimsen Sachar said, "If they want to paralyse the Government they are free to do so by non-violent means. But no one has the right to set one community against another."

STOP PRESS

JAP COMMANDER EXECUTED

NANKING, 13, (Reuter): Lt. Gen. Takashi Sakai former Commander of the Japanese Third Army in South China was publicly executed by shooting here today before about 2,000 Chinese.

NAGPUR, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): 262 persons were arrested in connection with the Scheduled Caste Federation's demonstrations. All the arrested persons were released in the evening.

Sind Leaguers Plump For Soviet Ideology

But Haroon Out To Achieve Pakistan Without Bloodshed!

Story Of Russian Troop Concentrations On Kashmir Border

KARACHI, September 13. (A.P.I.): The Russian ideologies have recently made great inroad in the minds of Indian Muslims who were growing more Socialistic in their outlook, said the General Secretary of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, explaining the resolution passed by the League's Council to send to Russia a delegation of Indian Muslims to canvass the support of Soviet people for the Muslim League demands at a Press Conference here today.

PEACEFUL 'DIRECT ACTION'

Earlier Mr. Yusuf Abdoolah Haroon, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, announced the personnel of the new Working Committee of the Sind Muslim League.

He explained that the 'direct action' plan of the League would be a peaceful affair and added that the Muslim League wanted to achieve its goal of Pakistan without bloodshed

SENSATIONAL STORY FROM SRINAGAR

LAHORE, Sept. 13 (UPI).—A sensational report of Russian troop concentrations on the Kashmir border is contained in the local vernacular daily 'Pratap' from its Srinagar correspondent.

Basing its story on alleged report by an officer of Political Department who recently retired from service and claiming him as an expert on Central Asiatic affairs, the 'Pratap' frontpages it with the sensational headlines: "Russian Troops Concentrations on Kashmir Border: Government keeping strict vigilance on Central Asiatics in Srinagar."

CHINESE TROOPS ROUTED

According to the report, Ghurki tribes, belonging to the Soviet Pamir, under the command of Russians occupied Thagdambash in Sikiang province and established their headquarters there some time ago. Chinese troops stationed there fled to Gilgit and are under the care of British forces there. This resulted in closing of roads for the British between Gilgit-Kashgir.

UNIDENTIFIED PLANES OVER KASHMIR

The report adds that unidentified planes were seen flying on the same border.

Royal Air Force planes are carrying on manoeuvres, the report continues, to ascertain whether paratroops could be landed in Kashmir. The Army Intelligence Department, it says, has opened its office in Kashmir border and authorities are keeping strict vigilance on all inhabitants of Central Asia in Kashmir.

SOVIET MUNITION FOR CHINESE REDS?

PEIPING, Sept. 12 (UPA).—The newspaper Hsing Sheng Pao today said that small steamboats loaded with ammunition and "flying soviet flags" have been discovered slipping into Communist held ports at Wihaiwai and Chefoo in north-eastern Shantung Province.

This report is unconfirmed thus far from any other source.

'IZVESTIA' ON BASIS FOR THIRD WORLD WAR

LONDON, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Britain is "violating the sovereignty" of the Middle Eastern members of the United Nations and the Middle East is seen by "certain war-mongers" as the main basis for a third world war, declares the Soviet official newspaper "Izvestia" quoted by the Moscow radio.

"It is possible that the presence of British troops in countries of the Near East pursues another aim—an aim of which certain war-mongers who see the Arab East as one of the main bases for a third world war write quite "openly" the newspaper says.

MYSTERY ROCKET OVER KASHMIR

SRINAGAR, Sept. 13 (UPI).—A pall of mystery hangs over the appearance of a luminous body, resembling a squash rocket in the sky on Wednesday at 6-45 p.m. which was seen by the people of Kashmir as speeding across the firmament towards the west.

The luminous body whose course appeared to be straight, left behind a long trail of smoke appearing to mix up with the darkening sky at certain parts.

NEWSPAPER CONTROL ORDER WITHDRAWN

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API): According to a notification published in the Gazette of India dated September 14, 1946, the Government of India have withdrawn the price-page schedule of the Newspaper Control order of 1946 and fixed the maximum price of a daily newspaper at two annas per copy, says a press note. The Government, in taking this decision, trust that the prices of newspapers will stay as they are, and that reading matter will not be reduced, except, either on account of shortage of newsprint or on account of lack of matter of "reader's interest".

This decision is intended to provide flexibility in the size of newspapers and to help conservation of supplies of newsprint; and is liable to withdraw if it results in prices being increased in relation to the quantity of reading matter provided

Four Stabbing Cases On Friday

BOMBAY, Friday, (A.P.I.): "Four persons injured by stabbing and four others by stone-throwing—that is the toll for the day and half the night, though Friday prayers passed off peacefully earlier in the day", states a Press Note issued by the Bombay Government to-night on the riot situation in the city

The Press Note says: "No other incidents have been reported. Neither the military nor the police have relaxed their vigilance. The curfew order is being strictly enforced".

Bombay To Repatriate All Sind Prisoners

KARACHI, Sept. 13, (UPI). The Government of Bombay is sending back to Sind, all her prisoners detained in different jails in the Bombay Province. The Bombay Government is getting rid of Sindhi juvenile prisoners lodged in Borstal Jail Dharwar also.

BAN ON KANNADA BOOK LIFTED

The Government of Bombay has cancelled the order of forfeiture of the book in Kannada entitled "Sadyada Parasthiti Hagoo Namma Kartavya" (i.e., The Present Situation And Our Duty) published by Shrimati Krishnabai Panjkar, President, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, Dharwar.

World's Greatest Cricket Story

Secrets Of Big Cricket By Walter Hammond

Captain of England, and of Gloucestershire Hammond is the biggest Test scorer in the world. He has also taken nearly 100 Test Wickets and over 100 Test catches. On each of his three visits to Australia, he as top of the batting averages. In post-war cricket, he captained the Victory Test series, and his last score last season was a century against the Australians. He has been in every big cricket thrill since 1920, and now, for the first time, tells his story of cricket behind the scenes. The "Bombay Chronicle" will publish next week a series of these articles. The first article will be published on Monday 16th instant. In this article Hammond will tell the dramatic story of his ill-fated efforts to get into big cricket and how he was suspended by the M. C. C.

NATAL INDIAN CONGRESS TURNS DOWN DURBAN MAYOR'S INVITATION

Urges Royal Visit To South Africa Should Be Postponed

DURBAN, Sept. 13 (UPA).—An invitation from the Mayor of Durban to appoint representatives on the Coast Regional Committee which is making arrangements for the Royal visit next month has been declined by the Indian Congress of Natal.

The letter from the Congress to the Mayor said: "While the Indian community finds itself in such an unhappy situation in this part of His Majesty's empire, it is most unreasonable to expect Indians to take part in any rejoicings and celebrations in honour of Royalty."

"In the circumstances, we cannot but suggest that you advise Their Majesties to postpone their visit until such a time as there is peace and goodwill in South Africa between rulers and ruled non-whites, represented and unrepresented, privileged and unprivileged so that all who constitute the nation of South Africa can do equally share not only its burdens but its rewards," the letter adds.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER)
NEW YORK, Sept 13.

Previous Closing	36.15
Today's Opening	36.15
Difference	Nil
Today's Closing	36.48
Difference	+33

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors 55-1/4. Anaconda Copper Mining 29-1/2. United States Steel Common 71-1/2. United States Steel preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for supply of cotton waste for one year. Tender closes on 23rd September. For Tender form apply to the General Manager, Tata Hydro Electric Companies, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.

(9688)

THE NASIK-DEOLALI ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for one Preference Share No. 986 of The Nasik-Deolali Electric Supply Company, Ltd., standing in the names of Narhar V. Raverkar and Prahad Narhar Raverkar, has been lost or mislaid and the undersigned have applied to the Company to issue a duplicate Certificate for the said share. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said share should lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Esplanade Mansions, 144-146, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue a duplicate Share Certificate.

NARHAR V. RAVERKAR,
PRALHAD NARHAR RAVERKAR,
New Peth, Jalgaon,,
E. Khandesh.
14th September, 1946.

(3327)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. PETER LUIS of Bandra, Christian inhabitant has contracted to sell the under mentioned property to our client. ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, easement, etc. are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 41, Hamam Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece of land of Pension and Tax Tenure situate at Old Parbhadevi Road, in the City of Bombay, admeasuring about 2000 sq. yds. forming part of a larger piece of land admeasuring 8154 sq. yds. and the said larger piece of land, bearing Collector's New Survey No. 1656 and Cadastral Survey No. 44 of Mahim Division and 18 G Ward Nos. 2606, 2610 (9), 2603 (2) and Street Nos. 434A, 434B and 434C and 73A and bounded, on the East and South by the property of the Vendor, on the West by the Public Passage and on the North by the property of Bombay Dyeing Mill.

Dated this 12th day of September.

H. P. NAIK,
For Messrs. R. E. Papa & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(9686)

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. TEHMURAS MINOCHER ANKLESARIA, of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim whatsoever to or against the said property is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land with structure thereon, situate at west side of Bazar Gate Street admeasuring 275 Square Yards or thereabouts New Survey No. 1|9192, Cadastral Survey No. 316 of Fort Division A Ward No. 2175 (1) and Street No. 232-36 and bounded on East by Bazar Gate Street, on West by a passage and beyond that partly by property of Bhikhabhai Dharamchand and another and partly by that of Dossibai Edalji Bottlewalla, on North by the property of Dolatchand Amichand and another and South by the property of Ahmedbhoy Abdeally and others.

Bombay dated this 12th day of September, 1946.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(9678)

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 894 of 1946.

Messrs. HABIB & SONS, a firm .. Plaintiffs.
vs.
ISMAIL ABDUL KADAR RAJA .. Defendant.
To,
ISMAIL ABDUL KADAR RAJA, Esq. .. The defendant above-named.

TAKE NOTICE that the above-named Plaintiffs have filed a suit against you for recovery of the sum of Rs. 76,065-5-0 with interest at 6% per annum from 1st June, 1943, till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6% per annum till payment. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 1st day of October 1946 at 11 o'clock (S.T.) in person or by an Advocate O.S. and in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 28th day of May, 1946.

(Sd.) S. E. ENGINEER,
for Prothonotary
& Senior Master.

Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(9698)

LEGAL NOTICES

(For sale to the public)
SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT
(Order 5, Rules 1 and 5)
IN THE COURT OF THE CIVIL JUDGE AT ALLAHABAD (U.P.)
DISTRICT
Suit No. 21 of 1946.

Mr. M. R. SHERWANI .. Plaintiff.
versus
To The
Mr. BHAGWAN LALLCHAND PUNJABI .. Defendant.
C|o The Ashok Insurance Company Ltd., United India Building, Ground Floor, Sir Firozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

WHEREAS PLAINTIFF has instituted a suit against you for , you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the 19th day of Sept. 1946, at o'clock in the noon, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of this suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the documents upon which, you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 21st day of August, 1946.

(Sd.) .....
Civil Judge,
Allahabad, (U.P.)

NOTICE

1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have a summons from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court and on depositing the necessary expenses.

2. If you admit the claim, you should pay the money into Court together with costs of the suit to avoid execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property or both.

(9675)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MIRZA ALI ALI MIRZA has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned properties. All persons having any claim whatsoever on the said properties by way of Sale, Mortgage, Transfer, Lease, Exchange, Gift, Trust, Inheritance, Possession, Lien or otherwise, howsoever, are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at 139, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All the piece and parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Mogre in South Salsette Taluka of the Bombay Suburban District and the registration Sub-District of Bandra and admeasuring 3,782 square yards or thereabout and bearing the following description in the records of the Collector of Land Revenue and the Khot of Goregaum.

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area	Assessment.
10	1	26¾ Gths. 4¼ Kharaba	Rs. 3
		31 Gunthas.	

Dated this 11th day of September, 1946.

Messrs BENJAMIN & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9683

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAMNATH CHINTAMAN RELE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 41, Hamam Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that piece or parcel of free-hold land being Plot No. 61A together with the buildings and structures, standing thereon situate, lyiny and being at Gokhale Road North in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, known as "Terrace of Deccan", containing by admeasurement 256.57 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under portion of New Survey No. 1473 part and under portions of Cadastral Survey No. 1/1666 of Mahim Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4338 (1), Street No. 57e, 57B and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property bearing C. S. No. 1666, on or towards the West by Gokhale Road North, on or towards the North by property bearing C. S. No. 2/1666 and on or towards the South by the land of the Corporation reserved for 8 feet passage.

Dated this 10th day of Sept. 1946.

R. E. PAPA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(9685)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. CASSUM ADAM, Bai REHMATBAI, widow of Bachu Adam for self and as natural guardian of her daughter Zulekhabai, Alimahomed Bachu Adam, AISHABAI, daughter of Bachu Adam, FATMABAI, daughter of Bachu Adam, RUKHIABAI, daughter of Bachu Adam AMENABAI, daughter of Bachu Adam and ABDUL RAZAK BACHU ADAM have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of the freehold tenure, containing by admeasurement 153 (One hundred and fifty-three) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors New Nos. 9562, 9563, 9564 and New Survey No. 891 and Cadastral Survey No. 3505 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 6796 former Street Nos. 53 and 16 and present Street No. 61 to 67 and 20 and which said premises are situate at Erskine Road and Borah Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Jaferji Rasulji on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Haji Moosa, on or towards the North by Erskine Road and on or towards the South by Borah Street.

Dated this 12th day of September, 1946.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(9676)

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DAWOODBHAI KASSAMJI MATIWALLA, ABULHUSEIN ALIBHAI MATIWALLA and HUSENABAI DAUGHTER OF RASULJI RAJBHAI MATIWALLA and wife of AMIRUDDIN NANABHAI MATIWALLA, all of Bombay Bohra Muslim Inhabitants have agreed to sell to our client the undermentioned property known as "MATIWALLA BUILDING" free from incumbrances. All persons having any claim whatsoever against or to the said property are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Examiner Press Building, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West-side of Reay Road, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bomgay, containing by admeasurement 1820 square yards or thereabouts forming a part of a larger piece of land admeasuring 5198 sq.-yds. or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. part of part of 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Mazagaon

262

Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 11 (E) Ward Nos. 5244 (1), 5244 (2) and 5245 and Street Nos. 272, 272G, 272H, 272I, 272J and 272A, 272F, and 272L, and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East by Reay Road, on or towards the West and South by the properties of The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. and on or towards the North by the property of Dawoodbhai Kassamji Matiwalla and others.

Bombay, dated this 11th day of September, 1946.

TAHER & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(9687)

AUCTION SALES

Auction Sale of 49 Bales Kampala A. R. Cotton B.P. 52 Country Damaged.

By order of the Insurance Co., concerned M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on Thursday, the 19th September, 1946, at 2-45 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Godown No. E68, Cotton Depot., Sewri.

49 Bales Kampala A.R. cotton B.P. 52 country damaged.

Terms: 25 p.c. deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF MISC. ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner Bombay, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, the 17th Sept. 1946 at 9 A.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at Salvage Transit Depot, Kuria, Elec. Cables, leather scrap, mixed metal & non-ferrous M. S. scrap, steel pipes, nuts, bolts, W. ropes, mixed steel scrap, old gunny, milk cans, batteries etc.

Terms: 25 p.c. deposit. Balance in 7 days & delivery in 21 days.

BENNETT & CO.

Fresh Harappa Finds Throw New Light On Mohenjodaro

Fresh discoveries in Harappa, which provide final proof of the link between the Indus Valley civilization and the Mesopotamian, have been made by the Archaeological Department of India according to a report submitted by Dr. Mortimer Wheeler, Director General to the Central Advisory Board of Archaeology. The Board, which was constituted in February, 1945, held its third half-yearly meeting in New Delhi on September 10 under the chairmanship of Dr. Shyam Prosad Mukherjee in the absence of the Hon'ble Member for Education and Arts, Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan.

FORTIFICATION DISCOVERED AT HARAPPA

Two key discoveries have been made from excavations at Harappa. One of them is a burial, the first of it's kind found in India, in which the skeleton had been kept in a reed shroud within a wooden coffin surroundee by an extensive group of pottery. The exact similarity of this burial to the burials of the same date in Mesopotamia finally proves the connection between the two civilizations signifying influence in one direction or the other.

It has also been discovered that the principal mound at Harappa constituted a high citadel with a mud brick defence 40 feet wide and 40 feet high, faced externally by a wall of burnt brick. This discovery leads also to the inference that at Mohenjodaro too the central mound must have constituted a fortification. These two discoveries taken together may effectively challenge the traditional interpretation of the Indus Valley civilization, which has so long insisted on drawing a contrast between the rigid, centralised and hieratic administration of Mesopotamia and Egypt and the milder and perhaps more democratic system of the Indus Valley civilization. The whole scheme, on the contrary, indicates that Harappa and Mohenjodaro were organised on the same rigid system as the contemporary cities of Ur and Lagash with their dominant priesthood and priest-kings.

The existence of massive fortifications thus discovered, leads to another conclusion, which is equally important to historians and archaeologists; for Dr. Wheeler suggests in his report that it is these fortifications, which certain verses in the Rig Veda credit Indra with having destroyed. Indra is described in the Rig Veda as 'Puramdara' fort-destroyer; he "rends forts as age consumes a garment."

"On circumstantial evidence, Indra stands accused", says Dr. Wheeler, and as the conventional date for Indra's devastations is in the neighbourhood of 1,500 B.C., he infers that the mature phase of the Indus Valley civilization should have extended up to that period. Already inferences have been made from other evidence that this phase should have begun in about 2500 B.C.

PRESERVATION OF MONUMENTS

Describing the programme of conservation carried out by his Department during the last six months, Dr. Mortimer Wheeler said the famous Shore Temple of Mahabalipuram, one of the earliest Pallava temples, dating from 700 A.D. had been saved from the sea by the construction of a massive semi-circular breakwater which both checks wave action and reduces spray. Weathering has reduced the building to little more than a stone core, but its actual destruction has now been stopped. The famous wall-paintings round the shrine in the Brihadiswara temple at Tanjore, which were in a condition of decay, and 16th century paintings of the Vijayanagar period of the ceiling of the 'Mandapam' of the Virabhadra temple at Lepakshi (Anantapur), are now being carefully conserved under the care of the Department's Archaeological Chemist. The Department is also taking particular care of a remarkable series of temples at Atholi (Bijapur), regarded as one of as one of the key-sites in the evolution of Hindu architecture.

Conservation includes both the internal repair of monuments and the clearing of the neighbourhood. At Bhubaneswar (Orissa) the Department not only had to repair the group of temples (19) under its control, but also to remove a slum which encumbered the principal site. The imposing ruins of the Bassein Fort Area, near Bombay, was retrieved from wild jungle growth. Here the Department had also to compel the removal of a toddy shop from the interior of the site.

Speaking of the work of exploration undertaken by the Department, Dr. Wheeler says, "it is my hope before I leave India to see resumed that essential process of ground-survey and exploration which is so honourably associated with the name of Sir Aurel Stein." The Departmental Pre-historian is proceeding actively with his survey of the megaliths and urn-fields of South India. "It is not too much to say", remarks Dr. Wheeler, "that archaeologists throughout the world are waiting for his results. The problems which he is tackling are of a kind which links India with Western Asia, North Africa and Europe, and it may be that India in more than one sense will supply certain of the missing links."

The Department's publications during the period included the second number of "Ancient Indian," which contains a contribution dealing with the Department's excavations last year at Pondicherry. "I will not say more about this now," says the Director-General of Archaeology. "except that the occasion is the first in India on which archaeological sections of the kind normal to modern scientific fieldwork have ever published".

The Report of the Gwyer Committee on the National Museum of Art, Archaeology and Anthropology was placed before the Board. The Board also framed a directive on a select bibliography of Indian Archaeology to libraries outside India, particularly to those in Asiatic and European Universities, which are now tackling the problem of post-war reconstruction. As it is desirable that they should include at least a minimum selection of works dealing with the Archaeology of India, the Board has taken special care to recommend to librarians abroad works of approved quality, covering an adequate range

UNIVERSITY FOR MALAYA

SINGAPORE, (Reuter): The suggestion that a University College should be created in Malaya as the first step towards the establishment of a University of Malaya has been viewed favourably by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. George Hall.

Announcing this, educational authorities in Singapore reported also the arrival of Dr. R. Priestley, vice-chancellor of Birmingham University, who is to examine plans for higher education in Malaya, and to advise the Governor-General and the Governments of the Malayan Union and Singapore.

Dr. Priestley's mission arises out of the Asquith Commission's report, and its recommendation that each area of the Colonial Empire should have its own University as "an inescapable corollary of any policy which aims at the achievement of colonials self-government."

Existing institutions of higher education in Malaya and Singapore include Raffles College, the College of Medicine, the Technical College at Kuala Lumpur, the Schools of Agriculture and Forestry, the Sultan Idris College and the Malay Women Teachers' Training College.

Filipino Revolutionary Leader On Trial

MANILA, (Reuter).

General Emilio Aguinaldo, head of the Philippine revolutionary veterans who fought the Americans in 1898, has filed a bond of dol. 5,000 with the People's Court for his provisional liberty pending trial of the treason case against him.

He posted bond following request from the court which discovered only recently that he had been enjoying liberty without bail.

Aguinaldo is alleged to have co-operated with the Japanese during the occupation.

He was to have been arraigned before the Court sometime ago but his lawyer and son-in-law, Jose P. Melencio, secured a postponement and filed a motion to dismiss the case on the ground that the Republic of the Philippines cannot prosecute people charged with having committed treasonous acts against the Philippine Commonwealth government and the government of the United States.

However, this motion has been denied by the court and the famed general may be arraigned sometime this month.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES including M. S. Bolts and nuts, M. S. crankshaft pins, wire rope sling, Lubricating oil tank, M. S. Scrap, Drums, Furniture, etc. on Monday, 16th Inst. at 10 A.M. (S.T.) at D.G.M. P. Depot, Opp. Reay Road Station, under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25% deposit, balance in 7 days and delivery in 21 days.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF 45 MILITARY STRUCTURES on Thursday, 19th Inst. at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Marine Drive, behind Marine Lines Station, under instructions from Lands Hirings and Disposals Service, Bombay.

Terms: 25% deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF Unclaimed Goods, at Unclaimed Goods Depot, Wadi Bunder, including G. N. Seeds, Cottonseeds, castorseeds, Hirda, Chillies, Jira, C. Drugs, cotton, Gunnies, C. Ropes, Tyres, Khismiss, tea, shoes, chapals, soap, C. P. Goods, E. I. Casks, paint, bangles and glasswares, etc., on Monday, 30th Inst. at 12 noon (S.T.) under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. and in accordance with section 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms: 50% deposit, delivery time 9-10-46.

GANDHI & CO.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 19th September, 1946, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, in Godown No. C6 on account of the Insurance Office concerned. 128 Bales African Cotton B. R. damaged.

MENESSE & CO.

BONAFIDE-SALE.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of D. Robertson Esqr. and others, at Chowpatty Sea Face, near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Singer rd. bobbin machine, Remington standard type writer, Eng. and other fire proof safe, zoonda almirah, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, side-board, show-case, Chesterfield, almiran, bed, gramophone, etc. T. 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

THE INDIAN OVERSEAS BANK LIMITED
Head Office: MADRAS.

BRANCHES & AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA.

Branches in Ceylon: COLOMBO.
Branches in Burma: RANGOON.
Branches in Malaya: IPOH, KUALA LUMPUR, MALACCA, PENANG & SINGAPORE.

LONDON & NEW YORK AGENTS:
The Chase National Bank of the City of New York.

ALL KINDS OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

BOMBAY OFFICES.

Elphinstone Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY. | Narai Natha Street, Mandvi, BOMBAY.

DALDA PRICES

Following the continued rise in the cost of vegetable oils, it has become necessary to adjust again the consumer prices of Dalda. The Vegetable Oil Products Controller has fixed the following maximum prices at which Dalda will be available to the public as from 1st September, 1946:—

1 lb.	.. Rs.	1- 1-3	per tin
2 lbs.	.. ,,	2- 2-0	,, ,,
5 lbs.	.. ,,	5- 2-6	,, ,,
10 lbs.	.. ,,	9-13-0	,, ,,

NOTE: These prices are inclusive of freight but exclusive of octroi, terminal tax, sales tax and other similar taxes where levied.

ISSUED BY THE MAKERS OF DALDA
HVM. 57-168

(III)—LEARN HOMOEOPATHY—(III)

Let every educated man and woman learn it. It forms part of Naturopathy which is being freely practised by Mahatmaji. Beware of its being monopolised and exploited by Professionals to the detriments of the poor sick.

(1) Homoeopathy reveals the medicinal effects of Atom-splitting, the great scientific discovery of the age. ATOMIC ENERGY produces the Imperialist's destructive bombs and the commoner's benevolent medicine. Learn the secret of the latter and make it your property. Resist every attempt at wresting it from you by vested interests.

(2) Our course will enable you to learn and practise HOMOEOPATHY easily. DIPLOMAS granted. Even if you do not care for a diploma or a doctor's career, the medical knowledge gained through our course will be invaluable in your homelife and social service activities and enable you to attain ECONOMIC SWARAJ. Scholarships and free Medicine Chests are offered to deserving candidates, who enrole earlier in this Session. The Medicine Chest will be helpful in your PRACTICAL STUDY.

N.B.:—Beware! Bogus Colleges are cropping up like mushrooms, and the unqualified may offer to give you training; but the blind cannot lead the blind.

For Prospectus, apply to:— THE GRACE MEDICAL MISSION, Mavelikara, Travancore.

WINCARNIS
The world famous Tonic

Neem Oil For Skin Health & Beauty

For over twenty years, Godrej have helped to keep the Nation clean and healthy. They were the first in the land to manufacture Soap exclusively from the pure plants of the earth. With a variety of Quality soaps to satisfy every taste, 'Godrej' has become a household word in India... To those who prefer the balsamic properties of 'Neem'—a marvellous gift of Nature, extolled from the dawn of civilisation—Godrej offer their 'Linda'. The soothing and healing, antiseptic and germicidal sterilisers of 'Neem' abound in this 'Linda' oil soap, which, like other Godrej toilet soaps, is blended to a standard testified as perfect by distinguished scientists and skin-specialists. Cleanse yourself with the rich and creamy lather of 'Linda' and maintain your Skin Health and Beauty, India's proud heritage.

Godrej Linda NEEM TOILET SOAP

Godrej TOILET SOAPS
No. 1 • No. 2
Vetiver Sandal
Linda FAMILY
Turkish Bath
Shaving Stick
Shaving Round
Guaranteed vegetable pure free from animal fat

GODREJ SOAPS, LTD.—Bombay: P. O. Jacob Circle. Ahmedabad: Maneck Chowk—Depot for Guirat, Kathiawad

Digitized with grant-in-aid assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

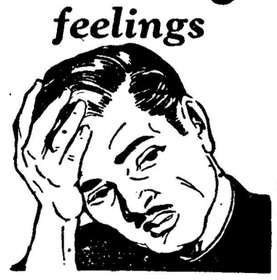
STOP THAT

Get a bottle of VENO'S and stop that constant *Cough! Cough!! COUGH!!!* VENO'S *Lightning* Cough Cure is the recognised dependable way of dealing with Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness & Children's Coughs. It relieves tickling in the throat, eases soreness in the chest.

VENO'S
is Good
VERY GOOD for
COUGHS

Copyright: JWT

Dispel
weary
feelings



Try one or two tablets of Phensic with a little water. This is a wonderful tonic to weariness. Instantly effective, quite harmless, and very valuable indeed for removing the cause of that "over-tiredness" which so often prevents deep restful sleep. Get some Phensic now.

for HEADACHES, NEURITIS, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, SLEEPLESSNESS, TOOTHACHE, CHILLS, COLDS, 'FLU and other feverish conditions.

SIMPLY TAKE—
one or two tablets as required.

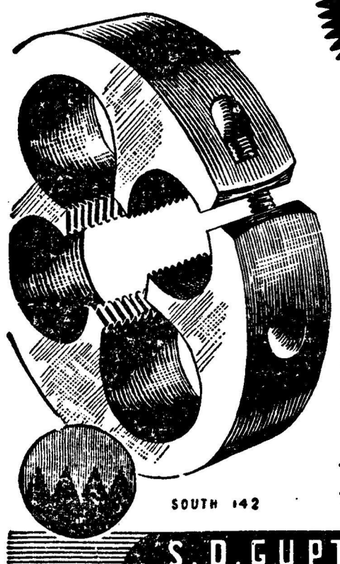
Phensic
Regd. Trade Mark
WILL STOP YOUR PAIN

Copyright JW2

Six fascinating shades. Indelible—stays fresh all day. Unaffected by climatic extremes. Velvety-smooth texture. New lip-shaped patented design for easy and accurate application.

SOLD BY ALL GOOD CHEMISTS AND STORES

GUPTA'S Dies AND TAPS



'FOR RELIABILITY AND DURABILITY

Teer Brand Tools stand For Quality

OTHER PRODUCTS
Callipers. Tap-handles
Tinmen's Snips. Die Stocks. Die Nuts. Round Dies. Screw Drivers

TEER BRAND

SOUTH 142

S. D. GUPTA & CO., LTD.
ASOKE PARK, BANSDHANI ROAD
TOLLYGUNGE :: CALCUTTA.
SERVICE

PAY COMMISSION IN SESSION IN NEW DELHI

Picture shows representatives of associations of Govt. of India employees being examined by the Pay Commission. Sitting against wall, third from the right, is the Chairman, Mr. Justice S. Varadachariar

'Times' Welcomes Wavell's Move

"Mr. Jinnah And His Colleagues Would Occupy A Very Strong Position"

LONDON, Sept. 13. (Reuter): The "Times" in a leading article to-day says: "Mr. Jinnah's acceptance of the Viceroy's invitation to 'a personal discussion and review of the political situation' has given new hope to all who realise that the present acute communal tension is the sole remaining obstacle to the satisfaction of Indian aspirations to full nationhood.

"So long as Muslim League holds itself aloof from the new national government and pins its faith to extra constitutional methods of agitation, feelings of frustration and alarm which now influence the Muslim Community, will continue to cleave the political life of India into warring factions. These feelings can be allayed only by the conviction that both the Interim Government and final constitutional structure will be so shaped as to provide Muslims with an honourable and effective share of political power.

MUCH MAY BE GAINED.

"In the interests of both the Muslim League and of the whole country, Mr. Jinnah would be well advised to reflect that nothing can be lost and much may be gained by testing the adequacy of the offer which Lord Wavell and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru have made to him.

"Mr. Jinnah and his colleagues would occupy a very strong position. The knowledge that they would have it in their power by withdrawing from the coalition to recreate the communal deadlock would invest any stand they adopted on a point of principle with a formidable degree of authority. In fact they would occupy in relation to the Congress Party much the same position that the Congress Party now occupies in relation to the British Government.

In neither case could a breach be contemplated with equanimity since the resulting political consequences would be of incalculable magnitude. Thus if Mr. Jinnah were to enter the Interim Government, he would enjoy additional opportunities of safeguarding the interests of his community without any prejudice to his future freedom of action.

ADVANTAGE.

The "Times" adds: It is equally to the advantage of the Muslims to take part in the Constituent Assembly; here also they hold in their hands the weapon of secession if they should find that arrangements set out in the State Paper of May 16 are being operated in a fashion of which they disapprove.

Whatever grounds the League may have originally possessed for fearing that the system of provincial grouping would be weakened, have now been removed by later and more considered pronouncements from Congress Party leaders. Even if these assurances are not received with complete conviction in the present temper of the Muslim Community, they serve at least to strengthen the case for putting them to test in which the League loses nothing and may gain all that it is seeking.

It is unlikely that Mr. Jinnah would have agreed to go to Delhi at all if he did not consider that the prospect of entering the Interim Government and taking part in the Constituent Assembly is now worth exploring.

The "Times" concludes: "Mr. Jinnah is too shrewd to overlook the dangers which attend his present course of action; and the events of Calcutta and Bombay must have shown him that the sufferings caused by communal rioting fall with equal severity upon Muslims and Hindus. As a patriotic Indian he can derive little satisfaction from the reflection that so long as communal tension remains at its present height, his countrymen must continue to regard British forces as their best protection; and he knows that it lies within his power to invest the new Interim Government with authority over both communities which can alone ensure their co-operation."

ONLY SEVEN INDIANS FOR CEYLON HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

COLOMBO, Sept. 12. (API): Seven Indians could be returned to Ceylon's first House of Representatives of 95 elected members under the new constitution from 89 electoral districts that have been delimited by the Three-Man Delimitation Commission.

In a fuller report issued as a Sessional Paper running to nearly 200 pages, the Commission say that as a result of their decisions the Sinhalese would be able to return 68 members, the Ceylon Tamils 13 and the Muslims 4. Colombo Central Constituency, for which three seats have been allocated can return a Tamil and a Muslim.

There is no direction in the Ceylon (Constitution) order in Council 1946 under which their task has been assigned, or elsewhere, that each community should be allotted a number of seats proportional to its number: the demarcation they had been called upon to make was essentially territorial even though a measure of communal representation enters therein, declare the Commission.

On the basis of population they compute that the Sinhalese, the Ceylon-Tamils Indians Muslims and other races should on an all-island basis get 66; 12; 10; 6 and 1 seats respectively and on a provincial basis 61; 13; 8; 6; and 7 seats respectively.

MAY BE REVIEWED IN NEAR FUTURE

Of the Indian population, mainly Tamil, of whom a vast majority of estate labourers are found largely in Central, Uva, Sabaragamuwa and Western Provinces—6 83,000 out of a total Indian population in the island of 7,32,258 live in these provinces—the Commission say "there is a possibility that the rights of the Indian population with regard to franchise may be reviewed in the near future, but for our purpose we must take the franchise as it stands regulated by the Ceylon (State Council election) order in Council 1931. Anything beyond the provision made in that order-in-Council is in the sphere of speculation. We do not propose here to go into the details of this franchise, but it is clear that the proportion of the Indian population, which is entitled to vote and can find a place on the electoral register, is less than the corresponding proportion of the rest of the population.

We have for want of a more accurate figure adopted two point two five as the figure which the Indian population should be devided in order to equate its voting strength to that of the general population."

The Commissioners add "we have endeavoured to secure for the Indian population a greater measure of representation as the results we have mentioned (namely, seven seats for Indians fall short of the number of 14 seats which the advocates of the Ministers' proposals for Constitutional Reform submitted to H.M.G. in 1944) forecast in their evidence before the Soulbury Commission and fall short also of the number on ten (all island) or eight (provincial) which would fall to their lot on a purely numerical basis. We have expended much time in this endeavour and have in the course of our efforts exausted all reasonable means of securing additional representation for them. We find a higher degree of representation not possible.

In order to be entirely fair to the Indian population and in order to be sure that we had not overlooked some means of securing representation for them, we invited Mr. R. T. Chari, I.C.S. the Government of India Agent and the Secretary to the Government of India representative in Ceylon, to assist us. His evidence, which was given in a personal capacity, was accurate and precise. He was able to suggest five electoral districts which do not differ materially from the districts we have decided on in the Central Province. He indicated the possibility of a sixth seat which cut across administrative boundaries and involved transport and other difficulties to such an extent that although he indicated a possible seat upon figures he did not vouch for its suitability as an electoral district."

The commissioners state a higher degree of Indian representation is not possible. The Indian population, mainly estate labourers are scattered on hillsides and between the estates are valleys in which groups of Sinhalese live plying agricultural occupation and it is frequently difficult to find for the purpose of demarcating an electoral district an area containing sufficient concentration of Indians.

NAINITAL, Sept. 11 (API): Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai Home Minister, U.P. Government has arrived here. He intends to stay here for a week.

U. S. NOT TO STOP U.N. R.R.A. SUPPLIES TO YUGOSLAVIA

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (Reuter): The Acting Secretary of State Mr. William Clayton announced that the United States has decided not to stop U.N.R.R.A. relief shipments to Yugoslavia.

Mr. Clayton said that the decision was made because "such action on our part would be a violation of obligations we assumed when we agreed to participate in U.N.R.R.A. To take any action now to stop shipments from the United States on this programme would subject us to the charge that we have little regard for sanctity of international agreements."

Mr. Clayton noted in his statement: "It had been widely urged" that the United States should halt relief shipments to Yugoslavia because of the "inexcusable behaviour of Yugoslav air forces in shooting down two unarmed United States' transport planes."

UNIVERSITY POLICE FORCE

ALEXANDRIA, (Reuter): The authorities of Farouk Al Awal University here are planning to form a police force within the University to prevent future disorders.

Anglo-Egyptian Negotiations To End This Month

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 12, (Reuter): Loufty Sayed Pasha, the Egyptian Vice-Premier, stated tonight that he expected the Anglo-Egyptian treaty negotiations to be concluded by the end of September.

No new British note had been received, he added, but a new Egyptian note on Sudan had been drafted maintaining Egypt's demand for unity of the two countries under the Egyptian crown.

Filipino Women Disapprove Of Western Dress

MANILA, (Reuter): Students of the Philippine Women's University have asked Mrs. Manuel Roxas, wife of the President, to support them in a movement directed against westernisation of Filipino women's dress.

"Alarmed by the current trend in women's fashions" the students say the situation be saved "before such atomic creations as the "bare bosom" style become the general style."

The students hope to secure the support of all women's organisations in Manila will organise propaganda for the preservation of the national from of dress.

SIR SHAFAAT ASSUMES CHARGE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13. (U.P.I.): Sir Shafaat Ahmed Khan, Member for Health in the Interim Government assumed his duties yesterday, says a Press Note.

Addressing the Officers of the Department, he emphasised the need for providing health services in the rural areas as well as in towns. He pointed out that there should be a new conception of duty of the State in health matters. It is the duty of the State to provide those services and create conditions in which good health could be attained and enjoyed by all.

Sir Shafaat Ahmed admitted the limitation of the Financial resources were there.

Concluding Sir Shafaat Ahmed said that the survey carried out by the Bhore Committee and its recommendations would be the starting point for the work. He also added that a conference of the Provincial Ministers will be held soon to consider the recommendations.

SALES TAX ACT AMENDED

BOMBAY, Sept. 12(API): In view of the representations received from the public that the limit of Rs. 10,000 of gross turnover, prescribed under the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946, for purposes of liability to tax, is too low, it is proposed to increase that limit to Rs. 30,000.

A bill to amend the Bombay Sales Tax Act 1946 to this effect is published today in the "Bombay Government Gazette".

THIEF ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Noorie Rashid 'alias' Hussein Ramzan, a light-footed culprit "wanted" in half a dozen cases of alleged, thefts cheating, abetment and impersonation was at last trapped at Madras and brought to Bombay on Wednesday for his trial.

The accused, it is said, was charge-sheeted in the aforesaid cases and bailed out. He absconded every time he was released on bail.

The accused this time, was firmly refused bail and ordered to be remanded into custody by the Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court.

Appeal Against Sentence For Defamation Rejected

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr. Justice Dixit, at the Bombay High Court, today rejected the appeal of two timber merchants, Abdul Gani Ebrahim and Mustafa Joosab who were convicted by Mr. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, on a charge of defamation and sentenced to pay fines of Rs 300 and Rs. 210 respectively.

The complainant, Abbobakar Ebrahim, is a landlord and selling agent of the Hindustan Vanaspati Manufacturing Company Ltd. His case was that the accused met certain pressmen in a city police Court and made defamatory statements about him. They were to the effect that the City Police raided a timber depot and seized several tins of vegetable ghee, that the goods belonging to the complainant who kept them there to sell in the black market and that the complainant had made lakhs of rupees from black-market. The complainant said these allegations were false, malicious and unfounded and were made to harm his reputation and business.

Both the accused denied having made the allegations in question but the Magistrate convicted both of them observing that the imputations in question were made by the accused, they were defamatory and in doing so the accused intended to harm, the reputation of the complainant, who is a dealer in vegetable ghee, in respect of his business.

Against these convictions and sentence of fine the accused appealed in the High Court.

Their Lordships rejecting the appeal observed that they do not see any reason why the complainant should concoct this case against the complainant and confirmed the conviction and sentence passed on them.

COLABA RECORDS QUAKE SHOCKS

BOMBAY, Sept 13. (API): An earthquake shock of very great intensity as its origin about 1,650 miles away with its epicentre region apparently in upper Burma near latitude 26 degrees north and longitude 96 degrees east was recorded by the Seismograph at the Colaba observatory at 20 hrs. 52 minutes, (IST)., on September 12.

My RUPTURE never worries me now!

FACE THE FACTS about your rupture. As long as you neglect it, you miss life's pleasures and run the risks of dangerous complications. Why not let Brooks end your Rupture worries for good? 6,300 British doctors recommend the Brooks Appliance. 744,000 sufferers have found new hope in it. Why not YOU? Why continue to suffer NEEDLESSLY? Give Brooks a TRIAL and give yourself a chance in life!

WHAT IS THE BROOKS APPLIANCE?

Brooks Rupture Appliance consists of a soft, oval rubber air cushion, held in position by bands of finest grade webbing. Once properly adjusted it is impossible to throw the appliance out of place, whatever your work. It weighs only a few ounces; it is efficient, durable and cheap.

With the Brooks Appliance there is no interference with work or pleasure—it cannot be detected, even through close fitting garments. Avoid imitations. Remember there is only one Brooks. Entirely British Made. Supplied only direct or through authorised agents. Find out about it to-day!

Write for illustrated BOOK for further details—

POST THIS COUPON TO-DAY

BOMBAY—POWELLS LTD., Lamington Road, Bombay.

Please send me in plain wrapper, Illustrated Book showing prices and full information about the Brooks Appliance for Rupture.

Name _____

Address _____

Start the day with Health & Zest

Drink delicious
'OVALTINE'
every night
~ and note the Difference!

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Distributors: Grahams Trading Co. (India) Ltd., 16, Bank Street, Bombay, also at Calcutta, Karachi, Madras

OR/10.

Fresh Stocks of Ovaltine are expected to arrive at regular intervals, ceiling prices have been fixed by the Government, don't pay more.

Phones: Cal: 1464 and 1465 Telegram: "Aryoplants".

Indian Collieries Ltd.

Head Office: 12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA.

AUTHORISED & ISSUED CAPITAL: Rs. 25,00,000/-
(Twenty-Five Lakhs)

Divided into 250,000 Shares of Rs. 10/- each.

The Company has purchased the North Borari Colliery (a first class colliery in Jharia Coal Fields) in fully mechanised and running condition and being worked out by a first class Manager. The Company has already paid the consideration money of the Colliery of Rs. 6.30,000/- in full to the voucher.

Besides profit from sale of coal, the Company also expects decent profit from soft coke and hard coke to be manufactured in the Company's own Coke Oven. The Company is also negotiating for purchase of some more first class Collieries and Coal Properties. GOOD DIVIDEND EXPECTED FROM THE VERY FIRST YEAR OF WORKING.

FOR PROSPECTUS AND SHARE APPLICATION FORMS

Please apply to the Company's Head Office.

GOOD TERMS TO CAPABLE SHARE SELLING AGENTS.

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule 94-A, by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the Head Office of the Company. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any scheme or for the correctness of any of the statement made or opinions expressed with regard to them.)

NO BETTER INVESTMENT THAN OUR GUARANTEED PROFIT SCHEME!

FIXED DEPOSITS ACCEPTED:—

For one year	@	...	4½ p. c. p. a.
„ two years	@	...	5½ p. c. p. a.
„ three years	@	...	6½ p. c. p. a.

For sums usually Rs. 500/ or more in our Guaranteed Profit Scheme plus 50 p.c. of additional profits as bonus Since 1940 we have accepted thousands of Rupees of public money as deposits and repaid with interests and profits

We deal in all sorts of shares and securities. Please apply:—

EAST INDIA STOCK & SHARE DEALERS' SYND., LTD.

5/1, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE : : CALCUTTA.

Telegram:—HONEYCOMB. Phone:—Cal 3381

THE INDIAN CUTLERY MFG., CO., LTD.

MAKERS OF
CUTLERY AND CUTTING TOOLS OF ALL DESCRIPTION.

A FIRST CLASS INDIAN ENTERPRISE
PAYING DIVIDEND OF 7½% FOR THE LAST 2 YRS.

WANTED
RESPECTABLE SHARE-SELLING AGENTS.

For particulars please apply to the Hd. Office
A-3, Clive Bldgs., Calcutta.

Telegram: "INTISH", Cal. Phone: CAL. 1817.

Rationed Reception

with Tea & Biscuits

LILY BISCUITS

The Quality Biscuits as superb as ever
CRISP LIGHT NOURISHING & DELICIOUS

LILY *Biscuits*

A RATION WITH RELISH

LILY BISCUIT Co
CALCUTTA : BOMBAY

Philippine Divorce Laws To Be Liberalised

MANILA, (Reuter): Two measures have been introduced in the Philippine Congress designed to liberalise the divorce law in the Islands.

Catholics, however, are poised to oppose the bills. Their representative has filed with the lawmakers. An anti-divorce memorandum.

The two bills introduced separately, seek the repeal of section 8 of Act 2710. which provides that divorce shall not be granted without the guilt of the defendant being established by a final judgment in a criminal action, and inclusion of absence of seven years on the part of either spouse, as an additional ground for divorce.

Under the present divorce law, the only grounds for divorce in the Philippines are concubinage on the part of the husband and adultery on the part of the wife.

The Manila Post, a post-liberation daily, commenting, said:

"Under the Civil Code divorce from bed and board is allowed. The grounds are adultery, maltreatment by deed, serious insults, violence exerted by the husband on the wife to compel her to change her religion, proposal of the husband to prostitute the wife, attempt to corrupt the children and condemnation to life imprisonment. Absolute divorce is not allowed.

"Under the present law, relative divorce involving no dissolution of the marital relation is not recognized. Only absolute divorce is permitted.

"During the occupation the grounds for divorce were amplified. Many couples inhibited by the old law from getting divorce took advantage of the new law. Guardians of family morals were unable to protest against the liberalization. The law was automatically abrogated upon the liberation. The old law is again in force. To all appearances the proposed amendments will not cause any revolutionary innovation in the basic structure of the existing divorce law and in the pattern of marital relations."

Settlement Necessary For World Peace

CAIRO, (Reuter): Abdel Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary General of the Arab League, has expressed the view that the settlement of the Egyptian problem is vital for permanent peace.

"Egypt is the largest country in the Arab League," he said, "and its fate is closely linked up with that of the League and its member States. Any emotions felt in Egypt will also be felt in the Arab countries and the Islamic world—as a matter of fact in the whole East.

"There is no doubt that future relations between Britain and the East will depend greatly on British policy and its future developments with regard to the Egyptian question.

"I, therefore, strongly believe that the arrival at a solution which would fulfil Egypt's hopes is necessary for permanent peace.

"Egypt only asks her rights and demands no price for the sacrifices she made in support of Democracy."

GREEK COMMUNIST LEADER TO BE TRIED

ATHENS, Sept. 12 (Reuter): Nicholas Bacharides, General Secretary of the Greek Communist party, is to be tried on October 25 on the charge of making a pre-election speech considered as "instigation against public order."

It is believed in some Athens quarters that the question of outlawing the Greek Communist Party and prosecuting its leaders was raised by the Greek Cabinet when it held a special meeting today to discuss "law and order."

Charge Against Railway Administrations

Mr. D. S. Vaidya, Vice-President of the G.I.P. Railwaymen's Union and Mr. T. A. N. Swamy, Asstt. Secretary of the B.B. & C.I. Railwaymen's Union have issued the following statement to the press.

While the S. I. Railway strike is yet on, the Administration of the B.B. & C.I. Railway have started their offensive against the Union. Com. Gulamhussain, a prominent Union leader of the B.B. & C.I. Railwaymen's Union, Working as a boiler-maker at Ahmedabad, and a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Union was removed from service with twenty four hours notice on the charge of having participated in a strike. As a result of his dismissal workers at Sabarmati Ahmedabad; Kankria etc. were about to go on strike, which was averted by Mr. Gulam Hussain.

On the G.I.P. Railway, similar offensive is on. Mr. Benjamin, the most popular Union leader of Jhansi is already discharged Messrs. Shankarlingam and Sher Mohamed, the leaders of the Parel Workshop have been served with charge sheets.

The offensive of the Railway Administrations is thus pointed against different railway unions, and unless the Hon. Mr. Asaf Ali, Railway Member, personally intervenes in the matter the situation is bound to deteriorate on a nation-wide scale.

Protest Against Misleading Propaganda

Mr Ram Rai, President Gujarat Village Union and Vice-President and Secretary of the Union have sent the following cable to the British Prime Minister, Lord Pethick Lawrence, and Mr. Churchill:—

Any impression of any civil strife because of some 'agitators provoking discord recently in big cities such as Calcutta, Dacca or Bombay is incorrect. And we emphatically protest against such propaganda misleading British European or American public; India living in our 700,000 villages resent and can repel any such ugly intrusion into their harmonious coexistence and co-operation in community life.

Oriental Staff Greet Bhabha

The Jt Hon. Secretary, Employees' Union of Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co. Ltd. writes:—

The following resolution has passed at a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Union:

"This meeting of the Managing Committee offers on behalf of the members of the Union sincere felicitations to the Company's Director, Mr Cooverji H. Shabha, MA. BCom JP on his appointment as Minister in the Interim Government of India and wishes him a long life and successful political career"

BANK BELIEVES TREMENDOUS BOOM IS AHEAD

SYDNEY, (Reuter): Australia is too obsessed with a depression mentality when the immediate problem today is how to avoid an uncontrolled boom, states a circular entitled "The Problems of Scarcity," issued by the Bank of New South Wales Sydney.

The bank advocates all-round tax reductions, based on a lowering of Government expenditure, as the best means of stimulating production, and checking inflation.

"Wars have the habit of generating booms," continues the circular, and "we are probably facing the greatest post-war boom the world has ever seen.

"But it is well to remember that booms are liable to create depressions and the best way to avoid a future depression is to stop the boom before it leads to runway inflation."

The average citizen, states the circular, looks to the Government for a lead.

The Government's advice in loan appeals is extremely sound that private citizens must continue to save because there is still a shortage of both labour and materials.

"But the public would take it better if it could be shown that Government expenditure also is being pruned so that the private citizen may have as full a share as possible of the scarce supplies," the circular states.

"There has to be Government action to restore incentives to work. There is no question as to the nature of such incentives; they must be in the form of a greater reward for more work or greater risks undertaken.

"Possibly more can be done by a reduction of taxation than by any other measure.

"Despite the recent reductions, Australi is still one of the most heavily taxed countries in the world, and the steepness of the graduation of the Australian income tax is probably unequalled.

"Hence, if it has a damping effect on the incomes from wages, it must have an even worse effect on the higher incomes.

"While admittedly the reduction of taxation on the lower incomes is important, this only serves to make the graduation still steeper and more deadening. Hence a lowering of the whole schedule is required."

Bevin May Ask Arab League To Submit Their Own Plan

LONDON, September, 13 (A.P.A.): Arab and Jewish sources agreed today that only a major swing in Britain's approach to the settlement of the Palestine question during the coming week-end would save the Holy Land talks from "total failure."

As delegates to the conference began a three-day recess, the British Foreign Secretary, Bevin, and the Colonial Secretary, George Hall prepared to confer with the Prime Minister, Clement Attlee on modifications to the Anglo-American Committee's federalisation plan. The plan was rejected unanimously by the seven member States of the Arab League at yesterday's session. Conference observers pointed out that with the exception of Britain, opposition to federalisation was now unanimous.

It was likey, they declared, that on Monday Mr. Bevin would either present a newly formulated British scheme or ask the Arab League to submit their own solution.

Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, said in an interview it was up to the British to make concessions to the Arab States if the conference was to serve any purpose. "While our discussions have been full and frank we have ben making the concessions for 25 years now," he stated. "Britain, in her reply on Monday, will have to give ground herself if any results are to be achieved," he added.

REJECTION OF FEDERAL SCHEME

LONDON, Sept. 12 (Reuter): Unanimity and firmness of Arab opposition to Britain's plan for provincial autonomy in Paestine was made plain to-day in to-day's two secret sessions of the London Conference, cables Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Informed quarters here stress that no quarrel developed, but that each of the Arab speakers—and all Arab delegations have now expressed their views—categorically rejected federal proposals described to the conference yesterday by Mr. George Hall, the British Colonial Secretary.

General discussion, which in the evening session followed the last of Arab statements on federation, did nothing to shift the stand point of Arabs or to secure the agreement to any modified version of the federal scheme.

The next step is expected to be Arab delegates' description of their own policy for Palestine outlined in greater detail than by Fariz el Khouri, Syrian elder statesman, when replying to Premier Clement Attlee's opening speech.

Britain's continuation of the 1939 White Paper—implying complete stop on Jewish immigration and Jewish land purchase in future—is expected in well-informed quarters here to be the minimum demands of the Arabs. The maximum will, of course, be recognition of Palestine as an independent Arab State.

For Britain, to-day's proceedings must have dispelled any illusions that Arab States might support the provincial autonomy plan. When the conference is over the British Government will have three courses:

Firstly, to impose federal plan in opposition to the wishes of both the Jews and Arabs in Palestine.

Secondly, to choose partition which the Arabs reject, but which the Jewish Agency would now support.

Thirdly, to go back to the White Paper which the Jews will oppose but which the Arabs might tolerate.

Double South African Gold Production

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (UPA): Mr. Gilbert J. McCaul, director of the Industrial Research Association Ltd. of South Africa, told a luncheon meeting of the Export Managers' Club today that the prospects that South Africa's gold production may be doubled within 15 or 20 years are a major factor in the development of South Africa as an export market for American merchandise.

He said mining properties and investments would probably increase by $ 3,000,000,000 in the next 15 years as a result of recent discoveries.

Mr. McCaul said the belief long held in South Africa that the present semi-circular gold lode might prove to be only part of a circular one had proved correct.

He said the exploitation of the new find will require much equipment, a large amount of which may come from America.

With increasing gold production, he said, South African imports may reach $ 1,000,000,000 yearly.

Britain Denies Soviet Report

BERLIN, Sept. 12 (Reuter): A British official of the Allied Control Commission in Berlin to-night denied an allegation published by the Soviet newspaper "Izvestia" that 'V' weapons were being manufactured by war plants in the British occupation zone.

British authorities some time ago proposed a four-power inquiry into the disarmament progress in all the four zones of Germany, he added, but Russia opposed it.

The Soviet allegations appeared in a despatch from "Izvestia's" Copenhagen correspondent which said that war plants in the British zone were manufacturing V ones, V twos and other war weapons which were being sent to Britain or retained in Germany for the use of British occupation troops.

Socialist-Communist Unity Impossible

PARIS, Sept. 13, (A. P. A.): The French Socialist Party formally told the Communists last night that unity of the two parties is impossible because of "the serious divergencies" between them.

The declaration was made by M. Guy Mollet, the Socialist Party's new Secretary-General, in a letter to M. Jacques Duclos, Secretary-General of the Communists, formally requesting him to dissolve the Communist-Socialist "Committee of Entente."

The Committee had been created to settle differences with the aim of eventual "organic unity of the two parties." The recent Socialist Congress asked that it be abolished.

QUETTA, Sept. 12 (API): It is understood that about 100 persons have been arrested in connection with the recent Quetta disturbances some of whom have since been released on bail.

Some looted property is also reported to have been recovered by the police.

DAILY ONE SHOW
at 4 p.m. till curfew is relaxed
Sun. Matinee at 1 p. m.
PRAKASH'S NEW SOCIAL
GHUNGHAT
(in THIRD Week)
with:— NIRMALA & AROON
LAMINGTON
An EVERGREEN Release

3RD WEEK OF SUCCESS!
PEOPLE'S THEATRE'S
DHARTI-KE-LAL
Produced & Directed by:
K. A. ABBAS
Daily: 1, 4, 6-30 p.m.
CAPITOL

27th WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S Screen Classic
Dr. KOTNIS
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
Daily: 4 p.m., Sun. 1 p.m.
During the Curfew Period
SWASTIK

THIRD WEEK
RANJIT'S
MOORTI
KHURSHID, MOTILAL
Director: C. A. DOSHI
Royal Opera House
Daily one Show at 3-30
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.

PLAZA
TALKIES DADAR
Daily: 1 & 4 p.m.
JAYANT DESAI'S
JABAN
Kaushalya, Ishwarlal, Dixit

REGAL air-cooled and air-conditioned
Phone: 35017
Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 P. M.
ABSORBING DOMESTIC MELODRAMA
Every woman will insist on seeing it!
WATCH "THE BATTLE OF SEXES"
"THE YEARS BETWEEN"
MICHAEL REDGRAVE
VALERIE HOBSON
FLORA ROBSON
A Sydney Box Production
A war-time picture you'll love
Sunday Morning at 10-30
SOL LESSER Presents
"STAGE DOOR CANTEEN"
80 well-known stars 80
Plus Six Bands
Laughs, Songs, Gaiety!

CITY LIGHT
Matunga (B.B.)
Owing to curfew only
TWO SHOWS DAILY
1 & 4 p.m.
RANJIT'S POPULAR MUSICAL
HOLI
HURSHID & ISHWARLAL

PALACE
PLEASE NOTE CHANGE IN TIMINGS:
Daily at 1 & 3-45 p.m.
Clap Your Hands! Tap Your Toes! Here comes a story that will sing and dance its way into your heart!
TECHNICOLOR MUSICAL HIT!
ANCHORS AWEIGH
FRANK SINATRA
KATHRYN GRAYSON
GENE KELLY
AN M-G-M PICTURE
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m
"Sensations Of 1945"
Eleanor Powell, Dennis O'Keefe.

HIND MATA
PAREL
Owing to Curfew only
Daily 2 shows at 1 & 3-30 p.m.
3RD WEEK!
MINERVA'S HISTORICAL
EK-DIN-KA SULTAN
MEHTAB & WASTI
GULAM MOHMAD

A-U-R-O-R-A
NOTE CHANGE IN TIMINGS:
Daily at 3 and 6-15 p.m.
Out of the mighty pages of Franz Werfel's immortal novel comes the radiant story of a simple girl whose faith shook the earth!
"THE SONG OF BERNADETTE"
WINNER OF 5 ACADEMY AWARDS,
Starring
JENNIFER JONES,
WILLIAM EYTHE, CHARLES BICKFORD
To-morrow morning at 10-30 a.m.
"TWIN BEDS"
Joan Bennett George Brent.

SUNDAY 15th
Morning at 9-30
PRITHVI THEATRES'
DEEWAR
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Plans open from 9 to 12 noon and 2 to 5 p.m.
Next Friday,
SHAKUNTALA.

EDWARD KALBADEVI
Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
EYES IN THE NIGHT
Edward Arnold, Anne Harding

BUY PERFECT & DEPENDABLE
"VAPALUX" LAMPS
BRITISH MAKE
INCANDESCENT LANTERN
suitable for indoor and outdoor, storm & rainproof.
RADHA KANTO DOSS & SONS Ltd.
211, Old China Bazar Street, Calcutta.

FIRMS Interested
in taking up
CITY AGENCY
for fast selling fruit products, etc.,
Apply:
Messrs. KAR & CO.,
G.P.O. Box No. 586, BOMBAY.

NOW
4 TIMES A WEEK
FROM BOMBAY TO CALCUTTA
FLY
ON MONDAY ✓
TUESDAY ✓
WEDNESDAY ✓
THURSDAY ✓
RETURN ON
TUESDAY-WEDNESDAY
THURSDAY-FRIDAY
CALCUTTA Rs. 195
NAGPUR Rs. 80
(5% return rebate on round flight)
Apply
TATA AIR LINES
(TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT)
Tel. 24598
PLANADE MANSIONS
BOMBAY.
OPEN 24 HOURS A DAY
OR
ANY TRAVEL AGENT

Copyright Tata Sons Ltd. JWT

HOMOEO BOOKS
Drs. BOENNINGHAUSEN & WELLS.
"Intermittent Fever" Rs. 6/8
Dr. H. C. ALLINS
"Mat. Medica of the Nosodes" Rs. 9
Dr. P. P. WELLS.
"Diarrhoea & Dysentery" Rs. 3
SETT DEY & CO.
ORIGINAL HOMOEO PHARMACY.
40-A, Strand Road.
CALCUTTA.

HERNIA
Wonderful remedy by outward application Thousands benefitted without operation Apply for testimonials and directions:—
H. C Roy, Specialist in Hernia
DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 1/1A Upper Circular Road Calcutta

A NECESSITY in EVERY HOME.

AGENTS:
G.B.DEY & Co
36, STRAND ROAD, CALCUTTA.

389/20100

STOMACH DISORDERS

Swiftly respond to this triumph of modern medical research

LASTING RELIEF EVEN IN SERIOUS CASES

Among the great advances in medical research, an outstanding achievement is PLESOX — a safe, natural treatment for stomach disorders. Whether stomach troubles are slight or serious, their root cause is mostly a disturbance of Nature's mechanism for protecting the delicate stomach lining. Without drugs, PLESOX gives quick relief and lasting benefit because it acts as Nature does, spreading a soothing, protective film over the stomach lining and upper duodenum so that Nature's repair forces can get to work and Nature's own protective processes can be resumed.

Act now! Why suffer a day longer and run risks besides? Acidity, Indigestion, Biliousness, etc., are not only painful, troublesome and debilitating but often lead to graver stomach disorders. PLESOX is as safe and beneficial for young children as for adults. Help your stomach to heal itself. Take PLESOX now. Read what this sufferer says:

"No genuine relief until I tried Plesox"

"After some three years intense discomfort and chronic sickness from acute indigestion, I have at last found some lasting relief from Plesox . . . I have tried many remedies. All are the same — quick relief, no cure . . . I've been X-rayed, pounded and massaged but have had no genuine relief until I tried Plesox . . . since when I have felt quite different and in better health in every way."

PLESOX NATURE'S PARTNER

STOMACH TREATMENT

Standard Size 50 Tablets
Family Size 100 Tablets
From all Chemists and Stores.
Explanatory leaflet from the Distributors: Cama Norton & Co., Cama Chambers, 23, Medows Street, Bombay.

LIVERGEN

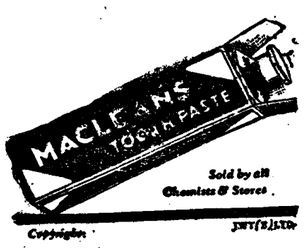
THE TONIC THAT RESTORES PERFECT FUNCTIONING OF THE LIVER

STANDARD
PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD.
CALCUTTA

Agents: Messrs. LAVCHAND VARAJDAS & Co., Princes Stret, Bombaey 2.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Yes, I never miss



Sold by all Chemists & Stores.

Copyright. JWT/8/LTD.

MT. 6048—Size 6"x4 col. 2045.

CITY STREETS MUST BE CLEANED

Insanitary Conditions Jeopardise Public Health

"If the insanitary conditions in the city continue for another four days, then, God help Bombay", said an eminent city doctor to a reporter of this paper in an interview, this morning. This physician who is an M.D. B.Hy. did not want his name to be disclosed but he had no hesitation in stating that he strongly disapproves of the tardy measures taken by the Health Department of the Bombay Municipality to remove garbage which has accumulated in those parts of the city affected by disturbances.

The difficulties that confront the Health Officer are appreciated by the public, but it cannot be gainsaid, that with a little exertion, perhaps, the city could have been saved from being the vast "dustbin and stink-pot" that it has become since riots broke out in the city on September 1.

It is suggested that if scavengers and sweepers are reluctant to work in affected localities on account of risk to their lives, then, the Municipality should obtain adequate protection for them from Government.

It is feared that any measures which are within the realm of possibility cannot be delayed any longer and it is hoped that the authorities concerned will act immediately.

In the meanwhile Bombay is full of 20,000 tons of garbage.

Thana Peasants' Primary Education Committee

It a meeting held recently at the Servants of India Society's Hall, Bombay, a Committee called the Peasants' Primary Education Committee, Thana, was formed having for its aims and objects the promotion of primary education and literary in the rural areas of the district of Thana. The Committee proposes to establish a network of primary schools, particularly in those isolated villages situated in the partially excluded areas of the district of Thana. The following gentlemen are included in the Committee: Mr N M Joshi, M L A Central (President), Prof. P A Wadia (Vice-Presidents), Mr C M Trivedi (Secretary).

COCHIN HONEY

UNTOUCHED BY HAND
GUARANTEED PURE

Directly prepared from the Bee Hive.

A genuine product of village industry through co-operative enterprise.

Enquire or write to:

Marketing Society, Ltd.
TRICHUR,
(Cochin State)

FOR A SMOOTHER SKIN

... because
NIVEA GUARDS
Skin Health*

NIVEA Creme is both a beauty cream *and* a protector. Gently rubbed on the skin, it actually penetrates the surface, nourishes underlying tissues and helps remove blemishes. With its unique ingredient "Eucerite"—closely resembling natural skin oils—NIVEA softens and smoothes the skin, protects its natural beauty against sunburn and dusty days. Use NIVEA always as a perfect base for powder and a fragrant 'refresher' to keep your skin supple and *beautiful*.

★NIVEA Creme contains "Eucerite"—an ingredient possessing the closest resemblance to the skin's natural oils. It gently penetrates the skin surface, nourishes tissues, prevents dry, 'tired' skin.

Skin needs
NIVEA

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES

SMOKE AND ENJOY!
OUR
CIGARS! CHEROOTS!!
Famous for Quality!
For Flavour and Aroma they are unsurpassed!!
Manufactured with Selected
LANKA TOBACCO
"Thermal Curing" a Speciality
TRIAL SOLICITED:
WANTED STOCKISTS & DISTRIBUTORS everywhere.
Manufacturers:
THE GODAVARI CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE STORES LTD.
B. 408.
Rajahmundry. (M.S.M. Ry.)

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 3, 2002.
Muslim: Savval 17, 1365.
Parsi: Fervardin 11, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-26 a.m. Sunset: 6-43 p.m.
Hightide: 01-27, 13-37. Lowtide: 07-22, 19-43.

Today's Engagements

PARTY TO MR. JAMNALAS M. MEHTA: At the Taj at 4 p.m. today, the Mayor of Bombay presiding.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Public Lecture on "The Building of Character", Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, Sunday 5-0 p.m.

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY: Swami Sambhuddhananda's lecture on Vedanta Philosophy, Batliboi's Institute, Prescot Road. Fort, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m.

EXHIBITION OF NATURE CURE APPLIANCES: Open to public at Dr. Raghubhai P. Shastri is recently opened Nature Cure Clinic, Dreamland, 25, New Queen's Road to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (15th) between 9 to 11 a.m. and 4 to 6 p.m.

MATUNGA PEACE COMMITTEE: Mr. B. N. Maheshwari, President, Matunga Peace Committee announces that "Sriyut S. K. Patil, President, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will address the members of the Peace Committee on Sunday the 15th inst., at 9 a.m. (S.T.), at the Matunga Gujarati Club at King's Circle, Matunga.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Hon. Jt. Secretary writes:—All members and recruits are hereby informed that there will be no parade on Sunday (to-morrow.)

BOMBAY LIFE EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION: The General Body Meeting of 'The Bombay Life Employees' Association' will be held at 2-30 p.m. in Brahmin Sabha Hall, Girgaum. Mr. K. S. Dharia will preside.

AMENDMENT OF BOMBAY SALES TAX: A Bill to amend the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946, is on the anvil of the Bombay Legislative Assembly in the statement of Objects and Reasons, it is observed: "In view of the representations received from the public that the limit of Rs. 10,000 of gross turnover, prescribed under the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946, for purposes of liability to tax, is too low, it is proposed to increase that limit to Rs. 30,000."

INTER-COLLEGIATE SWIMMING COMPETITION: The Inter-Collegiate Swimming Competition will be held at the Back Bay Baths on the 23rd and 24th September, 1946, commencing at 4 p.m. each day and not on the 26th and 27th September, as previously intimated.

THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY will hold its Inter-Collegiate Football Tournament 1946-47, as programmed below:—

16th September (Monday) Ruia vs. E. C. and R. I. S. at 4 p.m. 17th September (Tuesday) G. S. M. vs. Ismail at 4 p.m. 18th September (Wednesday) St. X. vs. Sydenham at 4 p.m. 19th September (Thursday) Siddharth vs. G. M. C. at 4 p.m. 20th September (Friday) Podar vs. Winner of (1) at 4 p.m. 23rd September (Monday) Khalsa vs. Winner of (2) at 4 p.m. 24th September (Tuesday) Winner of (5) vs. Winner (Semi-Finals) of (4) at 4 p.m. 25th September (Wednesday) Winner of (3) vs. Winner (Semi-Finals) of (6) at 4 p.m. and 27th September (Friday) Finals at 4 p.m.

HINDU SUNRAKSHAK MANDAL: Arrangements have been made by the Legal Aid Department of the above Mandal to file compensation claims on behalf of the Hindu riot victims who have suffered loss of life or property or who are injured. These compensation claims must be filed within one month of the occurrence. The relatives of the deceased and those who have suffered loss of property or are personally injured are advised to see our lawyer Mr. M. J. Gordhandas at the Legal Aid Centre on the 3rd floor, Narayan Niwas, Opp. Majestic Cinema, Girgaon (Tel. No. 28113). Other legal aid will also be provided for. Those desirous of help may also see Mr. M. J. Gordhandas or Mr. M. J. Mogre, Advocates at the Mazagaon Police Court.

"MUSLIM WOMEN IN INDIA": Mr. Saiyed M. H. Zaidi, Mokameh Ghat, Patna, writes:—

"I am working on a book entitled "Awakening of Muslim Women in India" and appeal to your reading public to help me in the preparation of this important work by sending detailed notes on the educational, social and political activities of Muslim women in their provinces and districts and also short biographical sketches with or without photographs of prominent ladies for publication in the book. All material must reach me by the 31st October 1946.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
SATURDAY, Sept. 14.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Keep Fit 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Sanmukhbabu Upadhyay (Violin) 8.45 V R Sardeshmukh 9.0 Ameer Khan (Vocal) 12.0 p.m. Shaniwarchya Gappa 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Bhavgeet 1-25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch-Hour Music 4.20 V R Sardeshmukh 4.40 Sheikh Chand (Nagpur) 4.50 Gujarati Geet 5.0 Sanmukhbabu Upadhyay (Violin) 5.15 Bahuroopi (G) 4.50 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Chitrapat Sangeet 6.30 Sheikh Chand 6.45 Shrimatibai Narvekar 7.15 Sanmukhbabu Upadhyay (Violin) 7.30 Ameer Khan (Vocal) 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Sandesni (Replies to listeners' letters in Hindustan) 8.40 Musical Interlude 8.45 Birth of a Nation: (Influence of Geography Talk by Ramanlal Desai) 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Buddhivardhak Mandal (G) 10.15 Ameer Khan (Vocal).

BIRTH OF A NATION.

Today (Saturday) at 8-45 p.m., Mr Ramanlal Desai will broadcast from AIR Bombay, the first of a series of talks entitled "Birth of a Nation."

He will continue this series which considers the factors that hold a group of people together as a nation on the 21st and 28th of September also at 8-45 p.m. Mr. Desai's talks can be heard on 244 and 31.48 m.

Bronze Statue (life-size) of Mahatma Gandhi installed by the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association, opposite Chief Court, Karachi.

Unveiling ceremony is to be performed by Dr. Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan today.

The Statue has been prepared by Wagh Sculptors, Bombay, under the direction of Dr. D. G. Vyas.

3 WOMEN KILL MAN

Previous Quarrel Believed To Have Led To Murder

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Maharbouri Police reported today as to how three women joined together and murdered a man last night at Mugbhat Lane.

The police officer alleged that on the information received that a man had been killed by three women in a room at Chawl No. 7, at Pimpalwadi, Mugbhat Lane, he visited the place and found the body of one Krishna Kamble (30) lying in a pool of blood.

He found the life extinct and there were stab wounds on the chest, neck and arm and other parts of the body. A butcher's knife and a pair of scissors were also found near the body.

Further enquiry revealed that one Maltibai Ganganand Kabir, and Shantibai Govind Tendulkar, Mother and daughter along with another woman are alleged to have killed the man on account of some previous quarrel between them.

Mr. Manker, the Bombay City Coroner adjourned the inquest to a later date.

S. I. RY. STRIKERS BACK TO WORK

MADURA, Sept. 12 (A.P.I.): Almost all the available striking men both of the Golden Rock Railway Workshop and Madura Junction have resumed duty to-day. In other stations in the southern division of the South Indian Railway, a large number of striking employees are reported back to duty. Mr. Asai Ali's telegram today to Mr. S. Guruswamy assuring that all reasonable grievances of the workers will be sympathetically considered if they resumed work at once has created a good impression among the striking railway staff and the railway authorities expect that those who are still holding out will come back to-morrow.

In addition to usual trains one extra passenger train was run to-day between Villupuram and Madura via Chord line. This additional train will be run daily from to-morrow in both directions.

'Bombay Chronicle'

Special Issue

for

THE INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

THE ISSUE of the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" of 25th October next, the Hindu New Year day, will be larger than usual. Its special feature will be a number of articles dealing with different aspects of the Film Industry. These articles, written as they will be by specialists on the subject, will be constructive, interesting and informative. Many of these articles will be illustrated.

Contributions and othe material intended for publication should be sent to the Editor "Bombay Chronicle".

Particulars and rates of advertisements can be had from the Advt. Dept. of the "Bombay Chronicle".

Supplies are Adequate

- Mackenzie's 'Amontillado' Sherry
- Dry Sack Sherry
- Verdelho Madiera
- Butler Nephew's Port
- Cointreau

PHIPSON
AND COMPANY LIMITED
BOMBAY CALCUTTA
EST. 1883

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Prospects Of The Ensuing Hockey Season

By J. C. MAITRA

The hockey season is fast approaching. In a month's time, the League Tournament will be ushered in. Lourdes Pereira, the energetic Secretary of the B.P.H.A., has evolved a new plan for the Senior teams. Finding that there is a big difference in standard between seven of them and the rest which makes the contests between the first batch and the second rather one-sided and dull, he has suggested that the Senior Competition should be so restricted that the former do not clash with the latter. So a separate Division, called the Senior Division, will be started with the following seven teams in it:—

H. M. I. Dockyard, B. B. and C. I. Railway, G. I. P. Railway Headquarters, Lusitanians 'A', St. Xavier's College, City Police and the 'Times of India.'

They will play each other twice. Everybody will agree, I am sure, that these matches will be exceedingly interesting.

EVEN AND INTERESTING CONTESTS

Thus the First Division will comprise the remaining seven and the three teams promoted from the Second Division. This will help to make the fights between them more even, which will increase their rivalry and thus enhance the interest in the Competition. It will also contribute to the improvement in their standards. The Second and third divisions will retain their present form and composition.

I do not know how it will be possible to entertain so many teams and run so many divisions with the very limited number of grounds at the disposal of the Association. The new ground is still in charge of the Government. I do not think it will be possible to stage any matches there until the 1947-48 Season. So the old ground will have to be utilised during the coming season. I understand the Association will provide the same amenities in the shape of the stands, etc., to the public as it did last season. I have every hope that the hockey fans of Bombay will extend to it their hearty support and make the season a glowing success.

INVITATION TOURNAMENT

The Invitation Tournament which was inaugurated last season and was abandoned owing to the disturbances in the city will be staged, it is said, with more up-country teams than were invited last season. There may be half a dozen of the best teams in the country. This is necessary to replenish the finances of the Association. M. K. Rao, the Hon. Treasurer of the B.P.H.A., has donated a beautiful trophy for this competition.

I need hardly mention that the Provincial Championship will be held as usual, so also the competitions for the fair sex. It will be a packed season, on the whole.

By the way, I should mention that the B.P.H.A. has now a member of the fair sex in Mrs. Lorna Read on its Committee. She is a pioneer of women's hockey in Bombay. I have no doubt she will be greatly helpful to the administration particularly in matters affecting her sex.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

BOMBAY
TO
JAMNAGAR, BHUJ, KARACHI
BHOPAL, CAWNPORE, LUCKNOW
DAKOTA - GAGANDUTA

FOR CHARTER 7 SEATERS AVAILABLE

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.
BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE 21919 - AFTER OFFICE HOURS 25744 - TELEGRAMS AIRWAYS.

SELECTIONS FOR GOVERNOR'S CUP DAY

Scarlet Greatly Fancied

Her Majesty And Push On Hard To Defeat

By Our Racing Correspondent

The following are my selections for to-day's Poona races:—

1st Race: 1 Stars and Stripes 2 Generalissimo, 3 Gipsy Moon.

2nd Race: 1 Pearl Mahal, 2 Silver Seal, 3 Zedai.

3rd Race: 1 Guardstone, 2 Dulhan, 3 Traitor.

4th Race: 1 Alijah, 2 Filmindia, 3 Haut Ton.

5th Race: 1 Her Majesty, 2 Zam Zam, 3 Gipsy Gem.

6th Race: 1 Scarlet, 2 Hindustan, 3 Lord Wavell.

7th Race: 1 His Majesty if ab. Shalimar, 2 Dev Kumar, 3 Just So.

8th Race: 1 Push On, 2 Star Of Sirohi, 3 Kamal Prabha.

9th Race: 1 Passion Flower, 2 Beau Nash, 3 Pure Emerald.

DARK FLUKES: Nawabkhan and Prince Saleem.

C. C. I. Badminton

BHIDE LASTS TO WIN

BOMBAY, Friday.

After having lost the first game and being down 9-11 in the second Bhide made a fine recovery to account for B. R. Agaskar in the singles event. The winner survived a test of stamina as the latter was so completely exhausted in the decider that often he failed to cover the ground. Bhide's stamina came to his aid in the third game in which he conceded only three points.

A little earlier Bhide's partner Shirke survived another match that went into the decider. Against Fernandes, he lost the first game collecting only four points but settled down thereafter to win the next two at six and love.

In another match that went into the third game, brave Miss Harenjal partnered by another junior player Bhopardikar, accounted for Miss Rajadnyaksha and M. N. Desai, the score being 16-18, 15-10, 15-2.

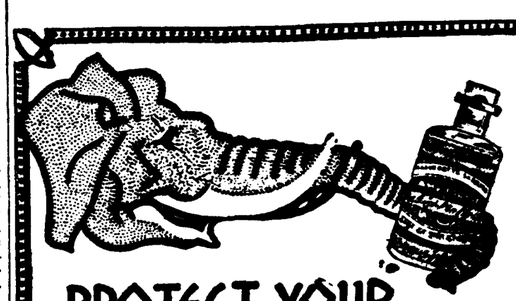
MAORIS IN NEW ZEALAND TEAM

"Daily Mail's" Pungent Dig At South Africans

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 13. (Reuter): The influential Rand "Daily Mail" in an ironical editorial very reluctantly concludes that Maoris should not be included in the New Zealand team to tour South Africa.

After recounting the achievements of Maoris on sporting and battlefields and quoting Springbok Louis Barrow that "the Maoris Battalion saved many young South African lives" the Paper says: "But all that counts for nothing. The fact is that Maoris committed a cardinal social error. That was to have been born coloured. This is very wrong of them and anyone knowing South Africa will realise that if they come to South Africa they will be made to pay the penalty for the fault."

South Africa could have no complaint if New Zealanders refused to send a team at all, the paper says. "We shall show ourselves to the world to be rather a backward people and the objection to Maoris will not be exactly helpful when the fate of African Mandated Territory or the Indian complaint is being discussed by the United Nations."



PROTECT YOUR HEALTH WITH

AMRITDHARA

Address— Amritdhara, Lahore.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

None equals Amritdhara. You will be disappointed at times.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 13, (API). The following is the daily weather chart as recorded at 8 a.m. today:

Ahmedabad 89 77 0 26.5 plus 0.6
Ahmednagar 86 65 T 16.5 minus 9.4
Aurangabad 84 68 0 26.0 plus 5.7
Bangalore 81 64 0 15.7 plus 1.9 Baroda 87 75 0 30.5 Nil Belgaum 75 65 0 48.3 plus 11.4 Bhopal 79 77 1.3 46.0 plus 4.0 Bhup 96 78 0 12.9 plus 1.2 BOMBAY 82 76 0.7 69 0 plus 5.8 Calcutta 90 79 0 Nil Nil Cherapunji 76 66 1.3 Nil Nil Delhi 95 81 0 21.9 plus 4.9 Gulbarga 88 68 0 19.9 plus 6.9 Honavar 83 72 0.6 137.2 Nil Hyderabad (Dn) 86 71 0 15.3 minus 3.6 Indore 76 70 0.2 45 9 plus 17.1 Karachi 89 81 0 3.9 minus 1.9 Lahore 103 71 0 14.1 plus 1.2 Madras 93 77 0 15.7 plus 3.7 Mahableshwar 65 58 0.2 235.9 plus 47.1 Mysore 81 64 0 10.8 plus 0.1 Nagpur 86 76 0.2 44.3 plus 5.5 Palghat 88 71 0.3 75.7 Nil Patna 91 83 0 Nil Nil Peshawar 97 68 0 1.3 minus 2.7 Poona 84 69 0 20.6 plus 3.8 Raichur 89 70 0 15.1 minus 1.2 Sholapur 88 67 0 25.5 plus 6.7 Srinagar 90 49 0 4.6 minus 2.2 Surat 84 75 0 59.3 plus 23.0

Weather summary for Friday. Yesterday's depression is centred this morning near Guna and is likely to move in a northerly direction. Conditions are markedly unsettled in the north Bay of Bengal. Rainfall has been widespread in Central India with widespread light showers in the Konkan. Local rain has fallen in Assam, the West Central Provinces, East Rajputana and Malabar.

FORECAST UNTIL SATURDAY EVENING: Rainfall will increase in Malabar and the Konkan and will be widespread in West Central India the West United Provinces and East Rajputana. Local rain will occur in North-east India, the East United Provinces, the East and North Punjab, the East Central Provinces Gujarat and Mysore.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain will occur in East Rajputana, the West United Provinces, Orissa and Kanara within the next 48 hours.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Mine is not a religion of the prison-house. It has room for the least among God's creation. But it is proof against insolence, pride of race, religion or colour.

—Mahatma Gandhi.

The Bombay Chronicle

A RAY OF LIGHT

Writing on Wednesday on the subject of the political deadlock, we suggested that, in view of recent pronouncements on behalf of the Congress and the League, negotiations for a settlement should begin at once. We are, therefore, very glad to learn that the Viceroy has lost no time in initiating such negotiations. He has invited Mr. Jinnah to New Delhi and the latter is proceeding thither tomorrow. According to the 'Associated Press of India', in well-informed circles in New Delhi, it is believed that not only will Lord Wavell put his point of view before Mr. Jinnah but that opportunity may also be taken by the Interim Government to contact the latter and once again try for a peaceful solution of the present difficulties.

All this will be very pleasant and heartening news to the country generally. The news has also been welcomed in all political circles in London and Mr. Sorensen's description of it as "a ray of light in a dark world" aptly sums up the innermost sentiments and feelings of all who love India and wish that her people should begin the era of their newly-won freedom in an atmosphere of peace and communal amity and who realize that whatever happens in India during the next few months, for better or for worse, will have a tremendous reaction on world politics. As we pointed out the other day, there need now be no difficulty about an agreed settlement between the Congress and the League as regards the functions, powers and scope of the Constituent Assembly in view of the Wardha resolution of the Congress and the broadcast of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru. As regards the Interim Government also there need also be no difficulty as the general formula about it has been accepted by the League before. Any difficulties about details concerning personnel and procedure of working can be settled through negotiations.

We are confident that these negotiations, in spite of seeming difficulties, will succeed if they are carried on, on the side of Mr. Jinnah, in the spirit in which, to use his own language, "the good of the people instead of face-saving of individuals would be of paramount consideration." So far as the Congress is concerned, we have no doubt, its spokesman will carry on the negotiations in the same spirit. To-day the points of agreement between the Congress and the League on all controversial issues are more numerous and more vital and important than those of disagreement. It would be a national tragedy of supreme gravity if the utmost possible advantage is not taken of the points of agreement and the points of disagreement are not so reduced, if not adjusted, as to make success of the negotiations inescapable.

Avert Famine

The main resolution of the People's Provincial Food Council at its annual session at Poona on Wednesday expressed "grave concern at the absence of any assurance that the minimum stocks necessary for the needs of the province would be maintained in the coming months." Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, was optimistic enough to say that there was no cause for despondency at this stage. But the figures he quoted of stocks of food in hand and the deficit yet to be covered certainly give cause for concern. Mr. Desai said that the province had stocks of 280,000 tons and was sure to get imports of 29,000 tons but that 224,000 tons more were necessary to carry on till December. Nearly two months, therefore, have yet to be provided for, and no certain sources have been mentioned. Probably the Interim National Government is relied upon to ensure more imports from abroad and also supplies from the surplus provinces of the Punjab and Sind. But it is risky to be too sure of Bombay's share of fresh supplies, external and internal. In any case every possible effort must be made to grow more food of any kind that can sustain life. And on this question must be concentrated the best efforts of the Government, bodies like the People's Council and the public in general. Long-range plans of making the province self-sufficient in respect of food in the future may be safely postponed till the most urgent problem of averting famine in the last two months of the year is given adequate consideration.

Mr. Kher rightly reminded the Council of Gandhiji's admonition not to rely unduly on foreign help but to make the country self-supporting, and he urged the Council to forward suggestions to the Government for intensifying the "grow more food" campaign in the province. It will lighten the task of the Council and the public in general in making helpful suggestions if the Government issues a detailed statement describing the measures already adopted or proposed by it and the difficulties experienced or apprehended in undertaking wider measures. For the specific purpose of averting famine in the last two months of the year, it is too late to make suggestions about growing more grains, say, on hitherto uncultivated land. But there are appreciable possibilities in growing more vegetables and, so far as our own province is concerned, in deep sea fishing with the help of steam launches, if not steam ships. If generous concessions are made by Government in the supply of salt —huge quantities of fish can be preserved and sent to all parts of the province. Certain kinds of palm trees in North Kanara yield a crude type of starch which, properly processed, should be valuable in combating famine. There are also tens of thousands of wild boars in the Kanara forests. If even a thousand are killed, it will both save the crop usually destroyed by them and also supply huge quantities of preservable meat. Different districts have different special resources, and each district should make its own plan of specific measures against the impending famine. As, generally speaking, local officials are better informed on this subject or at least have easy access to facts and figures not easily accessible to the public, these officials, particularly the Collector of every district and the Mamlatdar of every taluka, should be persuaded to give all possible help in making plans for the different districts.

Frankly Speaking

Mudie's Final Achievement

Sir Francis Mudie has cut the Gordian knot of Sind politics. He will presumably expect to be hailed as a Governor who respects constitutional methods. The dissolution of the Assembly is certainly a constitutional way out of the trouble. But it must be emphasised that the knot was largely of Sir Francis Mudie's own making. He has all along deliberately worked to keep the Coalition Party out of power. His latest excuse, namely, equality of numerical strength, is also based on a twisting of the actual facts. It has been the declared policy of Europeans in India that their representatives in the legislatures will support the Ministry in power whatever its political complexion until that particular Ministry gave positive reasons while in office, for opposition. Unless, therefore, the three European M.L.A.'s had changed, or had been made to change, their declared policy, they could not be counted among the members of the Ghulam Hussein party. The position, therefore, was not of equality but one in which the Coalition, as admitted by the Governor himself, was 30 strong as against 27 members behind Mr. Ghulam Hussein. Moreover, Sir Francis Mudie would have known of the decision of Messrs Chandio and Syed Noor Shah, which would have reduced the "Ministerial" strength including the three Europeans themselves to 28 as against 32 in the opposition. He rushed to forestall these two members and also the consequent embarrassing situation for his Premier and dissolved the Assembly.

Opposition's Handicaps

The dissolution of the Assembly is, thus not so much an act of constitutional proprietory as an escape from an inevitable development to which Sir Francis Mudie cannot, as long as it is possible, reconcile himself. It must also be noted that the elections will, in the natural course of constitutional practice, be conducted under the auspices of the Ghulam Hussain Ministry which is not particularly known for its sense of fairness and impartiality and which, of course, enjoys the confidence and special goodwill of His Excellency the Governor. These considerations must be pointed out because they constitute some of the vital factors in the Sind political situation. Subject to these considerations the dissolution of the Assembly and the democratic method of final appeal to the electorate itself is welcome. The Opposition will be working during the elections under serious handicaps. That is obvious to any one who has even superficially followed the course of Sind politics But it is time that the "deadlock" was resolved one way or the other but resolved decisively.

Regrettable Speech

Mr. Henry Wallace, the U. S. ex-Vice-President, is known among friends as a progressive Liberal and regarded by opponents as an emotional radical. He has just addressed American Leftists and warned his country against the dangers of getting involved in war with Russia through being embroiled in British foreign policy in Europe and the Near East. He wants Americans to keep out of trouble. The Americans have doubtless their own interests in power politics as the British and the Russians. But Wallace's advice to America recalls to us the broadcast statement of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as regards India's attitude towards international affairs. The best contribution to peace is studious avoidance of power politics and cultivation of friendly relations with all. Not Wallace's America but Nehru's India can certainly make that contribution and give a lead which the world so desperately needs. But Indians, too, have got to learn the spirit of Jawaharlal Nehru's broadcast. In this connection we must mention with regret a recent speech by Sir Homi Mody which was an outright condemnation of Soviet Union. Every individual must have the right to his own views to a free expression of them. That is fully admitted. But Sir Homi is a prominent leader of an international organisation which, moreover, has just been charged with the task of calling an inter-Asian Relations Conference which is to include invitees from Soviet Asia, too. When such a leader speaks he must do so with great restraint and with a sense of international obligations implicit in his position as Chairman of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs.

Half A Daniel

The White South African paper the "Rand Daily Mail", does not seem to have 100 per cent respect for the sacred principles of its fellow-Whites. In an ironical and impudently flippant comment on South African Whites' objection to playing football with any New Zealand team, the all-White purity of which is destroyed by the inclusion of Maoris, the paper, after recounting the achievements of Maoris including the services of the Maori Battalion in saving young South African lives, writes: "But all that counts for nothing. The fact is that Maoris committed a cardinal social error. That was to have been born coloured. This is very wrong of them and any one knowing South Africa will realise that if they come to South Africa they will be made to pay the penalty for the fault." We appreciate the South African paper's stand on the particular isssue. But there its sense of decency apparently stops. It seems to champion the Maori footballers lest proof of South African Whites' backwardness might prejudice their case in respect of the African Mandated Territory and India's complaint to UNO. Yet Indians, too, have rendered great services not only to South African Whites in war but also to South Africa in peace. And they, too, are being 'made to pay the penalty for the fault" of being born coloured.

Attitudes And Latitudes

By 'BIRBAL'

(The views expressed in this column are not always necessarily those of the Editor.—Editor "B.C.")

Ceylon is a little island but it has a problem for India as big or bigger than South Africa. Indians do not know much about it nor can they easily suspect that little Ceylon can afford to be unreasonable about anything. Yet that is how things are shaping.

The story goes back to 1837 or to when the island was being opened up for growing coffee and rubber. Labour was required and as usual India was tapped. Indian Government, however, was careful for once and allowed this labour to go on the express condition that it would receive equal treatment with the rest of the inhabitants of Ceylon. To prevent its being exploited a Minimum Wage Act was enforced applying only to the Indian labourer—so that till two years ago or so he was earning higher wages than other labouring classes. The idea was that their labour had to be imported because of shortage of labour and not because of its cheapness.

There was no trouble in the island till negotiations started for the Independence of Ceylon. Indian population had by now reached the figure of 8,00,000. What is more, this population was not a fluid one but had come to accept the country as of its adoption. Several families had been on the same estate for two and three generations. Their dead had been buried there and their grand-children and at times great-grand children had been born there. They had their little garden plots and cattle and poultry. They had even become acclimatised and spoke with a sense of dread of the hot plains of South India from which most had originally come.

Then came the reforms and the question of political power. Naturally the majority community—the Singhalese claimed it and got it. But at the same time arose the thorny question of this 8 lakhs of population whether it should be given full rights of citizenship or not. There were several conferences between the representatives of the two Governments but to no account. Pending agreement the Government of India stopped further emigration some 7 years ago. Today there is a complete deadlock. The stand of the Ceylon Government is shortly this: that this labour was brought in by British capital. They admit that it is indispensable to Ceylon's economy. Without this population the tea estates in particular could not be worked for a day. But the Singhalese do not want these people as one of them. As Mr. Bandarnaike, present Minister for Local Administration, put it, "we are a different race altogether and could never absorb the Indians. Our entire history is a story of conflict with the South Indian." Yet Mr. Senanayake, the Leader of the State Council, admits that Ceylon cannot do without this labour population but is willing to have it only in the role of labourers. If they are given full rights of Ceylon citizenship they will cease to be labourers and demand land and other privileges. In other words he both wants to eat his cake and have it. But how can India permit Ceylon to treat her nationals as mere hands of convenience to be repatriated when old and worthless and till then worked as chattels for the prosperity of Ceylon? The tea and rubber estates in fact contribute more to the treasuries of Ceylon than any other factor and they are all worked by the Indian labourer. In the meantime Ceylon is taking great strides in education, land development, etc.; but the Indian is tacitly excluded from these. The case in point is the Knavesmire Estate (tea and rubber plantation) which the Ceylon Government has bought up to try the experiment of parcelling it out to peasants who would work it on a co-operative basis. There were over 500 families of labourers on this estate when the transaction took place. The Government ordered them to get out as the land would be given only to the inhabitants of neighbouring villages—who are Singhalese. The Indians are realising this as they demand that they also have a right to participate in such schemes specially such of them as have lived on that estate for a generation or more. They are being now prosecuted for criminal trespass and the Ceylon Indian Congress is conducting their defence. But there is little hope of saving them from prison unless there is an immediate settlement on top. The situation is serious and 'Birbal' hopes that the National Government, however interim, will take cognisance immediately and do something to resolve the deadlock.

"KABULIWALA"

Once again it is Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan who has come forward and denounced aerial bombing of the trans-frontier region. He has asked for the incorporation of the border territories into the Frontier Province. Will the National Government respond? Let us bring to the Pathans the long-sought unity and freedom and thus bind these brave people with hoops of iron to our great organization.

The Congress must pay greater attention to the Pathans. Tens of thousands of them in the Frontier Province are the backbone of the Congress. The Bombay Congress has little contact with the fifty thousand Pathans residing in the City. The Bombay Police have a lesson to teach us, it has a separate Pathan branch with its Inspector and subordinate staff. "Birbal" requests Khan Sahib to send a batch of Khudai Khidmatgars to big cities like Bombay and Calcutta to work as "liaisons" between the Pathans and the Congress organisation. His epic work has, in the eyes of other Indians, changed the Pathan from a man of terror to a man of God. The vision that his genius vouchsafed to Poet Tagore and which he embodied in the story of "Kabuliwala" can become the view point of every Indian if the Congress will creatively utilise the services of the Khudai Khidmatgars.

CALL OFF THE BLUFF

According to an Associated Press of America message from Germany, the Russian authorities have refused repeated requests by American correspondents to be allowed to visit the former Nazi concentration camp of Buchenwald. At first sight, this refusal might be taken as yet another example of Russian cussedness, but a perusal of a most enlightening brochure, which has just been published, recording the proceedings of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs when Louis Fischer led a discussion on "The World Problem", shows that there is a more solid reason behind the Russian refusal.

"He would not be there" Mr. Fischer told the meeting in reply to a question as to what would be the position of a German Socialist who refused to merge with the Communists. "It is an established fact that the Soviet authorities in the Russian zone in Germany have reopened four Nazi concentration camps and in these Nazi concentration camps you will find Social Democrats and anybody who opposes the merger (of the Social Democrats with the Communists) or Soviet domination, or shows will power or personality of his own. German Social Democrats have been sent to Siberia. Several have been kidnapped and not heard of again..... The truth about Russia for you, and for most Indians, comes from reading about Russian ideologists. But the truth about Russia in Eastern and Central Europe is the Red Army. They came with a great deal of glory and prestige, but much of that prestige has been dissipated by the rape, looting, murder and terror which came shortly after that". No wonder American correspondents are not allowed to secure first-hand evidence of the new horrors of Buchenwald, where Socialists and Democrats are again the victims, and only the jailors have changed from Nazis to Communists.

In the course of the same discussion, Louis Fischer also effectively exploded the theory that Russian foreign policy can be explained in terms of security "It is not Russia's fear of attack that explains Russia's foreign policy. It is because of Russia's certainty that she will, "not" be attacked that she is behaving this way. She is sure that England and America will not act and will not resist. There may come a change soon—I hope it will".

That was on July 22, 1946. Within six weeks, Mr. Fischer's hope has been justified. Turkey's firm stand over the Dardenelles, and Mr. Byrnes' speech calling the Russian bluff over Germany show that the change has come—just in time, let us hope, to avert for the time being another conflagration.

THIS INDIA:—"Property for Sale on a Punjab Hill, on the Mall".

An advt. in a paper.

(Copyright.)

COME BACK, MR. JINNAH

(By L. G. Khare)

As an admirer of your political tenacity, obstinacy and courage for more than thirty years, may I address you a few lines? I am emboldened to do so since you have begun to quote Firdausi. It shows a slight widening of your purposely limited political vision. You may not remember it but the first time you gave us a chance of admiring you was in 1909 at Cambrige. Quite a bunch of us had collected on that occasion at the Indian Majlis to hear an address from a Muslim lawyer from Bombay who had already made a mark there. You came and gave us words of moderate wisdom. You told us to awaken our sense of Nationalism but not to be in too great a hurry to achieve our goal by wrong means. Your moderation annoyed us. As the most ebullient of the bunch I was put up to ask you impatient questions, and to thank you, as my notes made at that time tell me, for your advice, but to tell you frankly that in our opinion it exhibited "the tremors and tribulations of middle age."

OUR IDOL ONCE.

After return to India, when we began in various ways to agitate, to secure the political advancement of this country, you became our idol as the most self-respecting of politicians a man who knew how to put impertinent Englishmen in their proper place, who held steadfast to the wider vision of Hindu-Muslim Unity and who had the keenest eye for picking up the best fighting points in conducting a political agitation. When you fell away from the main stream and allowed that vision to narrow down, you did it with such cleverness as to make the casual observer feel that you and the community whose one and only political champion-in-excelsis you claimed to be were the injured innocents.

YOUR COURAGE

The doctrine of non-co-operation did not suit you. I admired your courage in warning a hostile gathering of twenty thousand at Nagpore at the 1920 Congress session there that "rivers of blood" would flow if the Indian Nation accepted it. The Gandhian way of non-co-operation spared us very largely that calamity. The direct action of some of your adherents at Calcutta has given ample proof of how rivers of blood can easily run. But two factors will prevent civil war. Those factors are the fundamental commonsense of the Muslim masses in general and the total inability of a large number of your henchmen to develop into Dandi Marchers.

A MEMORY OF IQBAL

Latterly you have shown temper in your speeches. Perhaps this is due to the feeling of irritation that sweet Cripps' words buttered no Pakistan parsnips. It may be due to the fact that you have the feeling of being by-passed. But when the gulf between your ideal and that of those who want a federated India has visibly narrowed down, why should you not grasp the hand of co-operation extended by the Congress? During my student days in Heidelberg I had the good fortune to have the great Iqbal staying with us for a time. It was his fancy that I should row him over the waters of the placid Neckar. While I perspired, he explained to me those ideas of his which later found such forceful and painful expression in that remarkable volume, "Tasvir-e-dard". Rarely did he talk politics. But once when he had made me translate an article from the 'Kesari', he unfolded to me his views about the political future of India. We are bound to be a multi-national State, he declared, and asked me to study Balkan history to assess properly the danger of having small, contiguous sovereign States. They end not in amity but in enmity. Contacting him again in 1932 I found he held the same views. Let us have as many stans' Mr. Jinnah, in India, as is reasonably possible functioning as perfectly free autonomous units. But this country must remain indivisible as a political entity amongst the comity of Nations.

UNCANNY GIFT

With your political experience, your glorious nationalist past and your sense of realism surely you realise this. I have been unable to locate precisely when this bee of a separate sovereign State began to hum in the fez you sometimes wear but I am sure, you can give a trial to the multi-national State before insisting upon embarking on this perilous scheme, which has made you say that you are not an Indian I remember you honoured us one at the "Chronicle" with an exposition of the Muslim League case. The separate sovereign State did not then figure in the adroit address you made to us.

GILBERTIAN DITTY

Why continue to sing to the Norman Cliffs of the Fourth Estate the Gilbertian dityy—

"We are two nations,
Two nations are we,
I am not an Indian,
And never shall be."

Liaquat and Mamdot—"and never shall he be."

('Exeunt omnes' to Dinia).

You can have all you want, Mr. Jinnah, if you are reasonable. There will run a Pakistan Express from Istambul to Aishabad solely through the land of Pak. The track will be so laid that if the line runs the danger of touching any town named Abul-Kalamabad it will make a wide detour. We can have coins with your effigy on the obverse, and on the reverse there shall run the inscription "I shall not be double-crossed." It will pay you to come back.

APPEAL TO MUSLIMS

Congress Fought And Sacrificed For Preservation Of Khilafat: Why Distrust And Stand Apart?

My Friends.

Though this writer was one of the Vice-Presidents of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in 1922-23, and though he was one of the Secretaries of the All-India Congress Committee along with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Schwab Quoresni, when Gandhiji was the President of the Congress in 1924-25, he has never been a blind follower of Gandhiji, or of the Congress policy of boycott of schools and colleges, or of the bonfire of foreign cloth, or of the Quit India Movement. Yet, in fairness to Gandhiji and the Congress, the truth must be told, that when the Khilafat was in grave danger, when Kemal Pasha was fighting singly and most heroically against the Greek hordes, and was fast losing ground, when the whole Muslim world was in deep distress, and Great Britain was silently supporting the Greeks—say, who raised the banner of revolt against the British Government of India? Please note, that it was Gandhiji and the Indian National Congress, that helped the Khilafat movement, started by Maulanas Mahomedali and Shaukatali—politically, morally and materially. If the files of the nationalist papers of 1920-22 were looked up, they would lay bare the facts, how the Ali Brothers, their revered mother late lamented Bi-Amma, Hakim Ajmal Khan, Dr. Ansari, the great Maulana Abdul Bari of Farenghi Mahal (Lucknow), Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, and the President and the members of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema were constantly seeking Gandhiji's advice and guidance all the time; and how the joint pressure of the Congress, the Khilafat and the Jamiat-ul-Ulema compelled Britain to stay her hands against the truncation of Turkey! Of course, Kemal's feats were unique!

GREATEST SACRIFICE OF CONGRESS FOR THE KHILAFAT!

My dear Muslim friends, I am telling you the plainest truth—for, this writer was in the thick of the fight, writing, speaking, organising meetings and collecting huge sums—at the meetings for the cause of the Khilafat. Now it was in 1921, that the then Prince of Wales came out to India to placate the people. Under the leadership of Gandhiji, the Congress, the Khilafat Committee, and the Jamait-ul-Ulema boycotted his visit. There were hostile demonstrations in Bombay, when the Prince landed—and there were ugly disturbances also. The Prince, in his usual democratic way, left the Government House quietly, and went round the city "incognito"—and acquainted himself with the true situation. It is said, that he had words with late Lord Reading, who, as the Viceroy, had invited him to India. The Prince was to visit Calcutta, where the boycott was going to be more complete and convincing. To save his face, Lord Reading invited Gandhiji to settle all matters and offered him a constitution for India, akin to Dominion status. But Gandhiji declined to discuss this with Lord Reading, unless his two colleagues, Maulanas Mahomed Ali and Shaukat Ali, were released from jail and invited to the proposed conference! This Lord Reading declined to do; and Gandhiji let go the most splendid opportunity of getting Dominion status for India in December 1921; all "because that would have isolated the Muslims, and the cause of Khilafat would have terribly suffered! What a great sacrifice did Gandhiji make for the cause of the Khilafat in 1921-22! My Muslim countrymen, just pause and ponder over these memorable facts, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. Syed Mahmud, and Syed Abdulla Brelvi, will bear me out. Friends, just consider that Gandhiji and the Congress that stood by the Khilafat in 1920-22 are not the Parties to exploit you to-day. You have grown in strength; and it is the wish of All-India that you should now join the Interim Government and play your part in the shaping of a new and a United India! So come along, my friends. Don't hesitate; and don't delay. Join hands in our great march for the freedom of our dear motherland!

Jai Hind!

B. F. BHARUCHA

Our Readers' Views

Workshops In Residential Areas

Sir,—The existence of refineries, factories and workshops in thickly populated areas has been a much agitated question. Protests and appeals have been made by the adjourning residents to the Bombay Municipality to stop issuing licences to new factories and refineries and to revoke those that have been already granted, but to no purpose. It is incomprehensible why these factories and refineries are not removed to suburban areas where hundreds of acres of vacant plots are available, affording ample scope for the operations of their activities instead of allowing them to work in congested localities.

These factories and refineries are not only a danger to the general health of the people, but also a serious nuisance. The smoke and other colourless gases issuing therefrom contain deliterious substances and the inhalation of such particles have a destructive effect on the human system, as they affect the lungs and are largely responsable for diseases like bronchitis, anaemia and early loss of eye-sight. Researches have also shewn that the highest pneumonia rate is found in smokiest areas.

There is also the danger of fire breaking out due to the storage of inflamable substances such as acids, films, etc., as the recent instances instances of fires which had exacted a heavy toll of human lives will go to show. These tragic incidents should be an eye-opener to the Civic Fathers who have as yet remained apathetic to public protests.

The City Fathers in shelving the question brought up before them, are so to say, sporting with human lives which should be precious in the eye of God as in the eye of the law. On the one hand the Corporation is formulating colossal schemes to modernise Bombay and make it a cleaner, healthier and more beautiful city, and on the other it allows such nuisance to exist in the very heart of the city. If the Municipality is to create a new Bombay, these evils must go from the city and it can be achieved by having them removed to the suburbs where there is ample scope for the exercise of their operations and the places so vacated can be made available for housing accomodation which represents a serious problems.

ERUCH D ENGINEER

Bombay Fire Brigade

Sir,—With reference to the speeches made by members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation sympathising with the grievances of the postal and telegraph workers, I am compelled to quote the following:—

"Why beholdest thou the mote that is in thy brother's eye, but perceivest not the beam that is in thine own eye?"

It is all very well to accuse others of dilatoriness, but what happened in the case of the Municipal sweepers?

The Bombay Fire Brigade staff is clamouring to secure better conditions of service since long. The first attempt was made as far back as 1942, but it was flatly turned down; then the approach of 1944 which was made immediately after the explosion and which was more or less sponsored by the authorities, was also shelved with the result that the staff formed a Union. Fresh demands were submitted about 3 months ago, but it appears that the authorities are sleeping on it and have so soon forgotten the lesson taught by the sweepers.

I only hope the Corporation will not wake up too late or they may find a Fire Brigade strike on their hands which will be more serious than any so far.

There is widespread unrest in all Fire Stations in the city and if the conditions of service are not improved and monetary relief not given immediately our City Fathers" will be to blame for the consequences. They have a duty not only towards the poor fireman but also to the public and I hope they realise it.

A DOWN-TRODDEN FIREMAN

DEBATETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"The President said that Mr. Wallace's speech was not a departure from the policy of Mr. James F. Byrnes, Secretary of the State Department, but was exactly in line with that policy"

—Washington Report.

*

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have issued orders for the stoppage of the air and artillery bombardment of recalcitrant tribesmen in South Waziristan.—A.P.I.

Gad Sir, it's time to go Home and leave these "natives" to suffer the horrors of peace and goodwill.

*

According to a New Delhi message Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer has been busy meeting the Viceroy and members of the Interim Government.

Not, we earnestly hope, in order to report the Maharaja of Cochin for dangerously subversive activities and to recommend direct action against him?

*

During the Bombay Assembly debate on the Tenancy Bill, an Opposition Member brilliantly struck a devastating blow at the Bill by pointing out that tenants worked only 72 days in the year to earn their share in crops.

What should be more logical than that the landlords who work so hard doing nothing throughout the year should have a share in the peasants' crops represented by the days as against 72?

As it is, the landlords get only 25 to 33 per cent. What utter ingratitude to condemn them!

*

Attaboy! We are, of course, alluding to the political situation in Sind where Sir Francis Mudie has finally resolved the deadlock by dissolving the Assembly.

Since the election will be fairly and impartially and very freely held under the old Ghulam Hussein regime, the new situation, too, is well in hand.

*

You may argue critically that the deadlock had been self-created. But Sir Francis having resolved it in the right way, the argument falls to the ground—any ground, what does that matter?

And, as we say, the situation is well in hand.

*

Suggesting that it was now the turn of the British to make concessions to the Arab States, Azzam Pasha says re: the Palestine Conference: "While our discussions have been full and frank we have been making the concessions for 25 years now."

Now, now, this is going into what Mr. Attlee would call past history.

*

MOROCCO [illegible] THE MOORS"

Tangier [illegible] demonstration.

If the movement spreads to other countries and peoples, it may well bring about a terrible situation with nothing left for poor "Empires" but only "France for the French", "Britain for the British", etc. and even only "Portugal for the Portuguese."

*

Among the forms of protest which M. Vyshinsky has provoked by his disparaging remarks about Italians one is a challenge to a duel.

We heartily support this return to more civilised methods of wiping out personal and national insults.

And we want a ring side seat please.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 13 (APA): The World Food Board Commission today rejected a French proposal to name the World Federation of Trade Unions among the interested organisations which might be consulted by the Board's Preparatory Commission.

Chinese Leader's Call To Muslim League

Minority Must Align Itself With Majority

WARNING FROM TRAGIC CONDITIONS IN CHINA BROUGHT ABOUT BY DIFFERENCE IN IDEOLOGIES

SINGAPORE, By Air Mail. (A.P.A.): An appeal to the Muslim League adherents in India to align with the Congress party and "thus save the country from chaos and destruction" was made by Mr. Tan Kah Kee, Chairman of the Federation of Overseas Chinese Relief Fund Committee, in a statement felicitating Pandit Nehru and his new Indian Interim Government.

REALISE FOLLY OF DEMAND

In an exclusive interview with the 'Associated Press of America,' the leader of 11 million Chinese in South-East Asia said that Indian Muslims who are "persistently clamouring for the division of the country, according to religious regions, must realize the folly of their action and the harm it will bring to the future of the country."

Characterising as a "fallacious belief" the expressed fear of the minority parties that a majority party rule might "ultimately result in the suppression or oppression of the minority", the Chinese leader said the Congress has made it clear, to the Muslims particularly, that the political background of India was "not based on religion."

Mr. Tan said that in every modern progressive country, the majority party holds the "reins of the Government" and the minorities "should inevitably, therefore, align themselves with the majority.

"But the safeguard of the minorities should be the concern of the majority party," he emphasised, "and I sincerely hope that Pandit Nehru will follow a policy of co-ordination and compromise with all parties in the country."

INDIA AND CHINA

Contrasting the situation in China with that in India, Mr. Tan said: "Very tragic indeed is the picture in China."

"China's troubles, he declared, are born out of differences in political ideologies while in India one minority clamours for a division on a religious basis."

China can settle her own problems if left to herself, he continued. Similarly India's differences can be solved once British power is taken by Indians, he declared, adding he is "glad that the British have at last decided to hand over the power to Indians."

"It is my sincere hope that Indians regardless of their different parties, religions and castes, will grip the opportunity now placed before them to unite completely and thus pave the way for establishing a genuinely independent free democratic India," he continued.

The time has come, he said when neither India nor China can lead independent and isolated existences. The war had brought India and China closer together than ever before and the future must be used to foster better friendship and understanding between the two great Asiatic countries.

STRUGGLE FOR DEMOCRACY

"The future of Asiatic peace lies in the co-operation of both India and China," he asserted, adding that a United India and China "can do much to stabilize the peace in this part of the world.

"India and China—two great Asiatic nations—are struggling victoriously for democracy," observed the Chinese leaders adding "the formation of the Interim Government under Pandit Nehru's leadership at this time has filled every Asiatic with overwhelming happiness."

The Chinese leader finally expressed confidence that by Pandit Nehru's "statemanship he will bring national unity and promote co-operation with friendly nations so that India will prosper and take its rightful place in a free and democratic Asia."

Bombay Assembly Passes Tenancy Amendment Bill

(Continued from Page 1.)

necessary to do so. This did not imply that Government should not or did not stand for justice and fairplay between all classes of people. Only, whenever there was a conflict of interest between two parties,—Government should support the weaker party.

KHOTI ACT AMENDED

Having passed the Tenancy Amendment Bill, the Assembly also passed without much ado he third reading of the sister bill—the Khoti Act Amendment Bill and passed on to a consideration of the Bill to amend the Bombay District Police Act.

MORE POWERS FOR POLICE NECESSARY

"I am aware that the provisions of this Bill are likely to give rise to misgivings in the minds of certain people because it is sought to place great powers in the hands of the police. But considering the abnormal conditions prevailing in this Province as well as in other provinces, the provisions are necessary."

With these words, Mr. Morarji Desai ,Minister for Home and Revenue, introduced the Bill to amend the Bombay District Police Act in the Legislative Assembly to-day.

BILL OUT OF ORDER?

Mr. A. A. Khan, Deputy Leader of the Muslim League Party sprang a minor surprise when, rising to a point of order, he said that the Bill was beyond the competence of the Provincial Legislature. Briefly put, his point was that the schedule to the Government of India Act listing the powers exercisable by the Provincial Legislature mentioned "preventive detention for reasons connected with the maintenance of order" but said nothing about the removal of persons from a portion of the Province or the whole of the Province. And as the Bill contained provisions of externment, a subject regarding which the Provincial Assembly had no right to legislate the Bill was out of order.

Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Law Member, maintained that the Provincial Government had the fullest powers to legislate on all measures deemed necessary in the interests of public order. He also pointed out that powers of externment were already being exercised by the Commissioner of Police under the Bombay City Police Act and the present Bill sought to confer similar powers on District Magistrates.

SPEAKER'S RULING TO-DAY

The Speaker, Mr. K. S. Firodia, announced that he would give his ruling the next morning.

MORARJI EXPLAINS AIMS AND OBJECTS

Mr. Morarji Desai in his speech explained that the Bill sought to confer on District Magistrates and Sub-Divisional Magistrates the power to extern people whose movements were considered dangerous to society. Secondly, whenever the public peace was disturbed and a state of emergency was declared, the Magistrates would be empowered to detain or to extern people considered dangerous and who were likely to take part in rioting. Thirdly, the Bill provided for enhanced punishment in certain cases of breach of prohibitory orders. These were at present dealt with by fines which were not deterrent in effect. Therefore, such breaches would be punishable by imprisonment.

The Minister further stated that the powers that were sought to be taken were wide. It was not always a matter of pleasure to the House for such powers. But, it was necessary to ensure the protection of peace-loving persons who formed the bulk of the people. It should not be possible for a few persons easily to disturb the peace, tranquillity and security of the whole society and make Government impossible.

There was also another provision in the Bill which provided for the burial or cremation of bodies in places set apart for them.

LEAGUE OPPOSES BILL

Almost immediately the Muslim League Party started opposing the Bill. Mr. J. H. Shamsuddin in a speech which lasted an hour argued that the Bill conferred unprecedented powers on the Magistrates and Police who would combine the powers of Prosecutor, Judge and Hangman. Another speaker, Mr. Syed Manzur Husain Bukhari (East Khandesh) in an eloquent Urdu speech attacked the Congress Ministry for seeking to curtail the liberties of the people instead of extending the bounds of freedom. By closing time he had spoken for an hour and when the Speaker asked him if he would speak much longer he replied "I can speak for one hour more."

This is clear indication that the Opposition intends to put up a stiff resistance and this Bill also will prove a long drawn affair.

DANGE DENOUNCES IT

Earlier, in a brief but lucid and well argued speech Mr. S. A. Dange opposed the Bill on fundamental ground. He said that the Bill sought to re-enact certain provisions of the Defence of India Rules which had been denounced as a violation of every rule of democracy by every party in the country. It was not the type of law which any Government based on popular will should countenance. He insisted that a people had the right to create "disorders" against a Government which was being run against the interests of the people. He urged that the objects of the Bill militated against the very movements which brought the Congress Party to power. As for the plea that the provisions were intended to meet communal disturbances, Mr. Dange said that it was incapable of achieving that object. Communal riots to-day were becoming civil wars and when a people were seized by communal frenzy even shootings would not stop them. The Bill placed unprecedented powers in the hands of the bureaucracy which would be used against the interests of the people and in the interests of reactionary vested interests.

R

Reduced Rate of Subsidised Milk

The rate for purchase of milk for the Government Subsidised Milk Distribution Scheme in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District which was temporarily raised from Rs. 30 to Rs. 35 per maund with effect from 25th May 1946 will be restored to Rs. 30 per maund with effect from 16th September 1946; consequently, the price of one quarter seer of milk at the milk distribution centres will be reduced from one anna nine pies to one anna six pies in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District with effect from the same date.

THREE NEW ORDINANCES

To Continue Some Wartime Controls

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API).—Three Ordinances are to be issued on or about September 25 for the continuance of emergency measures including controls over trade and commerce, requisitions of land and a few of the Defence of India Rules.

A Press Note announcing this says:

THREE ORDINANCES

If an Interim Government had assumed office earlier it might have been possible to convene a session of the Indian Legislature and submit all the above legislative proposals in the form of Bills with a view to their being passed. Since this is not practicable, but at the same time it is essential to make some legislative provision for the continuance without a break of the emergency measures referred to above, the Government of India have decided to make such provision in the form of three Ordinances, which will be promulgated by H.E. the Governor-General on or about the 25th September.

The first, to be called the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers), Ordinance, will derive from Section 2 of the India (Central Government and Legislature) Act 1946, and provide for the continued operation of Central control over trade and commerce in and the production, supply and distribution of the commodities mentioned in Sub-Section (1) (A) of that Section. These commodities are foodstuffs, including edible oilseeds and oils, cotton and woollen textiles, paper, including newsprint, petroleum and petroleum products, spare parts of mechanically propelled vehicles, coal, iron and steel and mica.

The second ordinance, to be called the Requisitioned Land (Continuance of Powers) Ordinance will derive from Section 3 of the above-mentioned statute and provide for the continuance of all requisitions of "land" in force immediately before the expiry of the Defence of India Act and of the power to acquire any such land in certain specified circumstances and subject to payment of compensation in accordance with the provisions of Sec. 19 of the Act.

The third ordinance, to be called the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, will provide for the continued operation of a few of the Defence of India Rules for the purpose indicated in the preceding paragraph.

Legislation within the normal powers of the Indian Legislature is also necessary to continue some of the emergency powers exercised during the war period in respect of the following matters:

Trading with the enemy and custody of enemy property, control of foreign exchange and securities, control of capital issues, import and export of goods into or from India, railway priorities, control of shipping and special provisions for safety at sea, avoidance of strikes and lock-outs and amicable settlement of trade disputes, regulating the supply of electrical energy by electric supply undertakings and house rent control in Chief Commissioners' Provinces.

STORM OVER GOVT. CIRCULAR TO POLICE

No Discrimination In Favour Of Nationalist Muslims, Says Morarji Desai

Following a number of cases of assults on Nationalist Muslims in Ahmedabad and Bombay, Government issued a circular to all police officers directing that protection be given to the Nationalist Muslims. This circular was the subject of a series of questions and heated interpellation in the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

While, in answer to a question by Mr. K. B. Kazi (West Khandesh), Mr. Morarji Desai admitted having sent such a circular, he denied that it implied any special discrimination in favour of Nationalist Muslims. The circular was issued as Government felt that the incidents in Bombay and Ahmedabad were, indicative of what might happen in the Province. Government was not aware of alleged acts of atrocity by Nationalist Muslims at Dhulia, Malegaon and Satara nor of other acts of violence by Congressmen against non-Congress Hindus and Muslims. But, he was willing to inquire into any specific complaint.

PROTECTION FOR ALL

He stated and reiterated in answer to heckling questions that "Government will give proper police protection to any section of the public which may be attacked by any other section." Asked if he would withdraw the circular, Mr. Morarji said that he would on the contrary maintain it.

SALES TAX ACT TO BE REVISED

In answer to a series of questions by Mr. S. L. Karandikar (Ratnagiri North), Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister stated that Government had already announced its intention to revise and re-enact the Bombay Sales Tax Act. He further stated that a Bill for this purpose would be brought before the Assembly in the current session.

VILLAGERS REQUIRE MORE FOOD BUT....

In answer to another set of questions, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, admitted that villagers required better and more food than townsmen and citizens but Government regretted that no additional ration could be supplied in view of prevailing scarcity.

LATEST ABOUT SUBHAS

NEW DELHI, September 13. (A.P.I): Raja Mahendra Pratap said in an interview today that everyone in Japan believed that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was dead.

INDIAN PRESS AND U. N. O.

Sahani Clears Misunderstanding

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13, (API). Mr. J. N. Sahani, Secretary, A.I.N.E.O. announces that due to the postponement of the meeting of the E.E.C. the date for receiving nominations of representatives from member papers has been extended to September 25 and that the recommendations should be sent to him.

It appears that a misunderstanding has been caused in the minds of certain papers in connection with the expenses of press representatives concerned. While Government will only arrange for their air passage facilities all expenses are to be borne by the papers themselves.

AMERICAN SEAMEN'S STRIKE CALLED OFF

NEW YORK, Sept 13 (Reuter): One of the two unions involved in the strike of 500,000 American seamen—the Sailors Union of the Pacific—has called off its strike.

The action had been taken on "the assurance by shipowners that the entire increases recently negotiated through collective bargaining, will be made effective at once." Vote to end the strike was unanimous.

Bombs Explode In Trieste

TRIESTE, Sept. 13, (Reuter): Six bombs were placed in various parts of Trieste last night. Five exploded, it was reliably learned to-day. No injuries were caused. Four arrests have been made. One of the houses outside which a bomb was placed had already been attacked on August 24.

SIR C. P. INTERVIEWS VICEROY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 13 (API). Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer had an interview with the Viceroy today.

CURRENT PRICES OF CLOTH AND YARN TO CONTINUE

Decision Of Textile Board's Industry's Committee

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API).—The Industry's Committee of the Textile Control Board, which met in Bombay early this month has agreed to continue the current ceiling prices of cloth and yarn for a further period until such time as the Interim Government are in a position to consider the Committee's alternative proposals to the scheme of adjustment of prices of the coarser variety of cloth.

HANDLOOM CLOTH

The Committee urged that it was also necessary to control prices of handloom cloth on the basis of the control prices of yarn, and to ensure generous return to the handloom weaver and the same distribution margins as for mill made cloth.

The Committee claims that while the present prices of mill cloth average about 160 per cent above pre-war prices, the rates for handloom cloth vary from 300 to as much as 700 per cent in some cases.

The Committee also suggest that the Government's proposal to subsidise mills spinning and weaving coarse yarn and cloth from Indian cotton by a levy of those engaged in producing finer varieties.

LEVY IMPORT DUTY

As an alternative to the Government's plan, the Committee has suggested adjustment from time to time of ex-mill prices of cloth and yarn as hitherto on the basis of changing costs, particularly prices of cotton, the maximum of which will be Government's ceiling prices for each type of cotton: and also a levy on all exports of cotton cloth so adjusted so as to bring the prices of Indian products in the importing countries in lines with prices of corresponding products of other manufacturing countries.

The Committee also sugest that the revenue derived from the import duty on foreign cotton should be applied for the purpose and the sums realised by these methods should be applied in direct subsidies on sales to the consumer of such types of cloth and in such areas as Government consider necessary.

If the Government approve these alternative suggestions, the Committee recommends the setting up of a Joint Committee of Representatives of the Industry and Government to work out scales for the levy of export duty and for distribution of the sums realised.

CHUNDRIGAR'S TELEGRAMS "TENDED TO CREATE PUBLIC ALARM"

Bombay Govt. Says Those Addressed To Officials Were Allowed To Pass

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (API): A Press Note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay, says:—

"Mr. Chundrigar has issued a press statement complaining that certain telegrams sent by himself and other Muslims to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and others at Delhi were withheld by the Bombay Government.

"Under Rule 15 of the Indian Telegraph Rules, messages which are plainly objectionable and of an alarming character are to be withheld. Objectionable messages are defined in Rule 248 of the Indian Telegraph Manual as those which contain false information of an important nature or information likely to produce disturbances or create unfounded public alarm, or embarrass the action of officers of Government in disturbances.

"Six texts of telegrams were withheld by the officers of the Government in the course of their duties. In most of these cases, the message was to be sent to several persons, including officials, and newspapers or presses. But generally in these cases, those messages which were addressed to officials were allowed to pass.

"The texts were withheld because they gave a false and entirely misleading account of the riot situation which would definitely tend to inflame communal feelings and create public alarm.

"Government considers that in the circumstances the action taken was in accordance with the established law and perfectly justifiable."

STRAIGHTFORWARD MAN HAS NO PLACE IN SIND LEAGUE ASSEMBLY PARTY

KARACHI, Sept. 12 (API): Syed Noor Shah and Mr. Mohamed Yousuf Chandio have resigned their office of Parliamentary Secretaries.

In a joint statement they have accused the Ministers of enforcing their will on their partymen, adding that the decisions arrived at by the party were against all canons of democracy.

"There is no place for any straightforward man in the League Assembly Party", they said. Referring to the present conditions in the province they said that the Ministers were alert only to achieve their selfish ends.

Both these members have not yet decided about their further step.

REFORMS FOR SUDAN

KHARTOUM, Sept. 13. (Reuter): Far-reaching changes are reliably understood to have been recommended by two sub-committees of the Sudan Administration Conference which is considering the future method of administration of the Sudan. The question has important bearing on the Anglo-Egyptian treaty talks.

The changes include setting up of an All-Sudan General Assembly possessing legislative, financial and administrative powers, replacing of the Northern Sudan Advisory Council and changing of the Governor-General's Council into an Executive Council of eighteen members, nine being elected by the Assembly.

A Sudan Government statement emphasised that the recommendations have not yet been considered by the full Conference which, after considering them, will report to the Governor-General. In so far as the constitution was affected by the recommendations, no administrative changes could be carried out without the approval of British and Egypt, the two condominium powers.

Curfew In Jaffa And Tel Aviv

JERUSALEM, Sept. 13 (UPA).—Jewish terrorists struck a double blow with raids on banks in Jaffa and Tel Aviv and attacks on the police station at Jaffa today.

They got away with about £100,000 from the Barclay and Ottoman banks in Jaffa and another £5,000 from the Ottoman Bank in Tel Aviv, according to the latest reports.

TEL AVIV, Sept. 14 (Reuter).—Hand grenades, Sten guns, pistols and Bren guns shattered the quiet of Jaffa today when a gang of 14 Jewish terrorists raided the Ottoman Bank.

In a short battle two Arab temporary constables, two Arab by-standers and one bank raider were killed.

Tel Aviv and Jaffa were both placed under Curfew.

SPEAKERS' CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Sept. 13.—The problems relating to Parliamentary work will be discussed at a Conference of the Speakers, Deputy Speakers, Presidents and Deputy Presidents of the Indian Provincial Legislatures, convened by Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Central Legislative Assembly. It is learnt that the proposed Conference will be held prior to the commencement of the budget session of the Provincial Legislatures and that invitations have already been issued.

Jaiprakash On Why He Joined Congress Cabinet

PATNA, Sept. 13 (API): The attitude of the Congress Socialist Party towards the Interim Government, and the present communal situation in the country was to-day explained by Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, the Congress Socialist Leader in a press interview. He also stated the reasons for his acceptance of membership of the Congress Working Committee.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain said "my joining the Congress Working Committee was a token of Congress solidarity. Furthermore, all the prominent members of the Working Committee having joined the Interim Government, I felt there was need in some manner to emphasise the popular non-governmental, revolutionary character of the Congress.

Explaining the attitude of his party would adopt towards the Interim Government, Mr. Narain said: "I should judge this Government not by its constructive or administrative measures but by its success or failure in forcing the British power to quit India. I would deem the Provisional Government to have succeeded completely, if, let us say, at the end of a year, the food situation remained where it is today but if the British Viceroy together with all that he stood for had left our shores for good."

Asked how he viewed the communal situation and its possible influence over the course of constitutional developments, Mr. Jai Prakash said: "Any honest man in Mr. Jinnah's position would have long before settled with the Congress for the Congress had offered everything possible to the Muslims. Even Pakistan the Congress is prepared to concede, provided the people of Pakistan desire a separate state by free plebiscite held in a free India. But Mr. Jinnah wants neither mutual settlement nor impartial arbitration. He merely asks Mr. Churchill to stop India from marching on to freedom. That is all that Pakistan means to Mr. Jinnah. The British have ruled over India for nearly a century but it never occurred to Mr. Jinnah to launch 'direct action' against them. Now when his country has reached the threshold of freedom, he is threatening murder, loot and arson. He is angry with the Congress because it has dared to fight the British and has succeeded at least in forming a responsible Provisional Government at the Centre. But I am sure Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Churchill cannot deflect the course of Indian freedom."

Arrests In Teheran

TEHERAN, Sept. 13, (Reuter). Colonel Bujazi, commanding Persian forces in the Khuzistan oil area of the Southern Persia, was arrested today, it is learned here.

The editor of a Right Wing paper was also arrested. Both were interrogated by Prince Muzaffar Firoz, the Persian propaganda minister.

U. S. Victors In Germany

Behaviour Worse Than Nazi Occupiers Of France

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (UPA).—The Senate War Investigating Committee today considered probing the cost and conduct of the military occupation of Germany.

It was learned that the Committee received reports that the conduct of American troops in Germany from Generals down was "worse than the German occupation of France."

PARIS CLASH

(Continued from Page 1.)

vote on the motion presented by Britain.

M. Kisselev then announced that he would close the discussion and adjourn the meeting so that he could consult with the Secretary-General of the Conference on the procedural issues involved. Mr. Caffery immediately protested that a vote should be taken now on the British motion.

As M. Kisselev announced that he considered the meeting adjourned, Britain, the United States and Australia, all speaking together voiced their strong protests against his action. Mr. Hodgson standing up and shouting 'declared that the normal rule was that if a member disagreed with the Chairman on the question of adjournment, his representations should take precedence over the actual adjournment.

COMMITTEE'S SERVANT

Pointing at M. Kisselev, Mr. Hodgson shouted: "You are the servant of this Committee. I move that your ruling be disagreed with." M. Kisselev, who had risen to his feet by this time to his feet by his gavel, retorted: "In that case I shall refer the question to the five Presidents of the Conference. After referring it to the five Presidents, we shall then discuss this matter quietly."

By this time M. Novikov Pijade (Yugoslavia) and other supporters of Russia had reached the doorway. M. Pijade shouted back from the doorway to the Chairman" you said that this meeting was adjourned."

M. Kisselev then got down from the President's rostrum and made for the door while Mr. Hodgson and other delegates were still round the table. When the Russian delegate and other Slav representatives had gone, the rest of the members of the Committee gathered up their papers and slowly left the room.

Protest Against Chairman's Ruling

After the representatives of the Eastern European countries had left, the delegates of other nations returned to their seats.

These delegates were from Britain, Australia, the United States, New Zealand, Greece, France, India and South Africa.

Brigadier R. S. Park (New Zealand) presided and the Committee then sat for another twenty minutes.

Mr. Hodgson declared that M. Kisselev in refusing to take a vote on the British proposal and in adjouring the meeting as he did, was acting against all the rules of procedure.

M. Pipinelis asked that it should be entered in the minutes that eight members of the Committee had remained in full disagreement with the president's action.

Mr. Park said that Mr. Hodgson remarks would be recorded in the minutes and the Committee adjourned.

D. F. KARAKA

Off My Chest

The British and American press are reported to have splashed over the front and back pages of London and New York papers, the details of the formation etc of the "Muslim-Congress" of which the first and exclusive report was given in this column.

The London "Times" in a typical editorial comment (report unreliable) said, "It the end it has been proved conclusively that British statesmanship has prevailed upon the right kind of Indian leaders to form the right kind of party."

The Beaverbrook Press, headed by the "Daily Express" was more materialist in its editorial. It said: "It is true that the present membership of the Muslim Congress is only 3, but this three is made up of one Baronet and two knights and in the end it is class which tells."

The "Daily Herald" stressed the working class angle: "The inclusion of one Bhaiya (working class) who is made an honorary member shows that the party has a distinct future. British Labour will watch the growth of this new party with interest."

The "Daily Worker", the Communist organ, was not so polite. It said, "Who is Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Bart. anyway?"

The weeklies, specially the glossy-paper ones like the "Sketch", "Tatler" and "Bystander" had a full-page picture of the Baronet on the first picture page. It was the picture taken in London some years ago when the Baronet was "the best dressed man in India."

The caption of one of these read: "Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Bart, founder of the new party in India, is a scion of the well-known Indian house of Baronets. Sir Currimbhoy's father was also a Baronet. The title runs in the family. Sir Currimbhoy is a versatile man in his early forties, fond of politics and sport. Politics comes more naturally to him. He drives in Bombay, a big city of India, in a black Packard on which a little flag flutters. Indians salaam him as he passes according to the orthodox Indian custom. Sir Currimbhoy is, however, far from orthodox. He is modern and progressive and does not sport a purdah."

These extracts and notes from London papers have been collected by our unreliable special correspondent in London for whose mental integrity we do not vouch too enthusiastically.

The American Press drew a more colorful picture of the Muslim-Congress leader. Said one American paper, "Not since Sabu has America seen so colorful an Indian."

Another N. Y. paper's leading columnist said, "Ebrahim is a title bestowed on the Most Worthy."

A third N. Y. paper said, "What we want to know is, has he got any dough and if so, how much?"

The most characteristic American press comment is, "The inclusion of a Bhaiya which is a minority like the Parsis and the untouchables puts the party right on the map. India is a land of many sects, castes and religions and it does great credit to this English-speaking Baronet to have succeeded in uniting them under a common flag. This flag is not ready, we are told, but it will soon be forthcoming."

The comments of Drew Pearson are breathlessly awaited. It is revealed that it has come to this American Investigator's knowledge that Sir Currimbhoy received a letter by post, but Mr. Pearson cannot yet reveal where it came from.

As we close for the day, messages were still arriving from Portugal, Bikini and Alaska.

G. B. Shaw---

"In defence of communism" in the next issue of the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" (not, however; of the Communists!) Don't miss this treat.

J. B. Priestley salutes the wonder-man of the present century—he is of course, Shaw himself.

Do you want a job on the U.N.O.? Twenty-seven thousand have already applied for one. M. Trygve Lie, the Secretary-General, tells you what qualifications are needed in the aspirant to the world civil service.

Rome out of a house; What a young lady achieved with the help of a brush, a tin of paint—and her husband. Womens' Page Special.

Apart from these exclusives, there are the usual features photos and the latest news.

Bombay Chronicle

Weekly

Sunday, Sept. 15

1. It's F-N, the test for men! The "Finger Nail Test!" Scratch your head and see if you find dryness or loose, ugly dandruff. If so, you need new Wildroot Cream-Oil Formula. Relieves dryness, removes loose dandruff! Buy the large size.

2. A little Wildroot Cream-Oil can do a big job for your hair. Keeps your hair well groomed all day long without a trace of that greasy, plastered down look! Your hair looks good and feels good!

3. LANOLIN has long been prescribed because of its soothing qualities, and because it closely resembles the oil of the human skin. No wonder 4 out of 5 users in a nation-wide test prefer it to the preparations formerly used. A little Wildroot Cream-Oil goes a long way. Get it today from your barber or drug counter.

SPECIAL NOTE TO WOMEN

Thousands of women use Wildroot Cream-Oil to remove loose dandruff, relieve dryness, and help beautify their hair. Try it before a shampoo... also after a permanent wave to relieve dryness. Excellent for training children's hair.

WILDROOT CREAM-OIL

GANDHI ASTROLOGER

Health, Wealth, Journey etc., Lucky numbers, days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5. Weekly Rs. 15. Five questions Re. 1, V. P. As. 5. States sex, age and writing time. Hanuman Jothisha, Ashrama, Tirutani, S. India

GROWING VEGETABLES SAVES YOUR FOOD-GRAINS.

Why get dejected over the cut in your Rations? Grow your own vegetables. There you help yourself and the country. For growing good and nutricious vegetables use Pocha's best and tested seeds.

POCHA'S SEEDS SATISFY!

PESTONJEE P. POCHA & SONS LTD.
6 NAPIER ROAD, POONA

Kanan Bala Million Rupee Voiced singing star of Krishna Leela

Ghunghat Calling

HAMARA SCREEN

Show Parade

Super

"WAMIQ AZRA"

Hind Pictures' latest production "Wamiq Azra", produced and directed by Nazir who also plays the role of the hero with Swarnalata starred as the heroine is playing at the Super Cinema to crowded houses.

The story depicts the classic romance of Wamiq and Azra which blossomed even in the midst of bitter warfare, between their two countries. Yemen and Muqiba. Nazir and Swarnalata give memorable performances in the central roles.

Munshi Dil wrote the story and dialogue and Tauveed's lyrics were set to tuneful music by A. R. Qureshi.

Prominent in support are M. Ismail, W. M. Khan, Kusum Deshpande, Riaz and Unis.

★

Opera House

"MOORTI"

Ranjit Movietone's "Moorti", directed by veteran Chaturbhuj Doshi based on a story written by himself, starring Khurshid and Motilal is growing popular at the Royal Opera House where it now goes into the 3rd week of its successful run.

Motilal, a young idealistic sculptor rescues Khurshid during an earthquake from being buried in the debris. The young lady suffers from amnesia as a result of the accident and Motilal looks after her and makes a "moorti" of her. Some time later during a cinema performance, she recognises her brother in a newsreel and suddenly her memory returns to her. She is restored to her people and forgets Motilal entirely. But after many vicissitudes the "Moorti" eventually brings them together."

Khurshid and Motilal do well in the central roles. The songs are tuneful; prominent in support are Padma Bannerji, Yeshwant Dave and Kamal Zamindar.

Lamington

"GHUNGHAT"

Prakash's latest social "Ghunghat" falls in line with successful pictures like "Station Master" and "Panghat" previously produced by Prakash Pictures. Entertaining music and beautiful dances along with powerful team of distinguished artistes are the highlights of the picture.

The drama begins straight from the bride's chamber on the night of honey-moon. The quarrel between the newly wedded couple terminates in the happy union at the end.

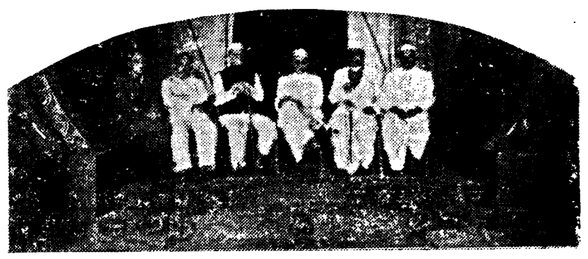
Nirmala and Aroon in the leading roles give good performance.

The picture is directed by Mr. Shantikumar.

★

"Safar" Next Change At Roxy

"Safar" is announced to be the next change at Roxy. This is the fourth production of Filmistan Limited starring Shobha and Kanu Roy, both new-comers of great promise. The picture is a romance of love and adventure with special emphasis on its musical character. The picture is directed by Mr. B. Mitra. The lyrics are done by Gopal Singh Nepali and the Music Director is C. Ramchandra. Upendranath Ashok, a well-known Urdu and Hindi literatur wrote the dialogues of this story by Director Mitra himself.



Bombay's Premier Mr. B. G. Kher, along with Ministers Mr. Morarjee Desai, Mr. Vartak, and Mr. M. P. Patil witnessed a special show of the I.P.T.A. film 'Dharti Ke Lal', at the Prabhat Studios Poona. The film currently showing at the 'Capitol' in the city, evoked their high appreciation. K. A. Abbas, Director-Producer of the film is on the extreme left.

Ranjana star of B. T.'s forthcoming 'Milan'

Swarnalata the super attraction

★

B. T.'s New Offering "Milan"

Bombay Talkies' new picture "Milan", produced in Bengali and Hindustani, is reported to be nearing completion in the Malad studio. Based upon Tagore's famous novel "The Wreck", the story was adapted for the screen by the well-known Bengali author Sajani Das. Nitin Bose is directing the picture.

Two new finds, Mira Misra and Meera Sarkar, both society beauties and wives of I.C.S. Officers, are starred in the leading feminine role. Ranjana, who recently rose to stardom has a prominent part. Anil Biswas wrote the music.

Photo shows, a meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Archaeology held at New Delhi c September 10, Sir S. Radhakrishnan addressing. Earlier in the day, Dr. Mortimer Wheele Director-General of Archaeology, told the meeting about two key discoveries made from excavations at Haraffa in the Punjab, which provide final proof of the link between the Indus Valley and the Mesopotamian civilisations.

Man's Contest With Speed Of Sound

By CHARLES GARDNER

It is obvious that something radical will have to be done in air-frame design if stalemate is not to be reached in man's new contest with the speed of sound. By cleaning up the existing conventional aircraft and adding a refinement here and a touch of polish there, it seems possible that aircraft can now travel at about 650 m.p.h., and very little, if any, faster.

What is this "barrier of the speed of sound?"

Briefly it is this: At what used to be called "normal" speeds—400 to 500 m.p.h.—air behaves as an ordinary "liquid' and flows evenly and smoothly round an aircraft wing, thus giving "lift" which keeps the machine in the air. Above about 575 m.p.h., however, and as the speed of sound is approached, air changes its character and begins to resist the passage of the aircraft through it. The harder the craft pushes, the closer the air knits itself together to hold the aircraft back.

It is rather like pushing 'a snowball; at first it is easy, but as the snow packs harder and harder together the more difficult it becomes to move it until it is almost impossible to get it an inch further. With air, this "packing up", or the "atmosphere's resistance movement", takes place from 600 m.p.h. to about 850 m.p.h. at sea level.

This 600-850 m.ph. band is known as "the barrier speed of sound" (the speed of sound being 760 m.p.h. at sea level).

To sum up: It is as though air entered into a conspiracy to prevent anything passing gently through it at or about the speed of sound. Air turns sulky; it will not flow over wings, but instead it batters the aircraft as though with giant sledge hammers.

As I see it, both in Britain and the United States the design of aircraft which are now vying for the world's speed honours is such that they can only just edge so far—and no further—into the sound barrier. Whether the Meteor or the Shooting Star manages to insinuate itself up to the 650 m.p.h. mark is of but little relative importance. Neither machine, nor, as far as can be foretold any machine designed on such conventional lines, can hope to solve the basic problem.

Something new is needed in the conception and construction of airframes to make full use of the great power and potential speed of the gas-turbine engine. A number of ideas have been suggested both in the U.S. and Britain. In both countries, for instance, experiments are going on with swept-back wings, which, theoretically, at any rate, should delay the onset of air buffeting, or, to give it its proper name, "compressibility".

In Britain, one such aircraft, the experimental De Havilland 108, is already flying successfully. It is felt, however, that although swept-back wings will delay compressibility trouble, they cannot provide a cure. Such a design is likely to prove merely a British rearguard action with the sound barrier.

True, this arrow-head wing shape may provide all the speed that will be needed for some years to come for commercial air lines, but as a design such wings can only be a stepping stone in the main story of flying progress.

There are other schemes: such as ultra-thin, knife-edged, laminar flow wings, which are made true to a ten-thousandth part of an inch and which it is virtually impossible to manufacture by any other than by laborious "one-at-a-time" processes. Then there is the retractable wing idea, in which the wing is mostly drawn in once the aircraft becomes airborne. Rocket-aid to burst through the barrier is another suggestion, which turns the aircraft into a miniature V2 as soon as it gets to 600 m.p.h., then lets it back to its normal jet-pdopulsion once 850 m.p.h. have been passed.

Other, and more prophetic theorists, hold that rocket projectiles, such as V2's, are the ultimate answer and they brush aside the objections—such as the fact that the fuel consumption of a rocket is such that its endurance normally is to be reckoned in minutes not hours.

It is not possible at this stage of progress to guess at the "shape of things to come" as far as aircrafts are concerned. What does seem certain is that the days of the conventional aircraft, as we know it, with wings, fuselage and tail-piece, are numbered.

High-speed P80's at Lake Muroc and the newest Meteor IV's in Britain may well be the last fighter aircraft to follow the old, familiar formulas. But what is to come after them is a secret which laboratories and wind tunnels have not yet solved.

The "Aries", a four engined Lancaster bomber on the record breaking flight of 13,000 miles from Croydon to Port Darwin.

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE TO CONTINUE

Industrial Court's Orders In Ahmedabad Textile Workers Dispute

BOMBAY, Sept 13, (API). The full bench of the Industrial Court consisting of President Sir Harshidbhai Divatia, Mr. Justice G. S. Rajadhyaksha and Mr. D. V. Vyas, passed orders today for the continuation of dearness allowance to Textile workers in Ahmedabad on the same scale for further seven months from August 8, 1946, in March 1947 any party can apply for revision or continuation.

The court had given an award in August 1946, fixing the scale of dearness allowance at 76 per cent. This award terminated on August 8, 1946. The Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad, applied to the court for revision of the above scale and asked for full neutralization of the rise in the cost of living. The Millowners' Association in Ahmedabad contested the application, pleading that the condition of the industry did not warrant the revision, since profits of the industry had decreased as compared to previous years. The Industrial Court today ordered that the parties should approach the court in March, 1947, and in the meantime the dearness allowance should continue at the rate of 76 per cent.

VISHINSKY ON WHAT HE SAID OF ITALIANS

PARIS, Sept. 13, (Reuter): M. Andrei Vyshinsky, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, today described as "gross distohim at the Paris Conference which has already brought him two due challenges and written protest by the Italian Delegation.

M. Vyshinsky was reported to have said last week "Italians are better at running than at fighting, and the Italian Delegation in a letter circulated to the Conference, expressed "most painful surprise that it should have been possiboe to make such statements which reflects so unjusty on the honour of all Italians who fought in the ranks of the Italian regular forces and with the resistance forces."

M. Vyshinsky's reply today after taking cognisance of the Italian letter continued: "Quite apart from the libellous character of the statement contained in this letter, I think I should draw your attention to the fact that the quotation made in this letter is a gross distoration of a part of my statement which in fact reads as follows: "...and those facts go to show that the belauded Italian Generals Graziani Messe and the like were used to running than to fighting.

CAIRO, Sept. 13 (APA): The signing of a new Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of Alliance before October 1 was predicted by well-informed Egyptian sources last night as King Farouk signed a Royal decree bringing four members of the Saadist Party into the Cabinet.

Unification Of Kerala

(BY P. UNNIKRISHNAN NAIR.)

The statement recently issued by H. H. the Maharaja of Cochin, pleading for his cherished ideal of a unified Kerala, was unique in its character in the sense that it was a courageous revelation of the human element behind the paramountcy of the princely order. The Maharaja envisaged a federal structure for a future independent India with autonomous provinces on linguistic basis and emphasised the need for the existing tripartite divisions, namely, British Malabar and the two Indian States of Cochin and Travancore, to unite into a cohesive unit in order to preserve the integrity of Kerala culture which would otherwise be subject to extinction from other quarters. This outspoken announcement is a clear indication that the princes are fully alive to the new forces that are shaping the course of events all over the world, and more specially in India.

Kerala, the land of palms, lies in the remote south-western corner of India and comprises of the two States of Cochin and Travancore and British Malabar. From time immemorial Kerala has been one of the memorable spots in India and the thousands of her visitors from abroad have paid glowing tributes to the abounding beauty of her landscapes and the colourful life of her people. She has the highest standard of literacy in India and her contribution to the political life of the motherland is by no means ignoble.

CULTURAL HOMOGENEITY STILL INTACT

History records that the Cheraman Perumal, the one time monarch of Kerala, thought it expedient for administrative purposes to divide the territory into three sections and to entrust each section to a ruler subordinate to him. Ever since this trifurcation, nearly a 1,000 years ago, there have been till to-day the same three divisions each in its own isolated existence and the British occupation of India only gave further impetus to consolidate this tendency for isolationism and to transfer allegiance to the British Government. But it is heartening that in spite of the numerous centrifugal forces to disintegrate her cultural homogeneity Kerala has still maintained intact many of the common traits of her cultural civilisation.

Notwithstanding the artificial setup, it can be truly said that the people of Kerala are a nation by themselves, considering the important characteristics of nationhood. Geographically, Travancore, Cochin and British Malabar are not in any way separate entities inasmuch as they possess the same advantages and disadvantages of climatic factors. Of religion, one can say without the least fear of contradiction that in no other part of this vast sub-continent of India can we come across such astounding religious unity...as we see in Kerala where every community is more or less an active participant in the religious functions of its co-religionists. The customs, laws and regulations etc., are universal in their applications except for minor differences.

LINGUISTIC UNITY

Linguistically Kerala is one and indivisible and for much of the beauty of Malayalam, the language of the Keralites, she is indebted to her great scholars from all these three units. Poets like Ezhuthachan, Nambiar, Kerala Vyasan and a host of others can never be circumscribed to any particular area. The cultural contribution of these parts is certainly devoid of any territorial considerations as can easily be seen from the latest developments in the revival of Kathakali and other popular dances. Any deficiency we notice is due mainly because of the restricted freedom imposed on the people by the distribution of states. In a united Kerala there will be better understanding between the people and this will clear the way for future advancement, of course, rectifying the anomalies of the past. The inextricable bonds of common sentiments themselves warrant an immediate unification for them only can Kerala be assured of complete all round prosperity with the co-ordinated efforts of her people.

SCOPE FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

As has been said, the political balkanisation of the States and British Malabar is not natural and was continued by an alien Government to promote its own interests and Kerala has fully identified herself with the motherland in her struggle to remove alien rule. At present neither of these three unitary States of Kerala is industrially advanced and this is primarily because of their smallness from one another. A united Kerala, with a little more scientific knowledge and improved methods of scientific agriculture and with more arable lands under cultivation, can increase her production of rice at least to make herself self-sufficient. Cochin and Travancore have abundance of mineral wealth and the recent discovery of a Thorium deposits in Travancore can be utilised for industrial purposes with more resources and organisation and in a better way in a united Kerala than by a part of it. Again, there is enormous scope for developing industries like textiles, coir, cashew-nut, handloom, glass-making, etc., in a federated Kerala and certainly unless the hidden resources of Cochin, Travancore and British Malabar are pooled together there will be an industrial stalemate for many years to come.

With increased capital and organisations from the Keralit s themselves much of the unemployment problem can be solved and a better standard of living can be set up. Handicrafts are an art as well as an industry and it demands great labour and money and only a potential reservoir like a Unified Kerala can supply these wants adequately. Similarly, the produce of tea, coffee, cardamom and other articles can be greatly increased if the latent resources at their command are properly canalised. It is a fact to be admitted that owing to insufficient capital and lack of scientific and skilled labour these industries have not progressed considerably and so it is high time that Cochin, Travancore and British Malabar joined together and staged an industrial revolution to forge ahead with the other civilised countries of the world in order that the greater federation, in the offing, in a free India may well be proud of her.

KERALA UNIVERSITY

Efforts had been made a few years ago to establish a Kerala University, but they proved abortive. A university would be a very strong bond to unite the people and to preserve the cultural integrity of Kerala. Now fresh efforts have to be made under the inspiring guidance of H.H. the Maharaja of Cochin, this time not only for the Kerala University but for the unification of Kerala. The times are changing and Kerala has also got to move with the time so that she may occupy a honourable place in the comity of civilised countries.

COMMUNAL TROUBLE AVERTED IN JUNNAR

POONA, Sept. 11: Junnar, the chief town of a taluka of the same name in Poona District returned to normalcy after passing through a brief spell of tension because some goondas with a view to provoking a communal fracas sacked a shrine. However, the timely intervention of the leaders concerned averted a holocaust on the lines of Calcutta and Bombay.—P.O.C.

TO PROTECT THE BEAUTY OF YOUR SKIN

Sun, heat, dust—they can all so easily spoil your beauty unless you take regular care of your skin. But a little time spent each day in deep-cleansing your skin with my Cleansing Milk is a sure protection against their coarsening tendencies—and the best way to banish hot shiny skin, enlarged pores, blackheads and other blemishes.

Anne French Cleansing Milk is a scientific aid to beauty—it nourishes as well as protects the skin. It is so finely emulsified that it cleanses deep down into every tiny pore, removing all those stifling impurities that are the cause of blemishes. Soon your skin becomes clear and soft... its fine texture is restored... it glows in its deep-cleansed health... looks and feels cool and fresh.

FOLLOW MY *Skin Beauty* ROUTINE

★ Thoroughly deep-cleanse the skin pores by firm upward and outward strokes with cotton wool soaked in Anne French Cleansing Milk.

★★ Remove surplus milk with dry cotton wool. Then wash in lukewarm water. Dry on soft towel.

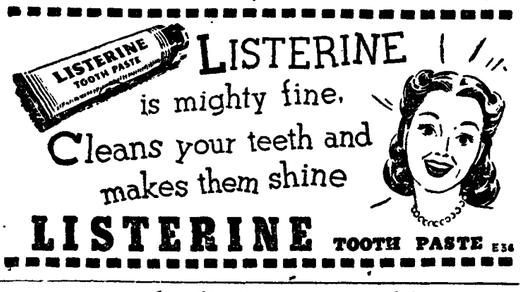
★★★ Now make up—using Anne French Cleansing Milk as a powder base if you like. During the day, when using it as a skin freshener you need not wash your face.

Anne French CLEANSING MILK

Sole Distributors: Geoffrey Manners & Co., Ltd., Bombay, Calcutta, Madras & Lahore

2/3, OLD BOND STREET, LONDON, W.1.

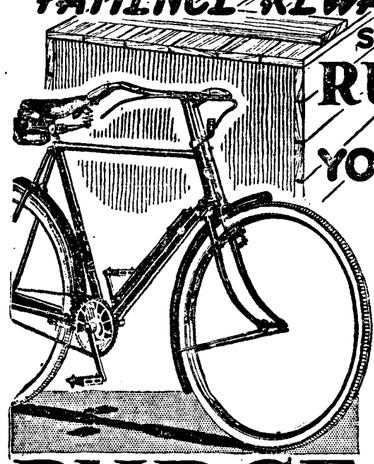
Sold by all Chemists and Stores



LISTERINE is mighty fine.
Cleans your teeth and makes them shine

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE E36

PATIENCE REWARDED-SOON A RUDGE for YOU TOO!



You have had to wait a long time for your Rudge, but the prospects are now much better. All the energy of the Rudge factory is being devoted to supplying you with a really high class cycle which you can ride and enjoy.

RUDGE WHITWORTH

Distributors: THE GRAMOPHONE CO. LTD., 33, Jessore Road, DumDum.

ASTHMA relief STARTS IN 30 SECONDS

BANISH STRAIN AND THOSE GASPING CHOKING DREADED NIGHT ATTACKS. Almost immediately after taking one small tablet relief begins. Ephazone is working within, speedily dissolving germ-laden accumulations clogging the bronchial tubes. No longer need you fear those sudden attacks—banish them with Ephazone before they develop. Ephazone is a scientifically balanced preparation approved and used by over 15,000 Doctors and 600 Leading Hospitals. Treatment with Ephazone gives rest to your tired system, fewer and less violent spasms and consequent improvement in general health.
For Asthma, Bronchitis and Bronchial Catarrh there is nothing like it. Try Ephazone and know freedom at last. Get a bottle to-day.

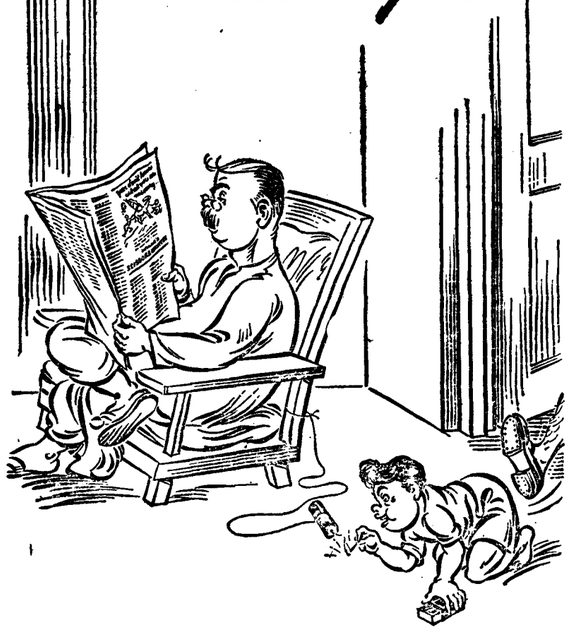
Nothing to inject—nothing to inhale. One single tablet will usually start relief in 30 seconds.

DAY OR NIGHT KEEP IT HANDY

EPHAZONE
Each tablet an effective dose

Sold by all registered chemists. If any difficulty write to: J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India), Ltd. Bombay-P.O. Box 258. Calcutta-P.O. Box 387 Madras-P.O. Box 1370

you don't know what you are missing...



... if you don't smoke "Scissors" cigarettes. For years they have been the popular favourite of very many smokers,—smokers who know that "Scissors" are much too good a cigarette to miss.

4 ANNAS FOR 10
Plus local tax where in force.

WILLS'S SCISSORS CIGARETTES

S/158

ALEXANDER STAGES WALKOUT

Issue Of Inviting Albania To Military Committee's Sittings

PARIS, September 13. (A.P.A.): Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, walked out of the Paris Peace Conference Military Committee today during a two-hour debate with the Slav States group on inviting Albania to make a statement on the Italian treaty.

"I despair of leading this Commission in the path of commonsense," the British representative said, just before a vote was taken.

The vote resulted 15 to 4, with one abstention and one absent, to invite Albania to appear and voice her comments without any time limit or restrictions.

Mr. Alexander's abrupt walkout came after he had argued that Albania should have only half an hour to speak on the military provisions of the Italian Treaty and should be notified beforehand that the Commission already had voted down several Yugoslav amendments that matched Albania's proposals.

He was supported by the United States. The Slav group argued for no restrictions. France, Greece and the United States voted with Britain against the proposal. A British representative remained behind for the vote. Belgium abstained while Brazil's representative was absent.

WHO TO RULE TRIESTE?

A Reuter's message says:

Britain told the Paris Conference today that she considered it "essential to give the fullest powers to the Governor of Trieste as a representative of the Security Council" instead of making the popular Assembly the centre of power in the proposed free territory as advocated in the Soviet Union's draft statute.

Mr. J. C. Steandale Bennett, the British delegate, told the Italian political and Territorial Committee that "in a community where racial tension may at any time reach dangerous proportions, the British Delegation feel that it may be unwise to concentrate power at the outset in the hands of the popular Assembly."

Under the Big Four agreement, the Governor would be appointed by the Security Council after consultation with Italian and Yugoslav representatives.

Britain was "disturbed" by the provisions in the Soviet and Yugoslav drafts which appeared to "pave the way for absorption of the free territory into Yugoslavia", Mr. Bennett said.

The British draft in addition to giving the Governor suspensory powers somewhat wider than those in the Russian draft in regard to legislation adopted by the Assembly, concentrated the Executive power in his hands.

BRITAIN WITHDRAWS MOTION

In the Balkans Economic Committee the British delegate withdrew a proposal that a clause be included in the Rumanian Treaty giving compensation to United Nations insurance companies for payment of claims arising out of the war.

The Military Committee heard the Rumanian representatives' plea for certain modifications in the military clauses of the treaty on grounds of the role Rumania had played in the war on the United Nations side.

It agreed to invite the Albanian Delegate to express his views on the military clauses in the Italian Treaty.

Greek Premier Meets Byrnes

PARIS, Sept. 13 (A.P.A.): The United States Secretary of State, James F. Byrnes, conferred today with the Greek Prime Minister, Constantine Tsaldaris, at the headquarters of the American Peace Conference Delegation.

The meeting lasted nearly an hour. It was believed that it was held at the request of M. Tsaldaris to discuss the demands for frontier rectifications at the expense of Bulgaria and Albania.

Two Paris Conference Committees Conclude Work

PARIS, Sept. 12, (Reuter): Two of the nine Paris Conference committees concluded their discussion on the draft peace treaties tonight—the fortieth working day of the conference. They are the Finish and Rumanian Political and Territorial committees.

Earlier today M. Fouques Duparc, Secretary General of the Peace Conference, notified all committees that they must complete their work on the draft treaties by October 5 if the treaties were to go before the plenary Session and be completed before October 23 the date of the meeting of the United Nations Assembly.

Hungary Admitted To F. A. O.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 13 (Reuter): Hungary was admitted as a member of the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation Conference when the conference resumed its plenary meetings here today.

Application for membership put forward by Dr. Jeno Koranyi, Minister-Counsellor of the Hungarian Ministry of Supply, who has been acting as observer at the Conference was supported by the United States and India and approved by 30 votes to two.

TITO'S RETORT ON "INCIDENTS" IN YUGOSLAVIA

LONDON, Sept. 13 (A.P.A.): Marshal Tito, in an interview reported by the Yugoslav News Agency Tanjug, said yesterday that if his country were willing to subjugate itself to "the Anglo-Saxon imperialists" there would be "no incidents" with certain powers."

Answering questions submitted by a French correspondent, Tito said according to Tanjug:

"Let us suppose for a second that Yugoslavia, instead of being a country which is to-day applying a programme for which the people's front stands, were a state willing to leave its economy in the hands of the Anglo-Saxon imperialists.

"Then there would be no criticism, and no incidents would happen which would trouble Yugoslavia's relations with certain powers.

"Therefore, the problem does not really emerge from the fact who rules a country and what is the political organisation of such a country but who exploits her economy and to what an extent such a country is an instrument of imperialistic powers."

Prisoner Dies Shouting "Merdeka"

SYDNEY, Sept. 13. (Reuter): A riot by hundreds of Indonesian prisoners in a Dutch prison camp at Cassino, 100 miles from Brisbane, was quelled by machine-gun fire yesterday, the Netherlands News Agency reported today.

One Indonesian prisoner named Soerdo, was killed and two others wounded. Soerdo, who was hit by 13 bullets, died screaming "Up, Republic of Indonesia".

INDONESIAN-DUTCH TALKS

BATAVIA, Sept. 13, (Reuter): Dr. Van Mook, the Netherlands East Indies Lt. Governor-General has suggested to Dr. Sutan Shahriar the Indonesian Republican Premier, that negotiations on the future of the East Indies can be resumed as soon as the Dutch Commission General arrives here.

VAN MOOK'S LETTER

The suggestion was made in a letter to Shahriar on Monday the official text of which was published today. "If we approach our problems in a peaceful matter-of-fact way, it might be possible to find common ground for agreement which eliminates the existing suspicions and guarantees recognition of the Indonesian deire for freedom and at the same time reaffirms close connections between the Netherlands and Indonesia," Dr. Van Mook said.

"The various proposals and policy declarations issued on both sides have contained sufficient common elements to make a solution possible, if the problem is approached in a spirit of goodwill and with firm and resolute purpose to harmonise sentiment and realism."

Dr. Willem Shermerhorn, former Dutch Prime Minister who laid the Dutch plan for the Dutch East Indies before Mr. Clement and Mr. Ernest Bevin last Chirstmas is the chairman of the Commission going out to Java.

WALLACE'S DIG AT BR. IMPERIALISM

"Considerable Surprise" In London Foreign Office

LONDON, Sept. 13, (Reuter). A Foreign Office spokesman stated today that "considerable surprise" had been caused in London by the speech in New York last night of the United States Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Henry Wallace.

The references to British Imperialism, the spokesman said, were particularly astonishing at a time when Britain was handing over to India the control of her own affairs and in view of the punctual withdrawal of troops from Persia last March.

He added that there is no tendency here to envisage a war with the Soviet Union. He said that there are in fact more references to the danger of war in the United States and the Soviet Press than in the British Press.

Truman Approves Wallace's Speech

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (Reuter): President Truman told a Press Conference to-night that he approved the whole speech by Mr. Henry Wallace Secretary to the Department of Commerce, in which Mr. Wallace warns "We must not let British balance of power manipulations determine whether and when the United States gets into war."

The President said that Mr. Wallace's speech was not a departure from the policy of Mr. James F. Byrnes, Secretary of the State Department, but was exactly in line with that policy.

Stop-Gap Plan Will Not Do

H. A. Lalljee On Shia Representation In The Centre

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Hooseinbhoy Lalljee who is proceeding by air to New Delhi tomorrow to attend the meeting of the Council of Action of the All-Parties Shia Conference which will be held on Sunday, in an interview to the press, said that the meeting was specially convened to consider the relative position of the Shias "vis-a-vis", the Muslim League, the Congress and the other minorities.

Thirty members of the Council from all over India will take part in the deliberations.

The meeting had before it the Indian political situation in respect of the appeal of Mr M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, to all Muslims. His appeal was a specially directed to the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, the Ahrars, the Khaksars and the Muslim Majlis which was a nationalist organization. But the Shias who formed 1/3rd of the Muslim population of India had not been mentioned. The leaders of these bodies had already given their replies however the Shias had to consider their attitude in view of recent developments. The Delhi meeting will also consider what attitude the Shias should adopt with reference to the secious position that has arisen about Iran, Palestine the Frontier and of Indians overseas.

There is a positive demand from Shias from all parts of India to take up a definite line of action now that the Interim Government has been installed.

Mr. Lalljee welcomed the co-operation of the Muslim League in the Interim Government, but he said "We Shias are not satisfied with the nomination of a Shia member made by the Congress. We desire the nomination of a man in consultation with us.

Mr. Lalljee, however, had great personal regard for the person appointed. He was certainly an able man, but the Shias had not been consulted about his nomination, as was the case with regard to the Sikhs. Further the Shias did not consider the appointment as satisfactory, in view of the fact that it was considered as a stop-gap appointment which position we would not accept, although we are as eager as anybody else to have unity amongst Muslims and amongst Indians. They wanted a fair and equitable treatment from those who desired their co-operation. They were therefore going to lay down as definite and clear a line of action as possible. Mr. Lalljee is the President of the All-Parties Shia Conference.

CLAIM AND COUNTER-CLAIM

Author's Suit Dismissed

An important case was disposed of in the Court of Mr. Pradhan in the Small Causes Court on Friday. Mr. K. S. Hirlekar filed a suit for the recovery of a sum of Rs. 200 from one Mr. M. V. Subba Rao which, according to him, was a loan given to Mr. Subba Rao. Mr. Subba Rao in turn filed a suit for the recovery of an additional sum of Rs. 300 for the assistance he had given to Mr. Hirlekar in connection with the latter's book on 'Soviet Asia' published some time ago. The only witness in the case was Prof. C N. Vakil. It happened that Mr. Hirlekar approached Prof. Vakil some time in June 1944 for a suitable man who could help him in his projected work on 'Soviet Asia' for which he was willing to pay a reasonable amount. Prof Vakil recommended Mr. M. V. Subba Rao who had then got his M.A. degree with Second Class from the School of Economics. Mr. Hirlekar's case for the recovery of Rs. 200 from Mr. Subba Rao was dismissed and Mr. Subba Rao's case for the recovery of Rs. 300 was upheld and orders were passed accordingly.

The case created a sensation in the Court. A large number of lawyers and spectators came in to watch the proceedings, particularly the evidence of Prof Vakil.

Hotel Workers' Strike Postponed

BOMBAY, Friday.

The hotel workers' strike which was scheduled to begin at midnight today has been postponed for a week, since the Union considers the present situation in the city, unfavourable for the strike.

The week's time ahead may be utilised by the Union for continuing discussions with hotel managers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (APA) The White House yesterday offered a plan to end the maritime strike by permitting Government Agencies to pay the same scales as those paid by private operators in the same field.

The proposal advanced by John Steelman, the President's chief labour conciliator, involves an amendment of the Wage Stabilisation Board's regulations.

Gandhi Jayanti Celebrations

A. I. C. C. Secretaries Urge Mass Participation Programmes In Villages

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 12. (A.P.I.): In a circular letter addressed to all Provincial Congress Committees, Mr. B. V. Keskar and Miss Mridula Sarabhai, Joint General Secretaries of the Indian National Congress have laid down certain suggestions for the celebration of the Gandhi Jayanti week which usually take the form of meetings and lectures explaining the significance of Gandhiji's contributions to our national life. This is not enough, says the letter. The celebrations should, besides mass meetings, take the form of active participation by the masses in the activities which are generally termed constructive programme. Congressmen and Congress Committees can organise exhibitions of various kinds to illustrate items of the constructive programme.

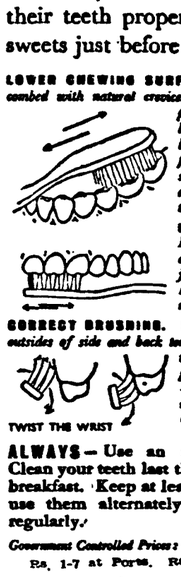
It is customary for celebrations to be confined to cities. This is a fatal weakness of the celebrations which must be remedied this time. Arrangements should be made for celebrations in the countryside on as wide a scale as possible. No where should exhibitions and demonstrations be more useful than in our villages"

The letter concludes: This time Gandhi Jayanti begins from 22nd September to 2nd October, and a programme will have to be made for all these days. It would be well if each day is devoted to one or two special items of the constructive programme.

How to brush your teeth

(THIS IS NO. 4 OF A SERIES. *Cut it out and keep it.*)

DECAY of teeth is essentially a disease of early life. Teach your children to brush their teeth properly and don't let them suck sweets just before bed-time.



LOWER CHEWING SURFACES. *These are honeycombed with natural crevices. As the jaws can exert a pressure of approximately 200 lbs. in chewing, only careful brushing will remove jammed food particles. Hold the brush so that ends of bristles lie evenly on teeth. Brush briskly to and fro as shown by arrows.*

UPPER CHEWING SURFACES *It is not easy to clean the chewing surfaces of your upper jaw. Use method just explained. Practise doing it in front of mirror.*

CORRECT BRUSHING. *When brushing the insides or outsides of side and back teeth always use a twist of the wrist to sweep bristles from the gum 'upwards' on lower jaw —from gum 'downwards' on upper jaw. Diagrams show tuck bristles should take.*

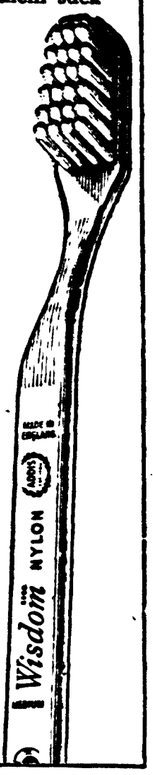
TWIST THE WRIST

ALWAYS—Use an unwetted toothbrush. Clean your teeth last thing at night and after breakfast. Keep at least two toothbrushes—use them alternately. Visit your dentist regularly.

Government Controlled Prices:
Rs. 1-7 at Ports. Rs. 1-4 up country

USE YOUR *Wisdom* WISELY

MADE IN ENGLAND BY ADDIS LIMITED, MAKERS OF THE FIRST TOOTHBRUSH IN 1780.
DISTRIBUTORS: J. L. MORISON, SON AND JONES (INDIA), LTD P.O. BOX NO. 258, BOMBAY AND BRANCHES.



Powells' KURAIN new formula WILL NOT BURN OR SMART

Stops itching
WILL NOT STAIN CLOTHES
A SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM & OTHER SKIN TROUBLES.

POWELLS LTD.

OLD or NEW

your car

deserves the best

Insist on

Firestone
'GUM-DIPPED TYRES'

• Gives lustre to your Hair

AT ALL SHOPS

Delicately scented 'Vaseline' Blue Seal Pomade preserves the hair, and keeps it healthy & gleaming. Use a little every day.

Copyright: JWT

for Vigour & Vim start taking OONIM

IT'S great to have zest for the fullest enjoyment of living! Don't feel or act old before your time! Life's richest gifts go to MEN and WOMEN who are PHYSICALLY and MENTALLY fit. If age, overwork, worry illness, etc. have caused you to age before your time, then "COME BACK" with OONIM. Experience the joy of vibrant, perfect health, freedom from the tragedy of bodily limitation, and feel the power to lead on to victory through rugged, all conquering health MEN feel active, self-confident, full of youthful vigour. WOMEN become radiant, clear-complexioned, glamorous, vital, charming. Heal h, looks, physical and mental powers transformed. Doctors astonished.

Price per container of 21 capsules, sufficient for one week, Rs. 7/8 per container of 63 capsules, three weeks course, Rs 22/8.

ROYAL OONIM: Highly concentrated hormone-vitamin gland-food for the aged Restores youthful vigour and vitality *Price Rs 50/- per container.*

ASK FOR A COPY OF OUR FREE CIRCULAR.

HERING & KENT

P. O. Box 323. (B. C. B.)
261-263 Hornby Road, Fort
Bombay Phone: 24297

Stockists:— P M ZAVERI & Co.,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

"SOLAR SALT"

Government Analysed SWADESHI WHITE POWDER COOKING and DAIRY SALT offers the highest standard of purity at an Economical Price. Can be had in bags of one Bengal Maund.

FROM

Khan Bahadur H. M. D. H. BHIWANDIWALLA & CO.
583, CHIRA BAZAR, BOMBAY
Telephone: 26027

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Religion And The State

Sir,—Religion must be and in fact it is something that is a question for need of the inner life of the individual; it has nothing directly to do with his life in the community, where his conduct must be guided and controlled by common State rules and laws. In no social or state question must the particular religion of a particular person have any regard or importance or qualification. If any attempt is made to recognize 'institutionalized' or 'formalized' religion as a concern of the society or state, it must create trouble. It did create trouble in Europe till the Church and the State were separated; it arrested the growth of Turkey till it was assigned its proper place there; the progressive forces in Russia could be released only when the mind was freed from religious slavery.

And at this turning point of Indian History, if this truth may not dawn upon the 'Leaders that be' (Leaders of Great Britain who are transferring power, and leaders of India who are accepting Power), well, I think, we are doomed! They must have the courage, boldness and vision to relegate religion to its proper place, start organizing state and society completely on 'secular' and scientific lines, regarding the people of the State not as Mahomedans or Hindus but as simple human beings.....Not like this, that the people who are electing are electing as Hindus or Mahomedans or Parsis or Sikhs, but as adult members of the same state; not that Mr. A is on a particular post because he is a Mahomedan or a Hindu, but because he is most capable for that. No doubt such a step may entail difficulties in the beginning; but the courage, boldness and vision of the leaders must rise to the occasion. Boldness at this juncture may lay a sure foundation for a happy and progressive state to be built upon.

RAMESHWAR GUPTA.

Morvi.

Scheduled Castes Satyagraha

Sir,—Referring to an article "Poona Assembly Session Reviewed—Scheduled Castes Satyagraha" by Mr. G. N. Acharya in your paper of the 22nd August, I have few comments to make, and I sincerely hope, you will kindly publish in your paper.

It will not be a mistake to say that the writer has no sound arguments, and that he has merely jotted down the material gathered from papers which are siding with Congress politics and which are condemning anything and everything against the Congress, without going deep into the facts. I do not mean that there should not be any party politics. What I want to say is that one should not ignore the merits of one's opponent. Scheduled Caste Federation being an anti-Congress body, the Congress press had tried and is trying to give different colour to the movement of the Scheduled Castes, this misleading and misguiding the general mass which relies on the press, and it is with such a prejudiced mind that the writer has expressed his thoughts.

It is really a matter of great surprise that the well-educated mass and the great critics of the time still believe that the Scheduled Castes are behind the Congress which has won all the seats and defeated the Federation. In joint electorate, where a huge majority of Caste Hindu voters can elect a Scheduled Caste man who will be a tool in their hands, a real test to establish this? I wonder, if to-morrow the Indians in South Africa have to face similar danger, the same Press and Congress will praise it or not. It is because of the Poona Pact that the Scheduled Castes could not send their real representatives to the Assemblies. The Federation is fighting for liberty and is demanding a right to send its true and real representatives to the Assemblies. It matters very little if the representation is reduced to 61; but the Scheduled Castes will get a right to send their real representatives. These 61 seats are more valuable than 1,000 seats given to them in the joint electorates. It is through separate Electorates that you will find whether the Scheduled Castes are behind Congress or not.

I do not want to go into the details of the arguments of Mr. Acharya, because I am afraid my letter will be too long. Instead of asking Dr. Ambedkar and his followers to join the Congress, why does not the Congress seek the co-operation of Dr. Ambedkar by coming to an agreement? The Congress wants that the Scheduled Castes should always be under the thumb of Caste Hindus. Congress is aware that if Scheduled Castes are given separate electorates, they will be a powerful element like Muslims in Indian Politics. Congress has never missed a chance to seek co-operation of the Muslims. Why should it hesitate to seek co-operation of Dr. Ambedkar and his followers? This is a question which should be considered first.

SHYAM.

Railway-Crossing At Virar

Through the medium of your popular columns I beg to invite the attention of the B.B. & C.I. Rly. authorities to the problem which endangers public safety at Virar.

There is a railway crossing near the B Cabin at Virar. Virar is divided in two parts owing to the railway line running through. And the only way of communication from the West to the East is this crossing. Virar is the last station on the electric line and all the mail and passenger trains pass through without stopping here. Every Thursday, Friday and Saturday the bazar is held on the east side of the railway line and all the inhabitants of the west side have to cross the railway line at risk of their lives as there is no railway bridge. Very frequently children keep on going to the bazar to patch something to their parents and quite a number of children from the east side come to the school on the west side after crossing the railway line. It is very risky to cross the railway line at this point. Besides, when a goods train arrives at Virar, it sometimes stops there for hours together shunting from here and there and this naturally involves a considerable inconvenience to the inhabitants of the either side in communicating with one another.

It is therefore requested that the railway authorities concentrate their attention on this grave danger and build an over-bridge at this point which will save the Virar public a lot of inconvenience and also guarantee safety of their life.

CHINTAMAN R. PATEL.

Goa Governor's Message To Goans

Sir, Mr. V. S. De Pompeia Viegas Hony. Secretary of the Goan Association has just delivered a message of H. E. The Governor-General of Goa to Goans in Bombay through the columns of the "Anglo-Lusitano". It would be better for Mr. Viegas to convene a public meeting of Goans and deliver this message to the masses. I hope he will not get nervous to face the replies from the audience. According to Mr. Viegas, the good Governor, who is called upon to rule the destines of Goa, states that there is freedom of speech and press. What sort of freedom of speech? The most elementary right of human being to speak on civil liberty is denied in Goa and Shri Tristao Braganca Cunha is sentenced for 8 years' transportation for doing so. Where is freedom for the press? The "Anglo-Lusitano," the oldest organ of the Goan community founded by the late Commendador Leandro Mascarenhas, who had fought thousands of battles for Goans and championed the cause of Padroado, is under a ban in Goa. It is a pity that Mr. Viegas does not mention anything having been done to remove the ban, much more pity the present Editor of "Anglo-Lusitano" Mr. Ignatious Fonseca is President of the Goan Association, of which Mr. Pompeia Viegas is the Hon. Secretary.

J. D'SOUZA

Cotton Export Trade

Sir,—Frantic efforts are being made by a section of the cotton trade in order to secure a monopoly of handling all exports of cotton on the basis of their past record of shipments before the outbreak of war with Germany or with Japan. They seem to contend that, as they were in the trade in the past, the Government of India should restore the monopoly of exports to them. Their contention is entirely fallacious. For, they do not make all those in the trade; indeed, it was the Japanese shippers, half a dozen in number, who were handling the bulk of exports to China and Japan, the two countries which were importing the bulk of cotton exports from India. In addition to these, of course, there were a number monopolise the trade, which were also handling exports of cotton to the continental countries.

The important Japanese interests have now ceased to exist. So also a few others. The remaining exporters have, as a result of the war, established themselves in other lines. It is a matter of surprise, therefore, that the latter should not only want to resume their cotton export business, but also seek to monopolise the export trade in cotton. In view of this, it would be wrong on the part of the Government of India to make a present of the monopoly in cotton export trade with China and Japan to them.

It may be of interest to mention here that more normal conditions of trade prevail at present in all countries. The United States of America is doing away with all restrictions on exports and imports. In India, despite the conditions of short supply and famine, controls on trade are being slowly relaxed, except in the case of textiles and foodstuffs. It is necessary, therefore, that free trade should be allowed at least in such articles which are allowed to be exported.

It is true there is a shortage of supply of cotton for domestic consumption and exports have to be restricted. It does not follow, therefrom, however, that the export trade in cotton should be handed over to a small group of traders who have no more claim for it than any other trader. What has to be done is to restrict the quantity to be exported, as is intended to be done, and also, if necessary impose a price control. There should be no other restriction besides on free trading. Trade must be allowed to flow in the most free manner possible, and any attempt by the big capitalists to secure more and more advantages for themselves must be given a short shrift. Monopolies are bad enough, but they are a grave danger to India under the existing conditions, and they have to be put down under all circumstances.

It is, however, realised that the problem for the Government is how to distribute the limited allocations. As in the case of export of jute manufactures, or even in the case of cotton exports until recently, shippers may be asked to produce evidence of firm orders received by them from overseas buyers with letters of credit or any proof of such credits being arranged. It is possible that these regulations may be circumvented by some of the shippers by obtaining firm orders from their foreign branches or agencies. But this can be prevented by inviting the existing shippers in Karachi and in Bombay to apply for export quotas at one of the two ports and to distribute the allocations equally amongst them and then to ask them to produce necessary proofs within a limited period, say at the latest within a month of such quota allocations for issue of pucca licences valid for a period of not more than three months. Shippers at either ports should also be asked to declare that they have no interest in any export allocations at the other port. In any case, the Government of India should see that they are not persuaded into handing over the export trade in cotton to a few monopolists under any circumstances.

The above suggestions, if agreed to, will help to distribute cotton export trade evenly amongst all shippers and prevent monopolies which are detrimental to the interests of the trade, as well as to the growers of cotton who have suffered a great deal at the hands of such monopolists in the past.

DISINTERESTED.

Bombay.

Gandhiji And Guru Govind

Sir,—Like Mahatma Gandhi, Guru Govind Singh was also in favour of abolition of caste. He made his five disciples of different castes known as the five favorites drink and eat in one plate. Maha-maji has recently advised the caste-Hindu girls to marry untouchable youngmen. In this connection an incidence from the life of Guru Govind Singh is worth narrrating for the benefit of the followers of Mahatmaji. Once the great Guru was walking through a street with a band of disciples. A house was being built in the street. A young mason sitting on the high scaffold happened to splash some clay inadvertantly on the Guruji. At this Guruji ordered his disciples to slap the mason. When the mason came down from the scaffold, everyone of the disciples tried to carry out the Guru's order first of all. As they ran to slap him, the Guruji ordered them to stop and said. "I am pleased to know that all of you are ready to obey my orders as far as the slapping of this mason is concerned. But I want to know if any one of you can give his daughter in marriage to him in obedience to my order". On hearing this all of them were struck dumb. Only one Sikh was bold enough to obey the Guru's order and offer his daughter to the young mason, who was a Shudra. The world is anxious to see how many caste Hindus prove themselves the true followers of Mahatmaji by carrying out his recent order.

SANT RAM,
Jat Pat Torak Mandal, Lahore.

Appeal To Muslim Leaders

Sir,—Some times back, I wrote several articles drawing the attention of Muslim leaders of all shades of opinion to the urgent need or doing some constructive and practical work for the present and future welfare of the community.

The Muslim Leaguers have been busy for a long time with the scheme of Pakistan, the Nationalist Muslims have been shouting about an undivided Hindustan, but neither of them have ever cared to look to the immediate requirements of the community its sufferings and for showing Islam in its proper light.

They all shed tears of sorrow to see poverty, illiteracy and unemployment of community. All parties claim to be the real guide. They speak from earth to sky in the Press and on the public platforms for the welfare of the community without any practical solid and constructive work.

Now the Muslim League has made up its mind to do practical work and start constructive programme.

In my opinion as in the opinion of the thousands of the Muslims, what the Muslims need is a 'Baitul-Mal' which will help the widows, the orphans and deserving persons of the community, to be self-respecting human beings, fully imbued with the spirit of Islam and ready to dedicate their lives to the cause of service and sacrifice.

Of equal importance as 'Baitul-Mal' is the cause of education not the school and college education of the university at present which has been functioning just like a machine for the production of graduates in thousands every year without having into consideration as to how to earn their livelihood. We want practical education which will make them abreast of the times and enable them to earn their living without resorting to beggary.

They can start technical training institutions, employment bureau, factories and many other useful institutions like these to help the community and remove their sufferings.

M. A. BARI.

"Off My Chest"

Sir,—Your correspondent 'An Indian Of God's Religion", fails to realise that the spirit in which Mr. Karaka writes in his column, is the spirit of a true Indian. He seems to resent Mr. Karaka's fight for the freedom of millions of our Harijans, whose only crime is to keep the whole of India clean. While he accuses Mr. Karaka of being inaccurate in his writings, he himself is inaccurate when he says, "Now, Mr. Karaka recommends, in clubs and hotels, prohibiting entry of caste-Hindus", Mr. Karaka never wrote like this or to this effect, but he wrote that the ban should be against all those who believe in the caste system. When the correspondent says, "If the churches or fire-temples are thrown open to the untouchables, they are not going to be satisfied and their genuine satisfaction lies only in Hindu temples being thrown open to them", he forgets that there are millions of Muslims and Christians who have been converted from untouchability in the past, and if the Hindu orthodoxy is not going to give them freedom for worshipping, they will be compelled to look to other religions like Islam and Christianity where they would be welcomed. And again he is prejudiced when he says, "He (Mr. Karaka) thinks removal of untouchability means, all the Hindus degenerating themselves over-night." Well the truth is the Hindus would be regenerating the day they open up all their temples and treat them on the basis of equality.

'AN INDIAN"

Requisitioning Scandals

Sir,—Apropos of the announcement in the newspapers about the proposed move in the Central Legislature to introduce a Bill enabling Government to prolong the period of occupation of houses already requisitioned under the Defence of India Rules, even after the expiry of the period ending with 30-9-46, I beg to bring certain scandals affecting this business of requisitioning to the notice of the authorities and the public.

The manner in which these requisitioned premises have been used by the Military leaves one aghast in contemplation. A large building in Bombay used by the Military personnel (American and English) for about 1 1/2 years only, would not have been so damaged by ordinary user for 20 years. Walls were dug up, even flooring was dug up, sanitary arrangements were hopelessly mishandled, even paint was completely gone off the walls, doors and windows oil-painted walls were used for target practice, and as for furniture, even barbarians could have used it better.

Several premises which have been requisitioned, are still not derequisitioned though they are lying empty and unoccupied by anyone, for a long time. I know of an instance where a large bungalow was requisitioned "forthwith" in spite of the owner's (a lady) request to allow her to occupy it for a short time longer and yet after it was vacated and taken possession of by the Military, not a soul occupied it for about 12-13 months at the end of which period it was derequisitioned and possession was restored to the owner. Apart from the waste of Government money which was paid as rent, can one imagine that valuable space was left vacant and unoccupied for 12 or 13 months at a time when house accommodation was so scarce in Bombay! It was a criminal lapse on the part of somebody responsible for this state of affairs, but has Government taken the slightest interest in it? I am told that this is not a solitary instance and that several such properties have remained vacant after being requisitioned in this manner. It is a perfect dog-in-the manger policy. Moreover it accentuates the housing scarcity because if such premises were not requisitioned, they could have accommodated so many families thus relieving the congestion in the City.

At Lonavla, a similar state of things is prevailing at present. About 2 1/2 years ago some fifteen bungalows were requisitioned for the Army Selection Board and about 10 or 12 by the Navy. The Army Selection Board had its Head-quarters in one bungalow, their administrative offices and messing room in another and the rest were used for the housing of the Board personnel. The Army Selection Board was disbanded about 3 to 4 months ago and all the personnel have left the station long ago. The bungalows however still remain locked up though not a soul is in occupation and they are not released to their owners in spite of their requests, and of course Government's obligation to pay rent continues. If this is not criminal waste of public money, what is!

The Navy has also requisitioned some bungalows in Lonavla in connection with the building of a gunnery school about 5 miles away. That gunnery school has been built at a cost of more than 50 lacs and has a number of buildings, including hospital, club-house, officers, quarters etc. When they have a regular colony of their own, at that distance, it is scandalous, though not surprising, that some 10 or 12 bungalows should have been requisitioned in Lonavla itself.

Should not Government in fairness say that those who have made a sacrifice and suffered hardships by requisitioning of their bungalows for 2 1/2 years should have them released at once and that other bungalows if necessary should be requisitioned? Should only one small section of the community be continuously made to suffer? Should not other landlords also take their share of it?

Action such as the one now contemplated by the Central Government amounts to a breach of faith in that requisitioning was definitely promised to come to an end 6 months after the war. If Government now wants to resile from that understanding and wants to extend it, it amounts to a breach of faith.

Let us not forget that this requisitioning business is an encroachment upon our liberty, about the winning of which we have been shouting ourselves hoarse. Any restraint upon our freedom of action in peace-time is a blot on the escutcheon of Government and smacks of inefficiency and lethargy in administration. Whatever excuse Government may have during the war, in peace they have none. No one—not even Government—can with impunity pursue the policy of robbing Peter to pay Paul, for that is what it amounts to.

"ONE WHO KNOWS".

Bombay's Fruit-sellers

Sir,—Fruitsellers in the market and on public footpaths sell rotten mangoes and other rotten fruit the eating of which causes typhoid fever to persons who eat such rotten fruit.

In this connection I suggest the Municipal authorities that while they should allow fruitsellers to make an honest living for their family by selling only good fruit to the people, they should be, in the interests of public health forbidden to sell rotten fruit. For this purpose the health authorities should insert a clause in fruitsellers' license that if they will sell unclean and rotten fruit, their license will be cancelled and they would have to blame themselves for being deprived of their means of livlihood through cancellation of their licences. If fruitsellers would abandon greed of money and would rest content with moderate profit and would sell good fruit at moderate price as religion requires, all their fruit could be easily sold and no fruit would remain in their hands unsold for so long a time as to become rotten and unfit to be eaten by human beings. If they would sell fruit at moderate price and would make moderate profit for themselves they would be able to sell all the fruit the very same day and no fruit would be left unsold to get rotten. But they want to make excessive profit and so keep the price high which high price people are unable to give and therefore the fruit remains unsold owing to its high price and gets rotten. And when the fruit gets rotten it is sold cheap but the eating of rotten fruit makes people ill. The fruitsellers would rather let their good fruit get rotten than sell it at moderate price. Therefore the license for fruit selling should contain a clause that if they sell rotten fruit, their license will be cancelled. And then only they will sell good fruit at moderate price and would not let it get rotten fruit the eating of which produces typhoid fever in the person eating such rotten fruit.

MEMBER OF HUMAN FAMILY.

Strikes And Commonsense

Sir,—The strike era has set in right earnest and no economist dares to predict when this fever will end. The economist would certainly have predicted in the case of workers but he cannot do so in the case of the industrialists and the Government, because he does not know to what extent their backs are flexible. But bend they surely will.

All the progressive newspapers have realised the necessity for revising the existing scale of pay which has no relevance whatsoever with the present day abnormal conditions. It is a thousand pities that complacent officials both in the industries and in the Government are wasting their precious breath arguing over the legality of the formation of unions and sanction of strikes. When this dangerous and sickening complacency will go, God only knows! The end, however, does not seem far off if one looks back and takes an inventory of the great strides made by Labour Unions throughout the country since the release of the national leaders. The writing on the wall is there in big bold letters, of course, for those who wish to read and digest it.

The Indian Posts and Telegraph Department has recently published a statement in the local papers showing the various rates of pay to the lower-grade staff, presumptuously taking for granted that the public is unacquainted with the actual rates of pay. The figures speak in volumes and no doubt the bosses at New Delhi and elsewhere are still thinking in terms of pre-war days when a man could have had a good meal at annas three, a room for Rs. 7 and tea for six pies. I only wish that the newspapers had printed either the Psalm of Life or the Sermon of the Mount as a refresher instead of publishing such out-dated statements.

With all his faults it was Herr Hitler who once proclaimed to the world saying "if ever there is a discontented man in society, attach a new bathroom to his house and pay him some extra coppers." This theory holds good even to-day and the lot of the workers must be improved. Social work, as envisaged by the Congress, among the half-starved poor workers will be nothing short of a great mockery without better living conditions and unless ruthless exploitation ceases.

M. SITARAM GURKAR.

DISAPPEARING ACT

Ten minutes before the show, and the Great Mysto is down with a headache which is no illusion. "Someone is sawing my head in halves!" he wails.

"Now I'll show you some magic", says his pretty assistant, giving him two Genasprin tablets in a glass of water. "Hey Presto!" Before you can say abracadabra backwards a score of times the headache has vanished, and it's "on with the show"!

'GENASPRIN'
REGD. TRADE MARK

relieves Headaches & Pains QUICKLY

Two tablets of 'Genasprin' taken with a little water give quick relief from most headaches and pains. Sold in 35-tablet bottles by leading chemists and stores. Guard against sudden attacks. Buy a bottle today!

Agents: MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Calcutta, Bombay & Branches

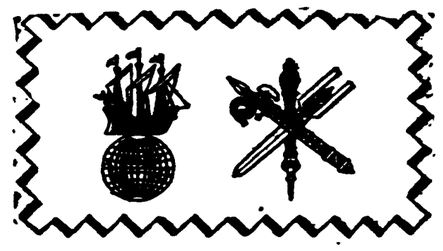
Copyright: Genatosan Ltd. JWT

WHEN YOU CAN GET ONLY A LITTLE

-Choose the Best!

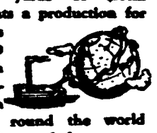
LIKE all the mills in India we are limited to the manufacture of essential types of cloth only, as required by the Government Controls, but our present DRILLS, TWILLS, COATINGS, SHIRTINGS, TOWELS, AND LONGCLOTH are of that same durable quality and good finish that has always characterised Buckingham & Carnatic Mills materials.

During the present world shortage of Textiles, all of us will have to make do with limited cloth supplies for months or even years to come. To get the best value for money during this time of shortage, see to it that whenever possible you buy the long-lasting Buckingham & Carnatic Mills cloth distinguishable by these famous trade marks :—



WAR

In the past six years we have supplied to Government over 492,000,000 yards of cloth. This represents a production for war purposes of 41,000 miles of cloth per year — enough cloth to go once round the world every 7 to 8 months!



The Buckingham & Carnatic Mills in 1900 were the original pioneers of Khaki cloth in India, and always shoulder a heavy task in time of war.

PEACE

Our production today is over 6,000,000 yards monthly, but railway difficulties prevent free distribution to some distant centres.

Shortage of chemicals and dyestuffs prevents the manufacture of many pre-war favourites, and also of a wide range of colours. We hope this is temporary.

In the meantime our huge output of essential cloth gives you durable quality in good utility materials.

Long before price control was introduced by Government, we kept our prices low. Our materials still remain by far the best value for money at controlled prices.

THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC COMPANY LIMITED
MADRAS

Managing Agents: BINNY & CO. (Madras) LTD.

Copyright: B & C Mills

Panicky Feeling Persists On Stock Exchange

Non-Stop Selling Pressure Tells Heavily On Prices

Increased Sales In Cotton Market

BULLION MARKET RULES STEADY

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The Bombay Stock Exchange experienced another rude jerk on panicky selling and forced liquidation. The market fears that all clients will not be able to meet their obligations in full and naturally this state is responsible for nervousness.

It was difficult to find buyers as bears were not prepared to cover ...their floating short sales unless investors step-in. Any way the market is becoming over sold and we think present prices are not far from the bottom. The market is entitled to a natural reaction.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 2960 and after declining at Rs. 2950 advanced to Rs. 3020. At this level there was renewed heavy selling and Dfds. dropped down at Rs. 2880. Later on recovered to Rs. 2942 and steadied at Rs. 2970, Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 536 and after advancing at Rs. 550, declined at Rs. 523 and rallied at Rs. 538.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 2920 and after declining at Rs. 2880, improved at Rs. 2925, but collapsed at Rs. 2760 and sharply rallied. Simplex Shares opened at Rs. 440 and after advancing at Rs. 446 declined at Rs. 420.. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 980 and after declining at Rs. 960 improved at Rs. 1000 but eased off to Rs. 900 and steadied at Rs. 935. Indores were steady at Rs. 830, Finlay Shares were quoted at Rs. 410 and Swadeshi Shares were placed at Rs. 770. Trams stood at Rs. 140. Associated Cements were done at Rs. 244 Constructions were quoted at Rs. 313. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 49/8 and Bengal Steels were quoted at Rs. 49/8. Central Bank Shares were quoted at Rs. 133 while Reserve Bank Shares were placed at Rs. 159.

The market later rallied from low levels but soon became irregular with rapid changes either side. But nervousness prevailed thoughout the session. It was reported that most of the selling was from up-country. The market is at the mercy of bear operators and confidence is impaired. The decline is too rapid but any attempt to harden quotations is likely to meet renewed selling Tata Steel Dfds. closed at Rs. 2956 and Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 538, Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 2825 and Kohinoors closed at Rs 955.

It will be seen that Dfds. lost Rs. 95, Ordinary Rs. 11, Bombay Dyeing Rs. 135 and Kohinoor Rs. 30.

COTTON MILLS

Bombay Dyeing 2825 Century 1300 Nagpur 442 Swadeshi 768 New Great 515 Simplex 434 Kohinoor 955 Colaba 497/8 Gokak 418 Phoenix 1100 Mysore 360 Indian Bleaching 220 Swan 435 Finlay 425 Morarji 875 Indore 837/8

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8/9) X D 2965 Tata Steel Ordinary (23) XD 538

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 216 Andhra Valley 1965 Tata Power 1955 Tram (Old) 140

CEMENT

Asso. Merger 243

INDUSTRIES

Burma 675 Alcock 635 Bellapur 306 Shivrajpur 55 Steamer (Ord) 730 Scindia 49/8 Premier Construction 305

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE)

Apollo 5/5 Elphinstone 109 India United (Ord) 23/14 India United (Defd) 5/2 India Manufacturing 5150 Kooria 407/8 Khatau 487/8 Dawn 1650 David 240 New City 300 Minerva 280 Bradbury 607/8 Bharucha (Dfd) 15 Bharat 70/12 Madhavji 26 Model 306/4 Laxmi 1975 Vishnu 705 Western 5000 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 39 Hindustan 4975 Meyer 345 Edward 755 Tata 128 Ahmedabad Advance 545 Sassoon Silk 145 New Union 30 Podar 355 Madhusudan 580 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 540 Raja Bahadur 170 Berar 500 Victoria 425

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 212/8 (New) 126/4 Surat (Ord) 258/12 (New) Karachi 240 Broach 14 Ajmer 16/8 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 240 Bombay Suburban (New) 160

BANK SHARES

Reserve 158 Imperial 2905 P. P. 722/8 Central 131 India 256 Union 16/12 Baroda 199 Habib 165/8 ABC 58 Dena Bank 67 United Commercial 118 Jaipur 83 Hindustan Commercial 66 National Savings (fully paid) 91 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord) X R. 70 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 7500 Empire 1380 New India 111 Jupiter 50 Vulcan 21 Indian Mercantile 86 Universal Fire 23/8 Vasant 26/4 British India General 33 Industrial Prudential 66 Neptune 14 New Great 43 All-India General 65.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C. P. 107 Pachora 95.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 248/12 Burma Petrol 6/8 Tata Oil XR 121 Port Canning 116 Kemp 550 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord) 395 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 136/8 Wimco 570 Tata Chemical 25/12 Dharamsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/6 Dena Trust 26/3 Alembic 404 1/2 Supreme India 228 (New) 180 Jamuna 160 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 555 United Motor 66 A. C. C. New 129 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 260 Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 183 Tram 57 Andhra Valley 1740 Tata Power 1810 Hydro 171/4 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 802/8 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 145 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12 (2nd Pref) 150 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 147/8 Walchandnagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 58 Bengal Steel 50 Indian Copper 5/9 B.I.C. 16 Burma Corporation 7/4 New Victoria 11/2 New Victoria Preference 12 Raja Preference 57/8 Phalton 155 Gold Mohar 490 New Kaiser Hind 580 Sajjan Mill 500 Osmanshahi 445 Ajamshahi 465 Air Service 39 Birla Motors 12/2 Marshel 14.

CHICAGO GRAINS IRREGULAR

CHICAGO, Sept. 12, (U.P.A.): Irregular prices and quiet trading feature to-day's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange.

Wheat steadied after an early uneasiness with January being the firmest. This rebound was coupled with recoveries in stocks and cotton plus firmer cash markets and improved mill demand with the announcement of a twenty per cent boost in flour ceiling prices.

Lack of decision relative to Government purchases for its export programme was discouraging, but the belief that buying will develop eventually on a liberal scale restrained sellers after a small early flurry of hedging was digested.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

United States price of foreign silver 90-1/8 cents.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 438 for January delivery and declined at Rs 433/8 on renewed selling. At the decline there was scattered short covering and the market steadied at Rs 436/8.

As pointed out before the market feeling remains bearish as export outlook is poor and when new crop begins to arrive there will be increased hedge selling. However our cotton prices being very low there cannot be any material decline without definite ideas about the prospects of the new crop.

Thereafter there was moderate support and January contract steadily improved at Rs. 438/4 while September was quoted at Rs 422/8.

January improved at Rs 439 but again declined at Rs. 433/8 on renewed selling and closed at 3-30 p.m. as under:

I. C. C. September	420 12 0
I. C. C. January	433 12 0
I. C. C. March	441 8 0

COTTON TENDERS.

On Thursday 5,700 Bales were tendered against September contract. Total tenders so far amount 23,500 Bales.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1900 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Sept. 12.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
September	423/8	420	420/8
January	446	438/8	438/12
March	453	446/4	446/8

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The Bullion Market was fairly firm today with active buying. Gold remains manipulated and quotations again hardened over Rs. 100 level while silver was steady.

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 164 and declined at Rs 163/10 on moderate selling At this level there was increased buying and silver improved at Rs. 164/8 and steadied at Rs. 164/4. Ready silver was quoted at a premium of Rs. 1/8 at Rs. 165/12.

Gold opened at Rs. 100/2 and advanced to Rs 100/12 but steadied at Rs. 100/8. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 101/12. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 69/8.

The market was quietly steady and with some realising Forward Gold quietened at Rs. 100/1 and Silver was steady at Rs. 164/8.

The market finally closed at under:

Ready Silver	166 2 0
Settlement	164 2 0
Ready Gold	100 12 0
Current Settlement	100 0 0
Next Settlement	98 6 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The Produce market was quietly steady with a restricted business. Linseed September November was done at Rs. 24/4. Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 24 Castorseeds December February were placed at Rs. 23/4. Groundnuts new crop November December were done at Rs. 19/9. Tilseed were quiet at Rs 33/4.

NEW YORK COTTON IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, Sept. 12, (U.P.A.): In parallel with the fluctuations in the Stock Market, irregular prices featured to-day's session of the New York Cotton Market. The overall activity was quieter than was the case recently, and the pattern of the price, similar to recent sessions, reacted sharply after a higher opening, with the prices becoming firmer at the close.

The cotton market opened two to 33 points up and then dropped quickly to losses of 31 to 58 and then again rallied to close four higher to 15 lower.

The set-back, which became apparent after the opening, was furthered by the insistent selling of New Orleans brokers when that market failed to respond to the initial strength of the New York market. Wall Street Commission houses, room traders and scattered southern offerings brought pressure to bear on the market, until December touched 36.85. Thereafter, the trend became irregularly higher on trade buying against textile orders and technical replacement demand.

The New York Cotton Exchange, meanwhile, estimated that the consumption of all cotton in the U. S. during August amounted to 880.000 bales which was 150.000 above the July figure and 140.000 ahead of the figure for August last year. The daily rate of use during last month climbed to 40.000 bales, the highest since November 1943, when it averaged 40.700.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 12.

October	36.15—08
October highest	36.29+06
October lowest	35.92—31
December	36.13—06
January	35.88—09
March	35.90+04
May	35.55—15
July	35.10—06
October	32.95—12
Middling Spot	36.99—12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 12.

October	36.02—13
December	36.02—14
March	35.82—12
May	35.47—17
July	35.00—03
Middling Spot	36.20—05

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

MILLS

Apollo 5/3 5/6 5/5
Bharat 71 70/12
B. Dyeing 2920 2880 2925 2770 95 60 2820 2680 2875 25
C. India Ord 435 30 40 38 40 20 44 38 42
Edward 795 75
Elphinstone Ord 110 8 9 8 9
Elphinstone Pref 145
Finlay 410 5 22 16 20 2 15 10 30 25
Gokak 400 390 425 392 415 6 18
India U. Defd 5/3 5/4 4/15/6 4/12 5/3 5/2
India U Ord 24/4 23/14 24/6 22/8 23/10 24/1 23/14
Indore 820 50 30 40 30 45 37/8
Kohinoor 980 60 1000 942 48 900 935 25 48 35 58 45 55 42 50 35 70 53 60 55
Meyer 340 42/8 30 45
Model 307/8 6/4
Morarjee 845 40 75
New City 300
New Great 510 18 15 20 498 515
Phoenix 1100
Podar 365 50 55
Sassoon Cotton 38 39
Shrinivas 540
Simplex 440 26 46 25 28 395 430 28 34
Swadehi 750 88 30 60 50 74 60 68
Swan 432 22 35
Tata Mills 130 33 26 29 28

BANKS

Baroda 199
Central 134 31 33 30 31
Habib 165/8
Imperial Old 2908
Imperial New 720 22/8
India 256
Reserve 159 58
Union 16/12

ELEC. COS.

Andhra Valley 1965
Tramway Ord. 140/8 41 39/8 40/8 40 Tramway Pref 58/8 57
Hydro Ord 217 16 17 16
Power Ord 1950 47/8 55 50 53

INSURANCE

New India 111 10 11
Oriental 7500
Bombay Steam 722/8 30
Scindia 49/8 49 50/2 47/12 49/14 48/14 49/12 49/8
Bengal Steel 51 50/8 51 49 50
I. Iron 58/8 56/12 58 57/10 58
Tata Defd 2960 70 50 3000 2985 3020 2995 3006 2880 2970 25 70 50 65
Tata Ord 536 45 42 50 43 45 22 40 34 31 41 38
1st Pref 260
2nd Pref 183

MISCELLANEOUS CO.

Alcock 540 39
A. Cement 245 43 46 41 45 46
Belapur 307 2 10 294 306
Burma Old 660 90 55 65 47/8 85 76
Burma New 255 45 48/12
B. B. Petrol 6/8 6/5 6/8
I. Bleaching 220
I. I. Trust 136/8
Prem Const. Ord 305 10 6 15 220 305 295 305
Shivrajpur 54 53/8 55
Tata Chemical 25 26 25 24/8 24/12
Tata Oil 124 21 22 21
Western India Match 570
Hindustan Mill 49 75
A. C. New 130 29
Jaipur Bank 83

BREAK IN WORTH STREET DEADLOCK LIKELY

NEW YORK, Sept. 12, (U.P.A.): During to-day's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market, indications pointed to a break in the long standing deadlock during the forepart of next week.

Mill executives expressed the belief that a considerable volume of goods will flow through consuming channels as soon as the price ceilings are announced officially and the necessary calculations have been made.

The Office of Price Administration, in the meanwhile, announced the suspension of price control on all floor coverings made principally for fiber, grass, jute and hemp or sisal.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Sept. 12.

	£.
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	74 nominal
Consols 2-1/2 p c	97-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	111-9/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	107-7/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	119-1/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	119-3/16
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-9/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Regd	85
National Bank of India	37-3/4

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.

September Last Price 1.94-1/2 to 1.94-1/2, Today's Price 1.95-1/4 to 1.95-1/4.

March Last Price 1.87-3/4 to 1.87-3/4, Today's Price 1.86-1/4 to 1.86-1/4.

May Last Price 1.83-1/2 to 1.83, Today's Price 1.82-3/8 to 1.82-3/8.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 6th September.

Demand Liabilities in India	752,67,84,000
Time Liabilities in India	319,49,27,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	43,81,67,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,45,57,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	66,50,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	79,99,03,000
Advances in India	395,97,59,000
Bills discounted in India	20,84,01,000

DISCRIMINATION MUST GO

East African Indian Congress President Warns Labour Govt.

NAIROBI, Sept. 12. (Reuter): The Eighteenth Session of the East Africa Indian National Congress held on September 6, 7 and 8, concluded at Mombasa—East Africa's largest port. Thousands of Indians as well as prominent African leaders attended, as also the Indian delegation led by Raja Sir Maharaj Singh.

The President, Mr. Shivabhai Amin —veteran Indian leader—in his address welcomed Sir Maharaj Singh's delegation. He expressed admiration for Kenya Africans who had gathered courageous public workers to achieve freedom and progress. President Amin demanded the release of an African leader, Samuel Mumui who is detained by the Kenya Government since 1938 for leading a passive resistance movement by the Wakamba Tribe against what was described as Government's illegal seizure of 55.000 cattle.

The President greeted India on the unique occasion of the formation of an all-Indian Government under the inspiring leadership of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and sincerely wished for its success in promoting peace, harmony and happiness in India and furthering its contribution to mankind's achievement.

He reemphasised his opposition to reservation of Kenya Highlands only for white people and condemned the dog-in-the-manger policy of white settlers which kept large parts of land resources unused and put the entire Indian community at their mercy in the matter of food supply.

He objected to racial discrimination in civil and military services and protested against Government's step-motherly treatment of Indian educational and medical needs. He urged equal opportunity to Indians in military training.

Regarding the inferior status imposed on Indians, the President urged that unless a position of equality and honour is now asserted and secured, India should approach Britain for a condominium in Kenya and warned Britain against squandering away the existing goodwill for the Labour Government in appeasing the insatiable greed of the European settlers. He stated that if the Labour Government failed to remove racial privilege and domination, it will spell the final failure of Britain.

FORWARD BLOC AT PARIS CONFERENCE

LONDON, Sept. 12, (UPA). Recognition of Nationalist India by the Twenty-one Nations at the Paris conference through the mediation of Soviet Foreign Commissar Molotov will be sought by India's extreme nationalist Forward Bloc.

Disciples of Subhas Chandra Bose—who, they assert, is definitely still alive and will reappear in India shortly the Forward Bloc will be represented by a one man delegation, 21-year-old Krishna Kuma Chatterjee, who departs from London for Paris on Sunday bearing the Indian nationalist tri-colour flag and the Forward Bloc's demands which he will submit to Molotov.

Chatterjee caused a mild sensation today in London when he carried the nationalist tri-colour to the Indian High Commissioner's office at India House and submitted that Indian nationalists demand that the edifice should be rechristened "Jai Hind House."

Chatterjee furthermore submitted a nationalist proposal to alter the name of London's historic thoroughfare, "The Aldwych", on which India House is situated, be to "Gandhi Road" and that pictures of Gandhi, Nehru and Bose should adorn Jai Hind House.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th month
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 3/4
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2 not under L/C.
Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 333.
Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/4.
Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Frs. 3550.
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs. 3650.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATE.

New York/London dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.
London/Hongkong 1/2 13/16_1/3 3/32.
London/Singapore 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Frs. 479.70-480.30
London/Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4
London/Switzerland Frs. 17.34-36
London/Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50.
London/Denmark Kr. 19.32-36.
London/New York dol. 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2.
London/Montreal dol. 4.02-4.04.
London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70.
London/Java Fl. 7.58-62.
London/Bangkok Tcl 40.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold London £8.12-3.
Gold New York dol. 35.
Silver London 55 1/2
Silver New York 90 1/8
London Discts. 3 months 17/32 p.c.
London Discts. 6 months 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 2 p c Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c. 3 months 1/2 p.c. 6 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.

JUST PUBLISHED NEW EDITION

MILK & MILK PRODUCTS

(2nd Edition, Revised & Enlarged)

By

RAJASEVASAKTA A. K. YAGNANARAYANA AIYAR, M.A., Director of Agriculture in Mysore (Retd.)

Crown 8 Vo. 102 pages + 8. Price Rs. 1-8-0. Postage Rs. 0-12-0.

OTHER BOOKS

"FEEDS & FODDERS" by the same author, 1-0-0
"IRRIGATION & DRAINAGE" by K. M. Gururaja Rao 2-0-0

PACKING & POSTAGE EXTRA.

THE COMILLA BANKING CORPORATION LTD.

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED

NEW STANDARD BANK, LTD.

Head Office: COMILLA (BENGAL)

CAPITAL

AUTHORISED Rs. 3,00,00,000
ISSUED and SUBSCRIBED Rs. 1,20,00,000
PAID-UP OVER Rs. 77,00,000
Including Capital of N. S. Bank Ltd.
RESERVES Rs. 30,00,000
Including Reserves of N. S. Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA

FOREIGN AGENTS

Westminster Bank Ltd., LONDON
Bankers' Trust Co. of New York, AMERICA.
National Bank of Australasia Ltd., AUSTRALIA.

BOMBAY BRANCHES

Amar Building, Sir P. Mehta, Road. Fort. Phone: 20748
Narsinatha Street, Bhat Bazar, Mandvi. Phone: 34667

Mg. Director: Mr. N. C. DUTTA Ex-M.L.C. (Bengal)
Mr. B. K. DUTTA, Deputy Managing Director
Bombay Agent: Mr. N. BHATTACHAREE.

FOR

Guaranteed Results

USE

"ROCKET BRAND" D.D.T.

(the greatest liquid insecticide)

Available with every Chemist and Stores.

Distributors: SEVENTILAL KANTILAL & CO., Princess Street, Mangaldas Road, Bombay 2. (1)

Apply: for Terms as Stockists Tel. No. 22266.

For your requirements write to:—

ASIATIC TRADING CO.,

3, MANGOE LANE, CALCUTTA

********** PHONE CAL. 2857 **********

FABRICATORS OF:

Tarpaulins, Ground Sheets, Tents, Handbags, Despatchbags, (made of cotton & Jute Canvas W. P.) Kitbags, Raincoa's, Capes and Hoods, Schoolbags, Summer & Winter garments of all descriptions.

DEALERS IN HAND LOOM CLOTH

Such as bed covers, bed sheets, curtains, cushion covers, etc.

Manufacturers of:

Hinges, Screws, Hasps & staples, Tower bolts, brass-pin calling bell, Spring Hinges, Swing door handle, Electric lamp holders, Brass locks Drawer & Almirah Lock, etc.

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN INDIA & ABROAD.

CURRENT & SAVINGS ACCOUNTS OPENED, FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND THREE-YEAR CASH CERTIFICATES ISSUED.

Full particulars from HEAD OFFICE: 18, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Rd., Fort, BOMBAY.

or

ANY INDIAN OR FOREIGN BRANCH.

MEMORY OF Quality STAYS LONG AFTER PRICE IS FORGOTTEN

BLOOD-VITA for Rundown and Wasting diseases. Competent Medical authorities are of opinion that nearly 70 per cent of our Indian population are really in subnormal health though many of them are actually doing their routine work, and thus become easy victims to all sorts of infections and metabolic disorder. The high incidence of tuberculosis, malaria, jaundice, nutrition and gastrointestinal disturbances, anaemia, and lowered vitality are very common with our Indian Population

BLOOD-VITA offers a balanced composition of Vitamin, mineral elements and extract of valuable indigenous herbs of proved therapeutic value.

BLOOD-VITA is synonymous with vitality, energy and good health which means resistance to diseases and infections for all irrespective of age, sex and season. Descriptive catalogue and doctor's literatures are sent on request.

BLOOD-VITA
MEDICAL RESEARCH LABORATORY
P.23, CUSTOM HOUSE, CALCUTTA.

CATARACT

Try Dagon's "EYE-CURE" (Regd.) a guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all over eye-troubles. No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe, sure, world-wide reputed and tested. Success guaranteed. Particulars free. Price Rs 3/- Postage As. 12

KAMALA WORKS (B/4)
Panchpota, Bengal

MOTOR CAR PUMPS ALSO USED FOR CYCLES

HIGH CLASS QUALITY ACCURATE WORKMANSHIP

PERFORMANCE AND FINISH EQUAL TO ANY FOREIGN PUMP

MANUFACTURED BY—

THE CENTRAL MECHANICAL Engg Co
OFF LAWRENCE ROAD WARDEN

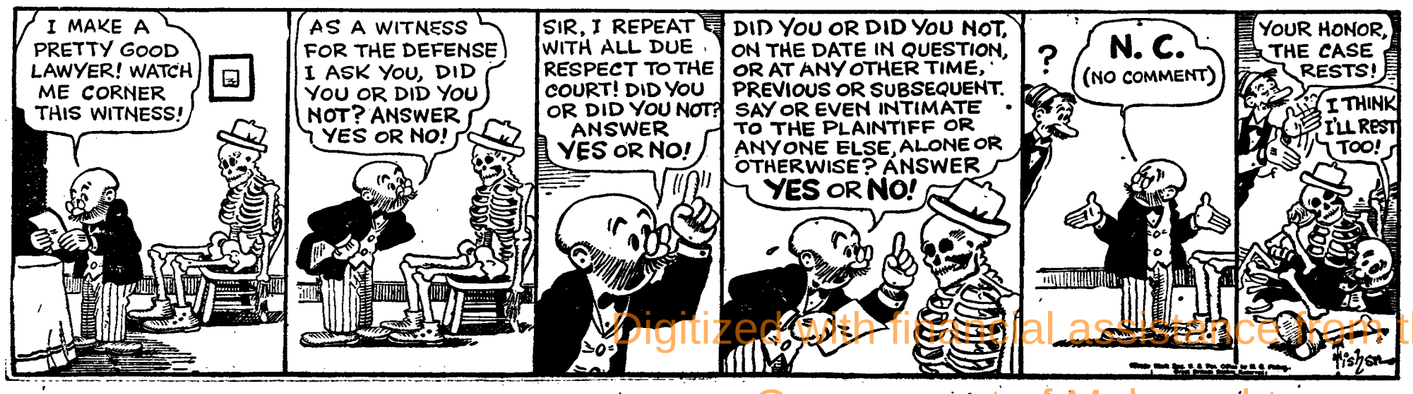
Always Smoke

MAJESTIC GRAND CIGARS

BOMBAY CIGAR CO.
HIGH CLASS CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.
P. O. BOX No. 7004, BOMBAY 4.

HURRY UP, ORDER TODAY

MUTT AND JEFF—In Sailor Language This Could Be Called 'Rolling The Bones' By BUD FISHER


I MAKE A PRETTY GOOD LAWYER! WATCH ME CORNER THIS WITNESS!
AS A WITNESS FOR THE DEFENSE I ASK YOU, DID YOU OR DID YOU NOT? ANSWER YES OR NO!
SIR, I REPEAT WITH ALL DUE RESPECT TO THE COURT! DID YOU OR DID YOU NOT? ANSWER YES OR NO!
DID YOU OR DID YOU NOT, ON THE DATE IN QUESTION, OR AT ANY OTHER TIME, PREVIOUS OR SUBSEQUENT, SAY OR EVEN INTIMATE TO THE PLAINTIFF OR ANYONE ELSE, ALONE OR OTHERWISE? ANSWER YES OR NO!
?
N. C. (NO COMMENT)
YOUR HONOR, THE CASE RESTS!
I THINK I'LL REST TOO!
BISHER

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Catholic Lady Spinster aged 40 of respectable family would like to contact respectable Catholic gentleman bachelor or widower without encumbrances with a view to marriage. Apply in confidence to Box No. 3324, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for Deshasth Deccani Brahman Youth (26 Pratham Var) extremely fair, beautiful, healthy girl of Brahman family. Hunda sub-caste immaterial. Apply Box No. 3298, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a highly educated Hindu bridegroom for a Graduate Lady of 27 years only. Write Dr. Bhavalkar, Marriage Bureau, Girgaum, Bombay 4. (3308)

Wanted for a healthy, educated and handsome bachelor of 20 years from a millionaire and magnificent family, a pretty, charming, educated, healthy and tall virgin girl under 18 years belonging from a dignified Hindu Aggarwal family. Please communicate to Box No. 3314, "Bombay Chronicle" with full particulars including "Gotar" and latest photo.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately. Two Junior Clerks with good English and neat hand. Knowledge of Gujarati or Marathi essential. Life Assurance experience preferred. Apply personally with hand written applications giving full details tomorrow at 3 p.m. to Mohan Sons & Co., Manekji Wadia Building, opp. University Gardens. (3296)

Wanted Energetic Chemist for Paints and Distemper Factory Apply with Testimonials:—P. O. Box 1678, Nairobi (Kenya Colony) British East Africa. (9633)

Wanted a Sanitary Engineer:— Marker and Company, Bashir Bagh Road, Hyderabad-Deccan. 3258

Wanted a Gujarati-knowing Clerk, Matriculation passed, knowing accounts, general office work and/or typewriting by touch. Pay 60-3-90-5/2-100 with Provident Fund. Dearness allowance Rs. 22. Apply early in own handwriting stating age and experience. Principal, Sheth A. P. H. S. Santa Cruz. 9652

Wanted Sub-Agency Manager, Salary Rs. 400/- or according to business capacity. Those who can guarantee organisation and business need apply Central Mercantile Assurance Co. Ltd., 10, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay. (3221)

Fitters and Turners, well experienced for workshop in Fort: Typist knowing some accounts Dinshaw, 105, Apollo Street. (3282)

Wanted a General Manager for the Bank of Kolhapur Ltd., Kolhapur, on a monthly salary of Rs. 1,500-2,000/- according to qualifications. Apply stating age, caste, domicile, academic qualifications and experience before 1st October, 1946. M. R. Bagwe, Chairman, Board of Directors, The Bank of Kolhapur Ltd. (9604)

Wanted 500 Men For Large Scale All Metal Bus Body Building Project. Setter-Out, and Markers-Out, Body Makers, Panel Beaters, Sheet Metal Workers, Fitters, Erectors, Rivetters, Glaziers, Aluminium Gas Welders, Upholsterers and Trimmers, Painters (Brush), Wood Mill Machinists, Men experienced in the handling of Spindlers, Band and Circular Saws, Planners and Thicknessers, etc., Coachbuilding Designer and Draughtsman. Good prospects to the right men. Write or call with all particulars of previous experience, qualifications, etc.: The Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works, Limited, Industrial Area, Hyderabad—Deccan. (3232)

Applications, to reach the University Office, on or before the 15th of October, 1946, are invited for appointments as Examiners for the different examinations to be held by the University in 1947. Application forms can be obtained from the Hon. Registrar, S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University, 1, Carnegy Road, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay No. 1, on payment of annas five each. 9695

Wanted a Competent Stenographer, one with Solicitors Office experience preferred. Apply Box No. 3319, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced, well connected and young Sales Inspector for Bombay Presidency to push Sales of Beltings and Hose Pipes. Salary Rs. 200/- p.m. plus 2nd Class Rly. fare, & etc. while on tour. Applicants from Bombay to get preference. Apply Bengal Belting Works Ltd., 2, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta. 9693

Wanted a First Class Boiler attendant for a Rubber Factory at Dadar. Apply sharp with testimonials and previous experience to Post Box No. 107, Bombay 1. 3322

Wanted a Shorthand Typist, a General Clerk, and a Salesman, possessing good influence with mills. Apply P. O. Box No. 2185, Bombay, 2. (3292).

Wanted a Young Anglo Indian Typist Girl for private concern pay Rs. 150/- p.m. (2) A Anglo Indian Girl Wholetime Tutor for coaching F. A. girl, pay according to qualification. Apply No. 3326 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately Two Junior Clerks with good English and neat hand. Knowledge of Gujarati or Marathi essential. Life Assurance experience preferred. Apply personally with hand written applications giving full details to-day at 3 p.m. to Mohan Sons & Co., Manekji Wadia Buildings, opp. University Gardens. (3296)

SITUATION WANTED

Matric: (Ex-Airman, knowing, typewriting) seeks immediate employment anywhere, anyline. Apply Box No. 3293. "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Newly built modern structure with staff Qrs., Godowns and Tanks etc. of an Oil Mill at Montgomery (Pb) area 32 Kanals being leased out for a long period. Interested parties please correspond. No. 9653 "Bombay Chronicle" so that inspection is arranged on a certain date mutually agreeable. 9653

Available Paying Guest accommodation at Shivaji Park Rs. 90 to 150 monthly. Box 3321, "Bombay Chronicle."

Book Your Accommodation in advance. No correspondence. Call on Bulsroyce Syndicate, Bulsroyce Colony, Military Road, Santacruz. (3320)

Wanted Permanent Residential accommodation 3/4 roomed flat. Decent locality preferably Dadar-Matunga. Decent rent offered. Apply Box No. 3284, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. For prospectus apply Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3290)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2, this issue. (9165)

Antiseptic & Fragrant "Santone Tooth Powder." Santone the herbal tooth tonic cleanses and preserves the teeth. Combats Film and Tartar Magically. Makes the Gums Firm and Healthy. Destroys Germs and prevents Tooth Decay. Cures Pyorrhoea and other tooth troubles. Free from Chalk, Coal, Soap or anything injurious. Made from costly Cardamom and Rich ingredients based on Yunani Research. No Harsh. Grit dangerous to Enamel. Available at all Chemists and Stores. The Fazal Pharmaceutical Works, Ahmedabad. 7429

Chronic Piles/Bawasir Patients. Try Himalayan Yogi's thrilling cure. Ask free. P. Laul Bros., Jullundur City. (3089)

PERSONAL ADLETS.

Little Man, Do you want The Big things of life? Littlewood's Football Pools offer you a fortune each week for only two annas. Write for coupons to R.M.D.C., Parel House, Parel, Bombay. (9445)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Representatives. "Nethrol" wonderful Eye-Drops. Write:—Hindustan Medical Hall, Mattancheri, Cochin. 3316

ASTROLOGICAL

Life Reading Rs. 10. For accurate predictions on any worrying life problems, consult Famous Astrologer, V.P. Kanhere, 129, Shukurwar, Behind Ray Market, Poona City. (3270)

BUSINESS OFFER

Opportunity for Agents and General Stores, Imported Shaving Sticks, Special De Lux quality, Delicately perfumed, ready delivery at wholesale rates. Apply P.O.B. 234, New Delhi. (3311)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted 50 Silk Power Looms complete with preparatory machineries foreign make new or secondhand in good working condition. Apply Box No. 9654, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale. 8 Cylinder Master Buick with Fisher body. 1936 Model bought 1940. Low mileage. Entirely owner driven and in showroom condition. Insured comprehensively till July 1947. Can be inspected on 17th and 18th Sept. Apply Thomas, Ritz Hotel, Bombay. (9692)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

For Sale at Satara, Big Bungalow with Electric Lights, Water, Garage, Outhouses. Apply Satarawalla, Tata Work, Khapoli. (3323)

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Thamburam, Sitara, and Dilruba, Miraj Manufacture, from Rs. 45/- to 200, Trade enquiries invited, Write to Ideal Stores, Station Road, Miraj. (3312)

TO BE LET

Available small Room for Office near Princess Street. Write Post Box No. 4035, Tardeo, Bombay. 3305

LIVE STOCK

Let Bellemont Kennels experts treat your sick dogs or write seervai, Cosy Building, 72B Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay 26 or Dial 40984. (3276)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES.

Subscribe to popular British magazines:—"Lilliput" Rs. 9; "World Review" Rs. 13/4; "Picture Post" Rs. 14/8; "Leader" Rs. 11/8. Special terms to booksellers and libraries. Apply: Streamline Agency, opposite "New Book", 195, Fort, Bombay. 3319

MISCELLANEOUS

Proceeding U. K. 17th Sept. Parties interested in Electrical goods Textile and General Merchandise should contact 590, Chira Bazar Bombay 2. (3306)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTIFICATION.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING SITES KALASIPALYA LAYOUT, BANGALORE CITY.

VALUABLE BUILDING SITES in the above layout to the west of Sri Jayachamarajendra Road, in close proximity to the Lalbagh, Market, Town Hall, Public Offices, Courts, Schools, Colleges, Banks and Cubbon Park, will be sold by Public auction at the spot at 9-30 a.m. on 19-9-1946 and subsequent days.

Copy of the conditions of sale and plan of sites are available in the Municipal Engineer's office, for sale at 0-4-0 and Re. 1-0-0 respectively.

(Sd) SAFI DARA SHAH,
Municipal Commissioner.

(9613)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
ASSISTANT MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Mechanical Superintendent. The pay of the post is Rs. 700/- per month in the grade of Rs. 700-40-900 plus free unfurnished quarters, plus 17.1/2% war allowance or as may be sanctioned from time to time.

Candidates must be of Indian Domicile. They should hold the degree of B.Sc. (Engineering) or be an Associate Member of the Institution of Mechanical and/or Electrical Engineers. A certificate of competency issued under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 ("Board of Trade Certificate") or a certificate of competency under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act 1923 ("Colonial Certificate of Competency") will be considered as an additional qualification.

Candidates should have varied practical experience of mechanical and electrical engineering works of importance. They should also have held charge of the operation of important engineering plant. Special attention will be given to a candidate with Marine Engineering qualifications and experience.

The selected candidate will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness from the Chief Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust, and will be on 6 months' probation, after which if satisfactory, he will be eligible for confirmation in the appointment. The post is subject to the usual leave and Provident Fund rules for permanent employees of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

Application giving age, nationality and full particulars of qualifications together with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, must reach this office not later than 12th October 1946 and should be addressed to the undersigned with the endorsement "APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT."

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees will disqualify the candidate concerned.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer.

Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
9595

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDER

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Kardi Oil to the Railway's Grainshops situated at Poona, Shivajinagar, Lonavla, Dehu Road, Dhond and Ahmadnagar from 1-10-1946. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of tenders is the 20th September, 1946, (3 P.M.). (9616)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.
PAYMENT OF AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND ON ORDINARY SHARES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from the 26th September to 16th October, 1946, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Ad-interim dividend warrants at the rate of Rs. 2/- per share for the half year ended 30th June, 1946, to Ordinary shareholders whose names stand on its Register on the 25th September, 1946. The dividend warrants will be posted to shareholders on the 19th October marked payable on the 21st October, 1946.

Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company by shareholders themselves, or their constituted attorneys immediately.

By Order of the Board,
H. C. ITALIA,
Secretary.

Bombay, 14th September, 1946.
9689

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913

and

IN THE MATTER OF THE JAMBUSAR ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO., LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation).

TENDERS ARE INVITED on or before 15th October, 1946, for the sale of Electrical Stores, Plant, Machinery etc., and particulars thereof can be had at the Company's Registered Office at Mehta House, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

P. C. HANSOTIA,
Liquidator.

Dated 10th Sept. 1946. (3283)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CALCUTTA DISTURBANCES
Commission Of Enquiry

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in order that the necessary evidence may be placed as quickly and as conveniently as possible before the above Commission of Enquiry which is about to be set up, those individuals who have personal knowledge of events which they believe to have led up to the disturbances or which occurred during their course between Friday, the 16th August 1946 and Tuesday, the 20th August 1946, are invited to prepare and send to the address given below a written statement of any such evidence which they desire to give.

It should be emphasized that only the evidence of those whose statements refer to occurrences which took place within their personal knowledge is asked for, and that neither the submission nor non-submission of a statement will have any bearing whatever on questions of compensation, a matter with which the Commission of Enquiry are not concerned.

Statements in response to this invitation should be sent to the undersigned at the address given to reach him not later than noon on Thursday, the 26th September 1946.

In order to facilitate the work of the Commission, statements must be legible and the following details should be recorded in block capitals at the beginning of each statement:—

1. Name of person submitting the statement.
2. Father's name.
3. Nationality and Province of Origin.
4. Address, both present and permanent, giving both Ward Number and Police Station if in Calcutta.
5. Community (and caste or sect, if any, as the case may be) to which the person making the statement belongs.
6. Date, time, and exact location (Street, Ward Number and Police Station) of the incident or incidents to which the statement relates.

J. SADDLER,
Secretary,
Calcutta Disturbances Commission of Enquiry, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta.

(9699)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

CONVERSION

of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

NON-TERMINABLE LOANS

FROM THE 15TH AUGUST 1946 TO THE 16TH SEPTEMBER 1946.

(both days inclusive)

Holders of

(1) $3\frac{1}{2}$ Per cent. Loan of 1842-43,
(2) $3\frac{1}{2}$ Per Cent. Loan of 1854-55,
(3) $3\frac{1}{2}$ Per Cent. Loan of 1865,
(4) $3\frac{1}{2}$ Per Cent. Loan of 1879 and
(5) $3\frac{1}{2}$ Per Cent. Loan of 1900-1

(Notified for discharge vide Government Notification No. D/4766-B/46 dated the 24th May, 1946).

will have the option of converting their holdings at par into

(1) 3 Per Cent. Conversion Loan of 1946—
Issue price Rs. 100 per Rs. 100 (Nominal)
or

(2) $2\frac{1}{2}$ Per Cent. Loan 1976—
Issue price Rs. 99 per Rs. 100 (Nominal).

The 3% Conversion Loan of 1946 is not redeemable before the 16th September 1986 and the investor is guaranteed the rate of interest at 3% for forty years.

Applications will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places in India and at all Government Treasuries.

For full particulars apply to any of these offices, branches or treasuries.

Issued by Finance Department, Government of India, New Delhi.

8915 AC-78

ORIENTAL COTTON CULTIVATION & MILLS LTD.

Regd. Office: 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.

Cotton Garden
TRIPURA COTTON ESTATE
TIPPERAH

Mill Site
AGARPARA
24 Parganas

DIVIDEND PAID—

1943	(ordinary shares)	10%
1944	do	15% (subject to taxes)
1945	do	15% (subject to taxes)
1945	preference shares	6¼% (tax free)

SHARES still available as per
WANTED AGENTS for sale of shares

Particulars on request to:
Managing Director.
Mr. D. GANGULI, M.A.

(9583)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for four posts of Temporary Clerks for the duration of two months in the Registrar's Office on a pay of Rs. 76/- per month (including Dearness Allowance). Graduates and/or Typists will be given preference. The last date for receipt of applications is Wednesday, the 18th September, 1946. The applications should be addressed to Box No. 9684 "Bombay Chronicle".

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 1-10-1946 for supplying timber such as scantlings, battens, planks etc. to the Resident Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Byculla. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract, can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. This sum will not be refunded. (9682)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY.
BOMBAY-ALLAHABAD EXPRESS TRAINS

With effect from 1st October, 1946, 27 Down and 28 Up Bombay-Allahabad Express trains will be re-introduced and will run to the following timings:—

27 DOWN H. M.			28 UP H. M.
22.15	d. Bombay	a.	7.30
22.23	a. Byculla	d.	7.15
22.30	d. „	a.	7.09
22.37	a. Dadar	d.	6.58
22.44	d. „	a.	6.52
22.52	a. Kurla	d.	6.44
22.55	d. „	a.	6.42
23.10	a. Thana	d.	6.26
23.13	d. „	a.	6.24
23.31	a. Kalyan	d.	6.08
23.41	d. „	a.	6.00
00.10	a. Asangaon	d.	5.19
00.13	d. „	a.	5.17
00.57	a. Kasara	d.	4.44
1.01	d. „	a.	4.41
1.36	a. Igatpuri	d.	4.10
1.51	d. „	a.	3.50
2.36	a. Deolali	d.	2.43
2.46	d. „	a.	2.35
2.54	a. Nasik Road	d.	2.27
3.04	d. „	a.	2.14
3.54	a. Lasalgaon	d.	1.29
3.57	d. „	a.	1.26
4.25	a. Manmad	d.	0.52
4.37	d. „	a.	0.42
5.00	a. Nandgaon	d.	0.02
5.03	d. „	a.	23.59
5.42	a. Chalisgaon	d.	23.4
5.52	d. „	a.	22.54
6.35	a. Pachora	d.	22.08
6.45	d. „	a.	22.02
7.29	a. Jalgaon	d.	21.16
7.37	d. „	a.	21.11
8.15	a. Bhusaval	d.	20.45
8.45	d. „	a.	20.13
9.05	a. Savda	d.	19.50
9.08	d. „	a.	19.47
9.30	a. Raver	d.	19.29
9.33	d. „	a.	19.25
9.55	a. Burhanpur	d.	19.04
10.05	d. „	a.	18.56
11.20	a. Khandwa	d.	17.46
11.55	d. „	a.	17.31
12.29	a. Bir	d.	16.55
12.32	d. „	a.	16.52
12.44	a. Singaji	d.	16.37
12.47	d. „	a.	16.34
13.00	a. Harsud	d.	16.22
13.03	d. „	a.	16.19
13.22	a. Khirkiya	d.	16.02
13.25	d. „	a.	15.59
13.57	a. Harda	d.	15.28
14.07	d. „	a.	15.18
14.24	a. Timarni	d.	15.03
14.27	d. „	a.	15.00
14.54	a. Banapura	d.	14.33
14.57	d. „	a.	14.28
15.30	a. Itarsi	d.	13.55
16.00	d. „	a.	13.20
16.42	a. Sohagpur	d.	12.32
16.57	d. „	a.	12.22
17.13	a. Pipariya	d.	12.06
17.20	d. „	a.	11.50
18.01	a. Gadarvada	d.	11.09
18.11	d. „	a.	10.59
18.36	a. Kareli	d.	10.33
18.39	d. „	a.	10.29
18.54	a. Narsinghpur	d.	10.12
19.04	d. „	a.	10.00
20.33	a. Jubbulpore	d.	8.50
21.08	d. „	a.	8.20
21.47	a. Sihora Road	d.	7.41
21.54	d. „	a.	7.36
22.48	a. Katni	d.	6.27
23.08	d. „	a.	6.07
23.26	a. Jukehi	d.	5.51
23.36	d. „	a.	5.43
0.20	a. Maihar	d.	5.01
0.27	d. „	a.	4.54
1.1	a. Satna	d.	4.20
1.21	d. „	a.	4.5
2.43	a. Manikpur	d.	2.48
3.03	d. „	a.	2.25
4.39	a. Naini	d.	0.50
4.44	d. „	a.	0.45
4.55	a. Allahabad	d.	0.30

a—arrival d—departure

The above trains are in addition to the trains running at present between Bombay and Khandwa as 27 Dn. and 28 Up Fast Passenger Trains which will be renumbered thereafter as 45 Dn. and 46 Up respectively.

With effect from same date viz., 1st October 1946, only 3rd class passengers for Jubbulpore and stations beyond will be booked *by 7 Dn.* Bombay-Calcutta Mail (Via Allahabad).

(9669)

INDIAN CENTRAL TOBACCO COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslims and Scheduled caste candidates for PERMANENT posts of Typists in the office of the Indian Central Tobacco Committee, Bombay. Pay Rs. 50-3-95 PLUS usual dearness and house-rent allowances. Higher initial pay may be given to persons possessing good speed and experience. Posts are non-Government and non-pensionable but carry benefits of contributory Provident Fund. Minimum qualification is Matriculation with about 40 words speed in typing. Preference to persons with war service. Apply to the Secretary, at Kaiser-I-Hind Building, (first floor), Ballard Estate, Bombay, immediately. 9696

ALL INDIA RADIO

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from graduates knowing Gujerati. Candidates should be fully conversant with Gujarati literature, music and/or drama. Experience of translation work in newspapers will be an additional qualification.

Applications giving full particulars should reach the Station Director, All India Radio, Bombay, not later than the 30th September, 1946. 9697

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL
PUBLIC NOTICE.

IMPORTERS ARE INFORMED that a small quantity of teakwood can be licenced for import from Burma during the July/December 1946 period. Applications for import licences are, therefore, invited from pre-war importers of teakwood from that country who are not members of (1) The Bombay Timber Importers Association, (2) The Bengal Timber Association, (3) The Madras Timber Association and (4) The Karachi Timber Association and/or those who did not obtain their supplies through these associations or members thereof, in the past. Applications should be made in the prescribed form and should reach the office of the Chief Controller of Imports, Church Road, New Delhi, on or before the 10th October 1946. The applications should be supported by documentary evidence of pre-war imports such as bill of entry or original invoices.

M. H. MAHMOOD,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
Arya Bhavan, Graham Road, Bombay, the 13th Sept. '46.
(9701)

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalisation may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: Mrs. IRENA POHRILLE.
Present Nationality: Austrian.
Full Address: 94, Nepeansea Road, Bombay. 9700

NOTICE

FILM COMPANIES willing to undertake production of documentary cinema films of about 1,000 ft in length on subjects like Public Health, Rural Development, Communal unity, etc. may apply immediately, quoting rates, to Secretary, Information, Council House, Lucknow. 9681

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF JAGGERY

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of jaggery at the Railway's godowns in the Bombay Province. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of tenders is 27th September, 1946, 3 p.m. 9689

MAPLE TOBACCO COMPANY (INDIA) LIMITED
NOTICE.

THE SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the MAPLE TOBACCO COMPANY (INDIA) LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 60 Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 3rd October, 1946, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st March, 1946.
2. To consider the recommendation of the Directors to declare a Dividend at 4 1/2 per cent (Tax Free) on the Preference Shares and at 6 per cent (Tax Free) on the Ordinary Shares.
3. To elect Directors in place of Rao Bahadur Amratlal Kalidas, Seth Nursingdas Agarwala and Mr. J. K. Saraf who retire but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact such other business as may be brought forward.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company shall remain CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 26th September, 1946, to THURSDAY, the 10th October, 1946, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
FOR SARAF & SONS,
J. K. SARAF,
Partner,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, dated 24th August, 1946
9677

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
(Municipal Chief Auditor's Department.)

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from the University Graduates, G.D.As., or R.As., for the posts of Clerks in the Audit Department in the grade of Rs. 75-5-100-10-150, plus Dearness Allowance that may be sanctioned from time to time. Applications should be made in the prescribed form to be obtained from the Office of the Municipal Chief Auditor and should reach him on or before the 23rd September, 1946. Graduates other than B.Coms., will have to give an undertaking that they will acquire certain prescribed Accountancy qualifications, (details of which will be supplied on application) after their appointment in this Department.

R. C. MEHTA,
F.S.A.A., R.A.,
Municipal Chief Auditor.
Bombay, 12th September, 1946. (9679)

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.